II B. Tech II Semester Supplementary Examinations, February - 2022 COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE AND ORGANIZATION

(Electronics Communication Engineering)

Tin	ne: 3	3 hours Max. Marks: 75	5
		Answer any FIVE Questions each Question from each unit All Questions carry Equal Marks	_
1	a)	What is a System Bus? What are its types? Explain.	[8M]
	b)	What do you mean by mnemonics and machine codes, and what are its purposes? Or	[7M]
2	a)	How does computer memory affect the performance of the computer? Explain.	[8M]
	b)	Describe the data transmission between CPU registers during the execution of instructions through Register transfer notation.	
3	a)	What is the purpose of an Addressing mode? List out and explain various	[7M]
5	u)	Addressing mode techniques.	[8M]
	b)	Explain the role of Queue data structure in computer programming equation. Or	[7M]
4	a)	Explain about various basic computer instruction formats.	[8M]
	b)	Write about Shift and Rotate instructions.	
5	a)	What are the different types of I/O communication techniques? Which is the	[7M]
	L)	most efficient one?	[8M]
	b)	What is asynchronous bus transfer? Explain with a timing diagram.	[7M]
6	a)	Or Explain the term Direct Memory Access and discuss the functions of the DMA	
		controller in the computer system.	[8M]
	b)	Discuss various problems with disabling interrupts.	[7M]
7	a)	Describe the basic memory circuits in computer system.	[8M]
	b)	Explain in detail about the types of Read Only Memory.	[7M]
		Or	[]
8	a)	What is interleaved memory? What are the benefits of interleaved memory? Explain.	[7M]
	b)	How do magnetic storage devices store data? And also explain the types of magnetic storage devices.	[/141]
9	۵)	What is the sequence of operations to add the contents of register P1 to those of	[8M]
	a)	What is the sequence of operations to add the contents of register R1 to those of R2 and store the result in R3?	[8M]
	b)	With a neat diagram explain the basic organization of a micro programmed control unit which allows unconditional branching in the micro program.	[7M]
		Or	
10	a)	Show a possible control sequence for performing the operation MOV R1 R2.	[8M]
	b)	What do you mean by micro-program sequencing? Explain Microinstruction with next address field?	[7M]