(Com. to CE, ME, Chem E, Auto E, Min E, Pet E, Agri E)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 75

Answer any five Questions one Question from Each Unit All Questions Carry Equal Marks

1. a) Find the rank of $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 & 3 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 & -1 & -4 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 3 & 1 \\ 4 & -7 & 4 & -4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ using Normal form. (8M)

b) Prove that the two Eigen values vectors corresponding to the two different Eigen (7M) values are linearly independent.

Or

- 2. a) Test for consistency and solve 5x + 3y + 7z = 4.3x + 26y + 2z = 9.7x + 2y + (8M) 10z = 5.
 - b) Prove that The Eigen values of real symmetric matrix are real. (7M)
- 3. a) Reduce the quadratic form $x^2 + 3y^2 + 3z^2 2yz$ in to canonical form by (8M) orthogonal transformation find rank, index and signature.
 - b) Verify Cayley -Hamilton theorem for $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & -2 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ also find A^4 (7M)

Or

- 4. a) Diagonalize the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ -2 & -2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ hence find A^4 (8M)
 - b) Reduce the quadratic form $x^2 + y^2 + 2z^2 2xy + 4zx + 4yz$ in to canonical form (7M) using diagonalization method hence find rank, index and signature.
- 5. a) Find the positive value of $\sqrt[3]{17}$ using Newton Raphson method. (8M)
 - b) Find the positive value of $x \log x_{10} = 4.77$ using false position method. (7M)

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- 6. a) Solve the system of equations by Gauss –Seidel method. (8M) 20x+2y+6z = 28;x+20y+9z=-23;2x-7y-20z=-57
 - b) Find the positive value of $x^3 2x^2 4 = 0$ using Iteration method. (7M)

7. a) Using Lagrange's formula calculate f(5) from the following table.

(8M)

X	0	1	3	8
f(x)	1	3	13	128

b) Estimate f(1.75) from the following table.

(7M)

X	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0
Y	5.474	6.050	6.686	7.389

Or

8. a) Fit a cubic polynomial for the following data.

$$y_0 = -5$$
, $y_1 = -1$, $y_2 = 9$, $y_3 = 25$, $y_4 = 55$, $y_5 = 105$

(8M)

b) Find the y(4) using Newton's divide difference formula.

(7M)

X	3	6	8	9
y	2	13	18	23

9. a) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{\pi} \sin x dx$ using Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's 1/3rd and 3/8th rule. (8M)

Find y(0.1) by Picard's method given that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y-x}{y+x}$, y(0) = 1

(7M)

Or

10 a) Find y(0.1) & y(0.2) using Runge-Kutta 4th order formula, given that $y' = x^2 - y, y(0) = 1.$ (8M)

b) Evaluate y (0.1) by Euler's method for $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x+y}{y-x}$, y(0) = 1. (7M)

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Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 75

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- 1. a) Find the Eigen values and Eigen vectors $\begin{bmatrix} 8 & -8 & 2 \\ 4 & -3 & -2 \\ 3 & -4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ (8M)
 - b) Find the rank of using $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 3 & -2 & 1 \\ -2 & -3 & -1 & 4 & 3 \\ -1 & 6 & 7 & 2 & 9 \\ -3 & 3 & 6 & 6 & 12 \end{bmatrix}$ Echelon form. (7M)

Or

2. a) Solve the equations (8M)

$$x + y + z - w = 2,7x + y + 3z + w = 12,$$

 $8x - y + z - 3w = 5,10x + 5y + 3z + 2w = 20.$

by Gauss-elimination method.

b) Determine the characteristic roots and the corresponding characteristic vectors of (7M)

the matrix
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -6 & 2 \\ -6 & 7 & -4 \\ 2 & -4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

- 3. a) Find Rank index and signature of quadratic $10x^2 + 2y^2 + 5z^2 4xy 10xz + 6yz$ (8M) form using diagonalization method
 - b) Diagonalize the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ -4 & 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ hence find A^4 (7M)

- 4. a) Reduce the quadratic form 2xy + 2zx 2yz in to canonical form by orthogonal reduction form hence find rank, index and signature. (8M)
 - b) Verify Cayley -Hamilton theorem for the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -8 & -2 \\ 4 & -3 & -2 \\ 3 & -4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ also find A^{-1} (7M)

a) Solve the system of equations by Gauss –Seidel method. 8x-3y+2z = 20; 4x+11y-z = 33; 6x+3y+12z = 36.

(8M)

b) Find the positive value of $3x = \sqrt{1 + \sin x}$ using Iteration method.

(7M)

Or

Find the positive value of $x \sin x + \cos x = 0$ using Newton Raphson method. (8M)

Find the positive value of $\cos x = xe^x$ using bisection method.

(7M)

Evaluate $\sqrt{5.5}$ given that $\sqrt{5} = 2.236, \sqrt{6} = 2.449, \sqrt{7} = 2.646 \& \sqrt{8} = 2.828$ (8M)

Using Lagrange's formula calculate f(10) from the following table.

(7M)

X	5	6	9	11
f(x)	12	13	14	16

Or

a) Find f(2.1) defined by the set of values (2,2),(6,3),(9,4),(10,6) using Newton's divide difference formula.

(8M)

b) Estimate f(2.5) from the following table.

(7M)

(8M)

(7M)

X	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0
Y	5.474	6.050	6.686	7.389

- 9. a) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{e^{x}}{1+x} dx$ using Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's 1/3rd and 3/8th rule.
 - b) Using Taylor's series Evaluate y(0.1) given that $y^1 = yx^2-1$, y(0)=1.

- Find y(1.2) By modified Euler's method for h =0.2 $\frac{dy}{dx} = \log(x + y)$, y(1) = 0 (8M)
 - By Picard's method find y(0.1) given that $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 + y^2$, y(0) = 0 (7M)

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Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 75

Answer any five Questions one Question from Each Unit All Questions carry Equal Marks

- 1. a) Test for consistency and solve x + y + z = 6, x + 2y + 3z = 14, x + 4y + 9z = 36. (8M)
 - b) Find the Eigen values and Eigen vectors of $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & -2 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ (7M)

Or

- 2. a) Solve the system of equations x+2y+(2+k)z=0,2x+(2+k)y+4z=0,7x+13y+(18+k)z=0, for all values of k. (8M)
 - b) Find the rank of the matrix by reduce into Echelon form $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 6 & 8 & 7 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ (7M)
- 3. a) Verify Cayley -Hamilton theorem for $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & -2 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ also find A^{-1} (8M)
 - b) Reduce the quadratic form $2x^2 + 2y^2 + 2z^2 2yz + 2zx 2xy$ in to canonical form by orthogonal transformation hence find rank, index and signature. (7M)

Or

- 4. a) Reduce the quadratic form $x^2 2y^2 + 3z^2 4yz + 6zx$ in to canonical form using diagonalization method hence find rank, index and signature. (8M)
 - b) Diagonalize the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 5 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ hence find A^4 (7M)
- 5. a) Find the positive value of $e^x = 3x$ using false position method. (8M)
 - b) Find the positive value of $x^3 2x + 5 = 0$ using secant method. (7M)

(7M)

(8M)

(7M)

- 6. a) Solve the following system of equations using Gauss-jacobi iteration method 27x+6y-z=85; x+y+54z=110; 6x+15y+2z=72.
 - b) Find the positive value of $2x^3 3x 6 = 0$ using Newton Raphson method. (7M)
- 7. a) If y_x is polynomial for which fifth difference is constant and $y_1+y_7=-7845$, (8M) $y_2+y_6=686$, and $y_3+y_5=1088$, then find y_4 .
 - b) Find the value of y(4) using Newton's divide difference formula.

X	0	1	2	5
У	2	3	12	147

Or

8. a) Find y(0.5) using from the following data.

(0.0) 6.5111	8 11 0111 011	• 10110					
X	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
у	0	1	16	81	256	625	1296

b) Using Lagrange's formula calculate f(6) from the following table.

X	3	5	7	9	11
f(x)	6	24	58	108	74

- 9. a) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{9} \frac{1}{1+x^3} dx$ using Trapezoidal rule Simpson's 1/3rd and 3/8th rule. (8M)
 - b) By RK method of fourth order find y(0.1) given that $\frac{dy}{dx} = xy^{\frac{1}{3}}$, y(1) = 1 (7M)

Or

- 10. a) By modified Euler's formula find y(0.2) given that $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2xy^2$, y(0) = 1 (8M)
 - b) Find y(0.1),y(0.2) If $\frac{dy}{dx} = xy + 1$, y(0) = 1 using Taylor's series method. (7M)

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(Com. to CE, ME, Chem E, Auto E, Min E, Pet E, Agri E)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 75

Answer any five Questions one Question from Each Unit All Questions carry Equal Marks

- 1. a) Test the consistency and solve x + y + z = 6, x y + 2z = 5, 2x 2y + 3z = -7. (8M)
 - b) Find the rank of the matrix by reduce into normal form $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 6 & 8 & 7 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ (7M)

Or

- 2. a) Solve the system of equations 4x+2y+z+w = 0,6x+3y+4z+7w = 0,2x+y+w = 0. (8M)
 - b) Find the Eigen values and Eigen vectors of $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & -2 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ (7M)
- 3. a) Verify Cayley Hamilton theorem for $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$, hence compute A^4 . (7M)
 - b) Reduce the quadratic form $3x^2 2y^2 + z^2 4xy + 12yz + 8xz$ in to canonical form by orthogonal transformation find rank, index and signature. (8M)

Or

- 4. a) Find Rank index and signature of quadratic form using diagonalization method. (7M) $7x^2 + 6y^2 + 5z^2 4xy 4yz$
 - b) Diagonalize the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ hence find A^4 (8M)
- 5. a) Solve the following system of equations using Gauss-jacobi iteration method. (8M) 5x-y+z=10; 2x+4y=12; x+y+5z=-1
 - b) Find the positive value of $3x = 1 + \cos x$ using secant method. (7M)

- 6. a) Find the positive value of $x^3 + x^2 1 = 0$ using Iteration method.
 - b) Find the positive value of $x = \cos x$ using bisection method. (7M)
- 7. a) Find y(1.2) from the following table.

(8M)

(8M)

X	1	1.4	1.8	2.2
у	3.49	4.82	5.96	6.5

b) Using Lagrange's formula calculate f(3) from the following table.

(7M)

X	0	1	2	4	5	6
f(x)	1	14	15	5	6	19

Or

8. a) Find f(3.0) from the following table.

(8M)

X	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.6
Y	4.95	6.05	7.39	9.03	11.02	13.46

- b) Fit the polynomial defined by the set of values (5, 12), (6, 13), (9, 14), (11, 16) using Newton's divide difference formula. (7M)
- 9. a) Evaluate $\int_{1}^{2} \frac{1}{x} dx$ using Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's 1/3rd and 3/8th rule. (8M)
 - b) Using Modified Euler's method evaluate y(0.1) given that $y^1 = 3x + y^2$, y(0)=1 (7M)

- 10 a) By RK method of second order find y(0.1), y(0.2) given that (8M) $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 2xy^2, y(0) = 1$
 - b) By Picard's find y(0.1), y(0.2) given that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-y}{x}$, y(1) = 0 (7M)