

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
B.Tech. in COMPUTER SCIENCE AND DESIGN
II, III & IV YEARS COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABUS (R18 Regulations)

Applicable from AY 2021-22 Admitted Batch.

II YEAR I SEMESTER

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1	CS315PC	Digital Electronics	3	0	0	3
2	CS302PC	Data Structures	3	0	0	3
3	CS310PC	Discrete Mathematics	3	0	0	3
4	CS304PC	Computer Organization and Architecture	3	0	0	3
5	CS311PC	Python Programming	3	0	0	3
6	SM306MS	Business Economics & Financial Analysis	3	0	3	3
7	CS307PC	Data Structures Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	CS312PC	Python Programming Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	*MC309	Gender Sensitization Lab	0	0	2	0
Total Credits			18	0	11	21

II YEAR II SEMESTER

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1	MA413BS	Mathematical and Statistical Foundations	3	0	0	3
2	CS403PC	Operating Systems	3	0	0	3
3	CS404PC	Database Management Systems	3	0	0	3
4	CS412PC	Object Oriented Programming through Java	3	0	0	3
5	CS422PC	Design Thinking	3	1	0	4
6	CS423PC	Design Thinking lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	CS407PC	Database Management Systems Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	CS408PC	Java Programming Lab	0	0	4	2
9	*MC409	Constitution of India	3	0	0	0
Total Credits			18	1	10	21

III YEAR I SEMESTER

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1		Design and Analysis of Experiments	3	0	0	3
2		Computer Networks	3	0	0	3
3		Design and Analysis of Algorithms	3	0	0	3
		Software Engineering	3	0	0	3
4		Professional Elective-I	3	0	0	3
5		Professional Elective -II	3	0	0	3
6		Design and Analysis of Experiments Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7		Computer Networks Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8		Advanced Communication Skills Lab	0	0	2	1
9		Intellectual Property Rights	3	0	0	0
Total Credits			21	0	8	22

III YEAR II SEMESTER

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1		Automata Theory and Compiler Design	3	1	0	4
2		Introduction to Engineering Design	3	1	0	4
3		Machine Learning	3	1	0	4
4		Professional Elective – III	3	0	0	3
5		Open Elective-I	3	0	0	3
6		Compiler Design Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7		Professional Elective-III Lab	0	0	2	1
8		Machine Learning Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9		Environmental Science	3	0	0	0
		Total Credits	18	3	8	22

***MC609 - Environmental Science – Should be Registered by Lateral Entry Students Only.**

IV YEAR I SEMESTER

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1		Deep Learning	3	0	0	3
2		Information Security	2	0	0	2
3		Professional Elective -IV	3	0	0	3
4		Professional Elective -V	3	0	0	3
5		Open Elective - II	3	0	0	3
6		Deep Learning Lab	0	0	2	1
		Industrial Oriented Mini Project /Summer Internship	0	0	0	2*
7		Seminar	0	0	2	1
8		Project Stage - I	0	0	6	3
		Total Credits	14	0	10	21

IV YEAR II SEMESTER

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1		Organizational Behaviour	3	0	0	3
2		Professional Elective - VI	3	0	0	3
3		Open Elective - III	3	0	0	3
4		Project Stage - II	0	0	14	7
		Total Credits				16

***MC – Satisfactory/Unsatisfactory**

Professional Elective-I

1.	Quantum Computing
2.	Design of Interactive Systems
3.	Data Analytics
4.	Image Processing
5.	Systems Management

Professional Elective - II

	Reliability Engineering
	Embedded Systems
	Information Retrieval Systems
	Distributed Databases
	Natural Language Processing

Professional Elective - III

	Full Stack Development
	Internet of Things
	Modeling and Simulation
	Mobile Application Development
	Software Testing Methodologies

Courses in PE - III and PE - III Lab must be in 1-1 correspondence.

Professional Elective -IV

	Graph Theory
	Augmented Reality & Virtual Reality
	Soft Computing
	Cloud Computing
	Optimization Techniques

Professional Elective -V

	Computer Game Design and Programming
	Agile Methodology
	Robotic Process Automation
	Evolutionary Computing
	Visual Design and Communications

Professional Elective – VI

	Computer Vision and Robotics
	Computer Aided Geometric design
	Nature Inspired Computing
	Human Computer Interaction
	VFX Animation

*Open Electives offered by the Department of CS&D for Others

Open Elective -1:

1. Data Structures
2. Database Management Systems

Open Elective -2:

1. Operating Systems
2. Software Engineering

Open Elective -3:

1. Algorithms Design and Analysis
2. Introduction to Computer Networks

CS315PC: DIGITAL ELECTRONICS**B.Tech. II Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

- To introduce components such as diodes, BJTs and FETs.
- To know the applications of components.
- To give understanding of various types of amplifier circuits
- To learn basic techniques for the design of digital circuits and fundamental concepts used in the design of digital systems.
- To understand the concepts of combinational logic circuits and sequential circuits.

Course Outcomes: Upon completion of the Course, the students will be able to:

- Know the characteristics of various components.
- Understand the utilization of components.
- Design and analyze small signal amplifier circuits.
- Learn Postulates of Boolean algebra and to minimize combinational functions
- Design and analyze combinational and sequential circuits
- Know about the logic families and realization of logic gates.

UNIT - I

Diodes and Applications: Junction diode characteristics: Open circuited p-n junction, p-n junction as a rectifier, V-I characteristics, effect of temperature, diode resistance, diffusion capacitance, diode switching times, breakdown diodes, Tunnel diodes, photo diode, LED.

Diode Applications - clipping circuits, comparators, Half wave rectifier, Full wave rectifier, rectifier with capacitor filter.

UNIT - II

BJTs: Transistor characteristics: The junction transistor, transistor as an amplifier, CB, CE, CC configurations, comparison of transistor configurations, the operating point, self-bias or Emitter bias, bias compensation, thermal runaway and stability, transistor at low frequencies, CE amplifier response, gain bandwidth product, Emitter follower, RC coupled amplifier, two cascaded CE and multi stage CE amplifiers.

UNIT - III

FETs and Digital Circuits: FETs: JFET, V-I characteristics, MOSFET, low frequency CS and CD amplifiers, CS and CD amplifiers.

Digital Circuits: Digital (binary) operations of a system, OR gate, AND gate, NOT, EXCLUSIVE OR gate, De Morgan Laws, NAND and NOR DTL gates, modified DTL gates, HTL and TTL gates, output stages, RTL and DCTL, CMOS, Comparison of logic families.

UNIT - IV

Combinational Logic Circuits: Basic Theorems and Properties of Boolean Algebra, Canonical and Standard Forms, Digital Logic Gates, The Map Method, Product-of-Sums Simplification, Don't-Care Conditions, NAND and NOR Implementation, Exclusive-OR Function, Binary Adder-Subtractor, Decimal Adder, Binary Multiplier, Magnitude Comparator, Decoders, Encoders, Multiplexers.

UNIT - V

Sequential Logic Circuits: Sequential Circuits, Storage Elements: Latches and flip flops, Analysis of Clocked Sequential Circuits, State Reduction and Assignment, Shift Registers, Ripple Counters, Synchronous Counters, Random-Access Memory, Read-Only Memory.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Integrated Electronics: Analog and Digital Circuits and Systems, 2/e, Jaccob Millman, Christos Halkias and Chethan D. Parikh, *Tata McGraw-Hill Education*, India, 2010.
2. Digital Design, 5/e, Morris Mano and Michael D. Cilette, *Pearson*, 2011.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Electronic Devices and Circuits, Jimmy J Cathey, *Schaum's outline series*, 1988.
2. Digital Principles, 3/e, Roger L. Tokheim, *Schaum's outline series*, 1994.

CS302PC: DATA STRUCTURES**B.Tech. II Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisites: A course on “Programming for Problem Solving”.**Course Objectives:**

- Exploring basic data structures such as stacks and queues.
- Introduces a variety of data structures such as hash tables, search trees, tries, heaps, graphs.
- Introduces sorting and pattern matching algorithms.

Course Outcomes:

- Ability to select the data structures that efficiently model the information in a problem.
- Ability to assess efficiency trade-offs among different data structure implementations or combinations.
- Implement and know the application of algorithms for sorting and pattern matching.
- Design programs using a variety of data structures, including hash tables, binary and general tree structures, search trees, tries, heaps, graphs, and AVL-trees.

UNIT - I

Introduction to Data Structures, abstract data types, Linear list – singly linked list implementation, insertion, deletion and searching operations on linear list, Stacks-Operations, array and linked representations of stacks, stack applications, Queues-operations, array and linked representations.

UNIT - II

Dictionaries: linear list representation, skip list representation, operations - insertion, deletion and searching.

Hash Table Representation: hash functions, collision resolution-separate chaining, open addressing-linear probing, quadratic probing, double hashing, rehashing, extendible hashing.

UNIT - III

Search Trees: Binary Search Trees, Definition, Implementation, Operations- Searching, Insertion and Deletion, AVL Trees, Definition, Height of an AVL Tree, Operations – Insertion, Deletion and Searching, Red –Black, Splay Trees.

UNIT - IV

Graphs: Graph Implementation Methods. Graph Traversal Methods.

Sorting: Heap Sort, External Sorting- Model for external sorting, Merge Sort.

UNIT - V

Pattern Matching and Tries: Pattern matching algorithms-Brute force, the Boyer –Moore algorithm, the Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm, Standard Tries, Compressed Tries, Suffix tries.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Edition, E. Horowitz, S. Sahni and Susan Anderson Freed, Universities Press.
2. Data Structures using C – A. S. Tanenbaum, Y. Langsam, and M.J. Augenstein, PHI/Pearson Education.

REFERENCE BOOK:

1. Data Structures: A Pseudocode Approach with C, 2nd Edition, R. F. Gilberg and B.A. Forouzan, Cengage Learning.

CS310PC: DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

B.Tech. II Year I Sem.

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisites: An understanding of Mathematics in general is sufficient.**Course Objectives**

- Introduces elementary discrete mathematics for computer science and engineering.
- Topics include formal logic notation, methods of proof, induction, sets, relations, graph theory, permutations and combinations, counting principles; recurrence relations and generating functions.

Course Outcomes:

- Ability to understand and construct precise mathematical proofs
- Ability to use logic and set theory to formulate precise statements
- Ability to analyze and solve counting problems on finite and discrete structures
- Ability to describe and manipulate sequences
- Ability to apply graph theory in solving computing problems

UNIT - I

The Foundations: Logic and Proofs: Propositional Logic, Applications of Propositional Logic, Propositional Equivalence, Predicates and Quantifiers, Nested Quantifiers, Rules of Inference, Introduction to Proofs, Proof Methods and Strategy.

UNIT - II

Basic Structures, Sets, Functions, Sequences, Sums, Matrices and Relations Sets, Functions, Sequences & Summations, Cardinality of Sets and Matrices Relations, Relations and Their Properties, n-ary Relations and Their Applications, Representing Relations, Closures of Relations, Equivalence Relations, Partial Orderings.

UNIT - III

Algorithms, Induction and Recursion: Algorithms, The Growth of Functions, Complexity of Algorithms

Induction and Recursion: Mathematical Induction, Strong Induction and Well-Ordering, Recursive Definitions and Structural Induction, Recursive Algorithms, Program Correctness

UNIT - IV

Discrete Probability and Advanced Counting Techniques: An Introduction to Discrete Probability, Probability Theory, Bayes' Theorem, Expected Value and Variance
Advanced Counting Techniques: Recurrence Relations, Solving Linear Recurrence Relations, Divide-and-Conquer Algorithms and Recurrence Relations, Generating Functions, Inclusion-Exclusion, Applications of Inclusion-Exclusion

UNIT - V

Graphs: Graphs and Graph Models, Graph Terminology and Special Types of Graphs, Representing Graphs and Graph Isomorphism, Connectivity, Euler and Hamilton Paths, Shortest-Path Problems, Planar Graphs, Graph Coloring.

Trees: Introduction to Trees, Applications of Trees, Tree Traversal, Spanning Trees, Minimum Spanning Trees

TEXT BOOK:

1. Discrete Mathematics and its Applications with Combinatorics and Graph Theory- Kenneth H Rosen, 7th Edition, TMH.

REFERENCES BOOKS:

1. Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science-J.P. Tremblay and R. Manohar, TMH.
2. Discrete Mathematics for Computer Scientists & Mathematicians: Joe L. Mott, Abraham Kandel, Theodore P. Baker, 2nd ed, Pearson Education.
3. Discrete Mathematics- Richard Johnsonbaugh, 7th Edn., Pearson Education.
4. Discrete Mathematics with Graph Theory- Edgar G. Goodaire, Michael M. Parmenter.
5. Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics - an applied introduction: Ralph.P. Grimald, 5th edition, Pearson Education.

CS304PC: COMPUTER ORGANIZATION AND ARCHITECTURE

B.Tech. II Year I Sem.

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Co-requisite: A Course on "Digital Logic Design and Microprocessors".**Course Objectives:**

- The purpose of the course is to introduce principles of computer organization and the basic architectural concepts.
- It begins with basic organization, design, and programming of a simple digital computer and introduces simple register transfer language to specify various computer operations.
- Topics include computer arithmetic, instruction set design, microprogrammed control unit, pipelining and vector processing, memory organization and I/O systems, and multiprocessors

Course Outcomes:

- Understand the basics of instruction sets and their impact on processor design.
- Demonstrate an understanding of the design of the functional units of a digital computer system.
- Evaluate cost performance and design trade-offs in designing and constructing a computer processor including memory.
- Design a pipeline for consistent execution of instructions with minimum hazards.
- Recognize and manipulate representations of numbers stored in digital computers

UNIT - I**Digital Computers:** Introduction, Block diagram of Digital Computer, Definition of Computer Organization, Computer Design and Computer Architecture.**Register Transfer Language and Micro operations:** Register Transfer language, Register Transfer, Bus and memory transfers, Arithmetic Micro operations, logic micro operations, shift micro operations, Arithmetic logic shift unit. **Basic Computer Organization and Design:** Instruction codes, Computer Registers Computer instructions, Timing and Control, Instruction cycle, Memory Reference Instructions, Input – Output and Interrupt.**UNIT - II****Microprogrammed Control:** Control memory, Address sequencing, micro program example, design of control unit. **Central Processing Unit:** General Register Organization, Instruction Formats, Addressing modes, Data Transfer and Manipulation, Program Control.**UNIT - III****Data Representation:** Data types, Complements, Fixed Point Representation, Floating Point Representation. **Computer Arithmetic:** Addition and subtraction, multiplication Algorithms, Division Algorithms, Floating – point Arithmetic operations. Decimal Arithmetic unit, Decimal Arithmetic operations.**UNIT - IV****Input-Output Organization:** Input-Output Interface, Asynchronous data transfer, Modes of Transfer, Priority Interrupt Direct memory Access. **Memory Organization:** Memory Hierarchy, Main Memory, Auxiliary memory, Associate Memory, Cache Memory.**UNIT - V****Reduced Instruction Set Computer:** CISC Characteristics, RISC Characteristics.**Pipeline and Vector Processing:** Parallel Processing, Pipelining, Arithmetic Pipeline, Instruction Pipeline, RISC Pipeline, Vector Processing, Array Processor.**Multi Processors:** Characteristics of Multiprocessors, Interconnection Structures, Interprocessor arbitration, Interprocessor communication and synchronization, Cache Coherence.**TEXT BOOK:**

1. Computer System Architecture – M. Moris Mano, Third Edition, Pearson/PHI.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Computer Organization – Car Hamacher, Zvonks Vranesic, Safea Zaky, V Edition, McGraw Hill.
2. Computer Organization and Architecture – William Stallings Sixth Edition, Pearson/PHI.
3. Structured Computer Organization – Andrew S. Tanenbaum, 4th Edition, PHI/Pearson.

CS311PC: PYTHON PROGRAMMING**B.Tech. II Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisites: A course on “Programming for Problem Solving using C”.**Course Objectives:**

- Learn Syntax and Semantics and create Functions in Python.
- Handle Strings and Files in Python.
- Understand Lists, Dictionaries and Regular expressions in Python.
- Implement Object Oriented Programming concepts in Python.
- Build Web Services and introduction to Network and Database Programming in Python.

Course Outcomes:

- Examine Python syntax and semantics and be fluent in the use of Python flow control and functions.
- Demonstrate proficiency in handling Strings and File Systems.
- Create, run and manipulate Python Programs using core data structures like Lists, Dictionaries and use Regular Expressions.
- Interpret the concepts of Object-Oriented Programming as used in Python.
- Implement exemplary applications related to Network Programming, Web Services and Databases in Python.

UNIT - I

Python Basics, Objects- Python Objects, Standard Types, Other Built-in Types, Internal Types, Standard Type Operators, Standard Type Built-in Functions, Categorizing the Standard Types, Unsupported Types

Numbers - Introduction to Numbers, Integers, Floating Point Real Numbers, Complex Numbers, Operators, Built-in Functions, Related Modules

Sequences - Strings, Lists, and Tuples, Mapping and Set Types

UNIT - II

FILES: File Objects, File Built-in Function [open()], File Built-in Methods, File Built-in Attributes, Standard Files, Command-line Arguments, File System, File Execution, Persistent Storage Modules, Related Modules

Exceptions: Exceptions in Python, Detecting and Handling Exceptions, Context Management, *Exceptions as Strings, Raising Exceptions, Assertions, Standard Exceptions, *Creating Exceptions, Why Exceptions (Now)?, Why Exceptions at All?, Exceptions and the sys Module, Related Modules

Modules: Modules and Files, Namespaces, Importing Modules, Importing Module Attributes, Module Built-in Functions, Packages, Other Features of Modules

UNIT - III

Regular Expressions: Introduction, Special Symbols and Characters, Res and Python

Multithreaded Programming: Introduction, Threads and Processes, Python, Threads, and the Global Interpreter Lock, Thread Module, Threading Module, Related Modules

UNIT - IV

GUI Programming: Introduction, Tkinter and Python Programming, Brief Tour of Other GUIs, Related Modules and Other GUIs

WEB Programming: Introduction, Web Surfing with Python, Creating Simple Web Clients, Advanced Web Clients, CGI-Helping Servers Process Client Data, Building CGI Application

Advanced CGI, Web (HTTP) Servers

UNIT - V

Database Programming: Introduction, Python Database Application Programmer's Interface (DB-API), Object Relational Managers (ORMs), Related Modules.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Core Python Programming, Wesley J. Chun, Second Edition, Pearson.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Think Python, Allen Downey, Green Tea Press.
2. Introduction to Python, Kenneth A. Lambert, Cengage.
3. Python Programming: A Modern Approach, Vamsi Kurama, Pearson.
4. Learning Python, Mark Lutz, O'Really.

SM306MS: BUSINESS ECONOMICS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

B.TECH II Year I Sem.

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objective: To learn the basic Business types, impact of the Economy on Business and Firms specifically. To analyze the Business from the Financial Perspective.

Course Outcome: The students will understand the various Forms of Business and the impact of economic variables on the Business. The Demand, Supply, Production, Cost, Market Structure, Pricing aspects are learnt. The Students can study the firm's financial position by analyzing the Financial Statements of a Company.

UNIT – I**Introduction to Business and Economics:**

Business: Structure of Business Firm, Theory of Firm, Types of Business Entities, Limited Liability Companies, Sources of Capital for a Company, Non-Conventional Sources of Finance.

Economics: Significance of Economics, Micro and Macro Economic Concepts, Concepts and Importance of National Income, Inflation, Money Supply in Inflation, Business Cycle, Features and Phases of Business Cycle. Nature and Scope of Business Economics, Role of Business Economist, Multidisciplinary nature of Business Economics.

UNIT - II**Demand and Supply Analysis:**

Elasticity of Demand: Elasticity, Types of Elasticity, Law of Demand, Measurement and Significance of Elasticity of Demand, Factors affecting Elasticity of Demand, Elasticity of Demand in decision making, Demand Forecasting: Characteristics of Good Demand Forecasting, Steps in Demand Forecasting, Methods of Demand Forecasting.

Supply Analysis: Determinants of Supply, Supply Function & Law of Supply.

UNIT - III**Production, Cost, Market Structures & Pricing:**

Production Analysis: Factors of Production, Production Function, Production Function with one variable input, two variable inputs, Returns to Scale, Different Types of Production Functions.

Cost analysis: Types of Costs, Short run and Long run Cost Functions.

Market Structures: Nature of Competition, Features of Perfect competition, Monopoly, Oligopoly, Monopolistic Competition.

Pricing: Types of Pricing, Product Life Cycle based Pricing, Break Even Analysis, Cost Volume Profit Analysis.

UNIT - IV

Financial Accounting: Accounting concepts and Conventions, Accounting Equation, Double-Entry system of Accounting, Rules for maintaining Books of Accounts, Journal, Posting to Ledger, Preparation of Trial Balance, Elements of Financial Statements, Preparation of Final Accounts.

UNIT - V

Financial Analysis through Ratios: Concept of Ratio Analysis, Liquidity Ratios, Turnover Ratios, Profitability Ratios, Proprietary Ratios, Solvency, Leverage Ratios (simple problems).

Introduction to Fund Flow and Cash Flow Analysis (simple problems).

TEXT BOOKS:

1. D.D. Chaturvedi, S.L. Gupta, Business Economics - Theory and Applications, International Book House Pvt. Ltd. 2013.
2. Dhanesh K Khatri, Financial Accounting, Tata McGraw Hill, 2011.
3. Geethika Ghosh, Piyali Gosh, Purba Roy Choudhury, Managerial Economics, 2e, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd. 2012.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Paresh Shah, Financial Accounting for Management 2e, Oxford Press, 2015.
2. S.N. Maheshwari, Sunil K Maheshwari, Sharad K Maheshwari, Financial Accounting, 5e, Vikas Publications, 2013.

CS307PC: DATA STRUCTURES LAB**B.TECH II Year I Sem.****L T P C**
0 0 3 1.5**Prerequisites:** A Course on "Programming for problem solving".**Course Objectives:**

- It covers various concepts of C programming language
- It introduces searching and sorting algorithms
- It provides an understanding of data structures such as stacks and queues.

Course Outcomes:

- Ability to develop C programs for computing and real-life applications using basic elements like control statements, arrays, functions, pointers and strings, and data structures like stacks, queues and linked lists.
- Ability to Implement searching and sorting algorithms

List of Experiments

1. Write a program that uses functions to perform the following operations on singly linked list.:
 - i) Creation
 - ii) Insertion
 - iii) Deletion
 - iv) Traversal
2. Write a program that uses functions to perform the following operations on doubly linked list.:
 - i) Creation
 - ii) Insertion
 - iii) Deletion
 - iv) Traversal
3. Write a program that uses functions to perform the following operations on circular linked list.:
 - i) Creation
 - ii) Insertion
 - iii) Deletion
 - iv) Traversal
4. Write a program that implement stack (its operations) using
 - i) Arrays
 - ii) Pointers
5. Write a program that implement Queue (its operations) using
 - i) Arrays
 - ii) Pointers
6. Write a program that implements the following sorting methods to sort a given list of integers in ascending order
 - i) Bubble sort
 - ii) Selection sort
 - iii) Insertion sort
7. Write a program that use both recursive and non-recursive functions to perform the following searching operations for a Key value in a given list of integers:
 - i) Linear search
 - ii) Binary search
8. Write a program to implement the tree traversal methods.
9. Write a program to implement the graph traversal methods.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Edition, E. Horowitz, S. Sahni and Susan Anderson Freed, Universities Press.
2. Data Structures using C – A. S. Tanenbaum, Y. Langsam, and M. J. Augenstein, PHI/ Pearson Education.

REFERENCE BOOK:

1. Data Structures: A Pseudocode Approach with C, 2nd Edition, R. F. Gilberg and B. A. Forouzan, Cengage Learning.

CS312PC: PYTHON PROGRAMMING LAB**B.TECH II Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
0	0	3	1.5

Prerequisites: NIL.**Course Objectives**

- To be able to introduce core programming basics and program design with functions using Python programming language.
- To understand a range of Object-Oriented Programming, as well as in-depth data and information processing techniques.
- To understand the high-performance programs designed to strengthen the practical expertise.

Course Outcome

- Student should be able to understand the basic concepts scripting and the contributions of scripting language
- Ability to explore python especially the object-oriented concepts, and the built in objects of Python.
- Ability to create practical and contemporary applications such as TCP/IP network programming, Web applications, discrete event simulations

List of Experiments:

1. Write a program to demonstrate different number data types in Python.
2. Write a program to perform different Arithmetic Operations on numbers in Python.
3. Write a program to create, concatenate and print a string and accessing sub-string from a given string.
4. Write a python script to print the current date in the following format "Sun May 29 02:26:23 IST 2017"
5. Write a program to create, append, and remove lists in python.
6. Write a program to demonstrate working with tuples in python.
7. Write a program to demonstrate working with dictionaries in python.
8. Write a python program to find largest of three numbers.
9. Write a Python program to convert temperatures to and from Celsius, Fahrenheit. [Formula : $c/5 = f-32/9$]
10. Write a Python program to construct the following pattern, using a nested for loop


```

*
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* * *
* * * *
* * * * *
* * * *
* * *
* *
*

```
11. Write a Python script that prints prime numbers less than 20.
12. Write a python program to find factorial of a number using Recursion.
13. Write a program that accepts the lengths of three sides of a triangle as inputs. The program output should indicate whether or not the triangle is a right triangle (Recall from the Pythagorean Theorem that in a right triangle, the square of one side equals the sum of the squares of the other two sides).
14. Write a python program to define a module to find Fibonacci Numbers and import the module to another program.

15. Write a python program to define a module and import a specific function in that module to another program.
16. Write a script named copyfile.py. This script should prompt the user for the names of two text files. The contents of the first file should be input and written to the second file.
17. Write a program that inputs a text file. The program should print all of the unique words in the file in alphabetical order.
18. Write a Python class to convert an integer to a roman numeral.
19. Write a Python class to implement pow(x, n)
20. Write a Python class to reverse a string word by word.

***MC309: GENDER SENSITIZATION LAB**
(An Activity-based Course)

B.Tech. II Year I Sem.

L T P C
0 0 2 0

COURSE DESCRIPTION

This course offers an introduction to Gender Studies, an interdisciplinary field that asks critical questions about the meanings of sex and gender in society. The primary goal of this course is to familiarize students with key issues, questions and debates in Gender Studies, both historical and contemporary. It draws on multiple disciplines – such as literature, history, economics, psychology, sociology, philosophy, political science, anthropology and media studies – to examine cultural assumptions about sex, gender, and sexuality.

This course integrates analysis of current events through student presentations, aiming to increase awareness of contemporary and historical experiences of women, and of the multiple ways that sex and gender interact with race, class, caste, nationality and other social identities. This course also seeks to build an understanding and initiate and strengthen programmes combating gender-based violence and discrimination. The course also features several exercises and reflective activities designed to examine the concepts of gender, gender-based violence, sexuality, and rights. It will further explore the impact of gender-based violence on education, health and development.

Course Objectives:

- To develop students' sensibility with regard to issues of gender in contemporary India.
- To provide a critical perspective on the socialization of men and women.
- To introduce students to information about some key biological aspects of genders.
- To expose the students to debates on the politics and economics of work.
- To help students reflect critically on gender violence.
- To expose students to more egalitarian interactions between men and women.

Course Outcomes:

- Students will have developed a better understanding of important issues related to gender in contemporary India.
- Students will be sensitized to basic dimensions of the biological, sociological, psychological and legal aspects of gender. This will be achieved through discussion of materials derived from research, facts, everyday life, literature and film.
- Students will attain a finer grasp of how gender discrimination works in our society and how to counter it.
- Students will acquire insight into the gendered division of labour and its relation to politics and economics.
- Men and women students and professionals will be better equipped to work and live together as equals.
- Students will develop a sense of appreciation of women in all walks of life.
- Through providing accounts of studies and movements as well as the new laws that provide protection and relief to women, the textbook will empower students to understand and respond to gender violence.

UNIT - I: UNDERSTANDING GENDER

Introduction: Definition of Gender-Basic Gender Concepts and Terminology-Exploring Attitudes towards Gender-Construction of Gender-Socialization: Making Women, Making Men
- Preparing for Womanhood. Growing up Male. First lessons in Caste.

UNIT – II: GENDER ROLES AND RELATIONS

Two or Many? -Struggles with Discrimination-Gender Roles and Relations-Types of Gender Roles-Gender Roles and Relationships Matrix-Missing Women-Sex Selection and Its Consequences-Declining Sex Ratio. Demographic Consequences-Gender Spectrum: Beyond the Binary

UNIT – III: GENDER AND LABOR

Division and Valuation of Labor-Housework: The Invisible Labor- “My Mother doesn’t Work.” “Share the Load.”-Work: Its Politics and Economics -Fact and Fiction. Unrecognized and Unaccounted work. - Gender Development Issues-Gender, Governance and Sustainable Development-Gender and Human Rights-Gender and Mainstreaming

UNIT – IV: GENDER - BASED VIOLENCE

The Concept of Violence- Types of Gender-based Violence-Gender-based Violence from a Human Rights Perspective-Sexual Harassment: Say No! -Sexual Harassment, not Eve-teasing- Coping with Everyday Harassment- Further Reading: “*Chupulu*”.

Domestic Violence: Speaking Out Is Home a Safe Place? -When Women Unite [Film]. Rebuilding Lives. Thinking about Sexual Violence Blaming the Victim-“I Fought for my Life....”

UNIT – V: GENDER AND CULTURE

Gender and Film-Gender and Electronic Media-Gender and Advertisement-Gender and Popular Literature- Gender Development Issues-Gender Issues-Gender Sensitive Language-Gender and Popular Literature - Just Relationships: Being Together as Equals

Mary Kom and Onler. Love and Acid just do not Mix. Love Letters. Mothers and Fathers. Rosa Parks-The Brave Heart.

Note: Since it is an Interdisciplinary Course, Resource Persons can be drawn from the fields of English Literature or Sociology or Political Science or any other qualified faculty who has expertise in this field from engineering departments.

- **Classes will consist of a combination of activities: dialogue-based lectures, discussions, collaborative learning activities, group work and in-class assignments. Apart from the above prescribed book, Teachers can make use of any authentic materials related to the topics given in the syllabus on “Gender”.**

- 👉 **ESSENTIAL READING:** The Textbook, “*Towards a World of Equals: A Bilingual Textbook on Gender*” written by A. Suneetha, Uma Bhrugubanda, Duggirala Vasanta, Rama Melkote, Vasudha Nagaraj, Asma Rasheed, Gogu Shyamala, Deepa Sreenivas and Susie Tharu published by Telugu Akademi, Telangana Government in 2015.

ASSESSMENT AND GRADING:

- Discussion & Classroom Participation: 20%
- Project/Assignment: 30%
- End Term Exam: 50%

MA413BS: MATHEMATICAL AND STATISTICAL FOUNDATIONS**B.Tech. II Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisites: Mathematics courses of first year of study.**Course Objectives:**

- The Number Theory basic concepts useful for cryptography etc
- The theory of Probability, and probability distributions of single and multiple random variables
- The sampling theory and testing of hypothesis and making inferences
- Stochastic process and Markov chains.

Course Outcomes: After learning the contents of this course, the student must be able to

- Apply the number theory concepts to cryptography domain
- Apply the concepts of probability and distributions to some case studies
- Correlate the material of one unit to the material in other units
- Resolve the potential misconceptions and hazards in each topic of study.

UNIT - I**Greatest Common Divisors and Prime Factorization:** Greatest common divisors, The Euclidean algorithm, The fundamental theorem of arithmetic, Factorization of integers and the Fermat numbers**Congruences:** Introduction to congruences, Linear congruences, The Chinese remainder theorem, Systems of linear congruences**UNIT - II****Simple Linear Regression and Correlation:** Introduction to Linear Regression, The Simple Linear Regression Model, Least Squares and the Fitted Model, Properties of the Least Squares Estimators, Inferences Concerning the Regression Coefficients, Prediction, Simple Linear Regression Case Study
Random Variables and Probability Distributions: Concept of a Random Variable, Discrete Probability Distributions, Continuous Probability Distributions, Statistical Independence.**Discrete Probability Distributions:** Binomial Distribution, Poisson distribution.**UNIT - III****Continuous Probability Distributions:** Normal Distribution, Areas under the Normal Curve, Applications of the Normal Distribution, Normal Approximation to the Binomial**Fundamental Sampling Distributions:** Random Sampling, Sampling Distributions, Sampling Distribution of Means and the Central Limit Theorem, Sampling Distribution of S^2 , t-Distribution, F-Distribution.**UNIT - IV****Estimation & Tests of Hypotheses:** Introduction, Statistical Inference, Classical Methods of Estimation. Estimating the Mean, Standard Error of a Point Estimate, Prediction Intervals, Tolerance Limits, Estimating the Variance, Estimating a Proportion for single mean, Difference between Two Means, between Two Proportions for Two Samples and Maximum Likelihood Estimation.**UNIT - V****Stochastic Processes and Markov Chains:** Introduction to Stochastic processes- Markov process. Transition Probability, Transition Probability Matrix, First order and Higher order Markov process, nstep transition probabilities, Markov chain, Steady state condition, Markov analysis.**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Kenneth H. Rosen, Elementary number theory & its applications, sixth edition, Addison-Wesley, ISBN 978 0-321-50031-1
2. Ronald E. Walpole, Raymond H. Myers, Sharon L. Myers, Keying Ye, Probability & Statistics for Engineers & Scientists, 9th Ed. Pearson Publishers.
3. S. D. Sharma, Operations Research, Kedarnath and Ramnath Publishers, Meerut, Delhi

REFERENCE BOOK:

1. S C Gupta and V K Kapoor, Fundamentals of Mathematical statistics, Khanna publications
2. T.T. Soong, Fundamentals of Probability and Statistics for Engineers, John Wiley & Sons Ltd, 2004.
3. Sheldon M Ross, Probability and statistics for Engineers and scientists, Academic Press.

CS403PC: OPERATING SYSTEMS**B.Tech. II Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisites:

1. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures".
2. A course on "Computer Organization and Architecture".

Course Objectives:

- Introduce operating system concepts (i.e., processes, threads, scheduling, synchronization, deadlocks, memory management, file and I/O subsystems and protection)
- Introduce the issues to be considered in the design and development of operating system
- Introduce basic Unix commands, system call interface for process management, interprocess communication and I/O in Unix

Course Outcomes:

- Will be able to control access to a computer and the files that may be shared
- Demonstrate the knowledge of the components of computers and their respective roles in computing.
- Ability to recognize and resolve user problems with standard operating environments.
- Gain practical knowledge of how programming languages, operating systems, and architectures interact and how to use each effectively.

UNIT - I

Operating System - Introduction, Structures - Simple Batch, Multiprogrammed, Time-shared, Personal Computer, Parallel, Distributed Systems, Real-Time Systems, System components, Operating System services, System Calls

UNIT - II

Process and CPU Scheduling - Process concepts and scheduling, Operations on processes, Cooperating Processes, Threads, and Interposes Communication, Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling Algorithms, Multiple -Processor Scheduling.
System call interface for process management-fork, exit, wait, waitpid, exec

UNIT - III

Deadlocks - System Model, Deadlocks Characterization, Methods for Handling Deadlocks, Deadlock Prevention, Deadlock Avoidance, Deadlock Detection, and Recovery from Deadlock

Process Management and Synchronization - The Critical Section Problem, Synchronization Hardware, Semaphores, and Classical Problems of Synchronization, Critical Regions, Monitors

Interprocess Communication Mechanisms: IPC between processes on a single computer system, IPC between processes on different systems, using pipes, FIFOs, message queues, shared memory.

UNIT - IV

Memory Management and Virtual Memory - Logical versus Physical Address Space, Swapping, Contiguous Allocation, Paging, Segmentation, Segmentation with Paging, Demand Paging, Page Replacement, Page Replacement Algorithms.

UNIT - V

File System Interface and Operations -Access methods, Directory Structure, Protection, File System Structure, Allocation methods, Free-space Management. Usage of open, create, read, write, close, lseek, stat, ioctl system calls.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Operating System Principles- Abraham Silberchatz, Peter B. Galvin, Greg Gagne 7th Edition, John Wiley
2. Advanced programming in the UNIX environment, W.R. Stevens, Pearson education.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Operating Systems – Internals and Design Principles Stallings, Fifth Edition–2005, Pearson Education/PHI
2. Operating System A Design Approach- Crowley, TMH.
3. Modern Operating Systems, Andrew S. Tanenbaum 2nd edition, Pearson/PHI
4. UNIX programming environment, Kernighan and Pike, PHI/ Pearson Education
5. UNIX Internals -The New Frontiers, U. Vahalia, Pearson Education.

CS404PC: DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS**B.Tech. II Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisites: A course on "Data Structures".**Course Objectives:**

- To understand the basic concepts and the applications of database systems.
- To master the basics of SQL and construct queries using SQL.
- Topics include data models, database design, relational model, relational algebra, transaction control, concurrency control, storage structures and access techniques.

Course Outcomes:

1. Gain knowledge of fundamentals of DBMS, database design and normal forms
2. Master the basics of SQL for retrieval and management of data.
3. Be acquainted with the basics of transaction processing and concurrency control.
4. Familiarity with database storage structures and access techniques

UNIT - I

Database System Applications: A Historical Perspective, File Systems versus a DBMS, the Data Model, Levels of Abstraction in a DBMS, Data Independence, Structure of a DBMS
 Introduction to Database Design: Database Design and ER Diagrams, Entities, Attributes, and Entity Sets, Relationships and Relationship Sets, Additional Features of the ER Model, Conceptual Design With the ER Model.

UNIT - II

Introduction to the Relational Model: Integrity constraint over relations, enforcing integrity constraints, querying relational data, logical database design, introduction to views, destroying/ altering tables and views. Relational Algebra, Tuple relational Calculus, Domain relational calculus.

UNIT - III

SQL: Queries, Constraints, Triggers: form of basic SQL query, Union, Intersect, and Except, Nested Queries, aggregation operators, NULL values, complex integrity constraints in SQL, triggers and active databases.
 Schema Refinement: Problems caused by redundancy, decompositions, problems related to decomposition, reasoning about functional dependencies, First, Second, Third normal forms, BCNF, lossless join decomposition, multivalued dependencies, Fourth normal form, Fifth normal form.

UNIT - IV

Transaction Concept, Transaction State, Implementation of Atomicity and Durability, Concurrent Executions, Serializability, Recoverability, Implementation of Isolation, Testing for serializability, Lock Based Protocols, Timestamp Based Protocols, Validation- Based Protocols, Multiple Granularity, Recovery and Atomicity, Log-Based Recovery, Recovery with Concurrent Transactions.

UNIT - V

Data on External Storage, File Organization and Indexing, Cluster Indexes, Primary and Secondary Indexes, Index data Structures, Hash Based Indexing, Tree based Indexing, Comparison of File Organizations, Indexes and Performance Tuning, Intuitions for tree Indexes, Indexed Sequential Access Methods (ISAM), B+ Trees: A Dynamic Index Structure.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Database Management Systems, Raghurama Krishnan, Johannes Gehrke, Tata Mc Graw Hill 3rd Edition
2. Database System Concepts, Silberschatz, Korth, McGraw hill, V edition.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Database Systems design, Implementation, and Management, Peter Rob & Carlos Coronel 7th Edition.
2. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Elmasri Navrate, Pearson Education
3. Introduction to Database Systems, C. J. Date, Pearson Education
4. Oracle for Professionals, The X Team, S. Shah and V. Shah, SPD.
5. Database Systems Using Oracle: A Simplified guide to SQL and PL/SQL, Shah, PHI.
6. Fundamentals of Database Management Systems, M. L. Gillenson, Wiley Student Edition.

CS412PC: OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA**B.Tech. II Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisites: Programming for Problem solving.**Course Objectives**

- To Understand the basic object-oriented programming concepts and apply them in problem solving.
- To Illustrate inheritance concepts for reusing the program.
- To Demonstrate multitasking by using multiple threads and event handling
- To Develop data-centric applications using JDBC.
- To Understand the basics of java console and GUI based programming

Course Outcomes

- Demonstrate the behavior of programs involving the basic programming constructs like control structures, constructors, string handling and garbage collection.
- Demonstrate the implementation of inheritance (multilevel, hierarchical and multiple) by using extend and implement keywords
- Use multithreading concepts to develop inter process communication.
- Understand the process of graphical user interface design and implementation using AWT or swings.
- Develop applets that interact abundantly with the client environment and deploy on the server.

UNIT - I

Object oriented thinking and Java Basics- Need for oop paradigm, summary of oop concepts, coping with complexity, abstraction mechanisms. A way of viewing world – Agents, responsibility, messages, methods, History of Java, Java buzzwords, data types, variables, scope and lifetime of variables, arrays, operators, expressions, control statements, type conversion and casting, simple java program, concepts of classes, objects, constructors, methods, access control, this keyword, garbage collection, overloading methods and constructors, method binding, inheritance, overriding and exceptions, parameter passing, recursion, nested and inner classes, exploring string class.

UNIT - II

Inheritance, Packages and Interfaces – Hierarchical abstractions, Base class object, subclass, subtype, substitutability, forms of inheritance specialization, specification, construction, extension, limitation, combination, benefits of inheritance, costs of inheritance. Member access rules, super uses, using final with inheritance, polymorphism- method overriding, abstract classes, the Object class. Defining, Creating and Accessing a Package, Understanding CLASSPATH, importing packages, differences between classes and interfaces, defining an interface, implementing interface, applying interfaces, variables in interface and extending interfaces. Exploring java.io.

UNIT - III

Exception handling and Multithreading-- Concepts of exception handling, benefits of exception handling, Termination or resumptive models, exception hierarchy, usage of try, catch, throw, throws and finally, built in exceptions, creating own exception subclasses. String handling, Exploring java.util. Differences between multithreading and multitasking, thread life cycle, creating threads, thread priorities, synchronizing threads, inter thread communication, thread groups, daemon threads. Enumerations, autoboxing, annotations, generics.

UNIT - IV

Event Handling: Events, Event sources, Event classes, Event Listeners, Delegation event model, handling mouse and keyboard events, Adapter classes. The AWT class hierarchy, user interface

components- labels, button, canvas, scrollbars, text components, check box, check box groups, choices, lists panels – scrollpane, dialogs, menubar, graphics, layout manager – layout manager types – border, grid, flow, card and grid bag.

UNIT - V

Applets – Concepts of Applets, differences between applets and applications, life cycle of an applet, types of applets, creating applets, passing parameters to applets. Swing – Introduction, limitations of AWT, MVC architecture, components, containers, exploring swing- JApplet, JFrame and JComponent, Icons and Labels, text fields, buttons – The JButton class, Check boxes, Radio buttons, Combo boxes, Tabbed Panes, Scroll Panes, Trees, and Tables.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Java the complete reference, 7th edition, Herbert Schildt, TMH.
2. Understanding OOP with Java, updated edition, T. Budd, Pearson Education.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. An Introduction to programming and OO design using Java, J.Nino and F.A. Hosch, John Wiley & Sons.
2. An Introduction to OOP, third edition, T. Budd, Pearson Education.
3. Introduction to Java programming, Y. Daniel Liang, Pearson Education.
4. An introduction to Java programming and object-oriented application development, R.A. Johnson- Thomson.
5. Core Java 2, Vol 1, Fundamentals, Cay.S. Horstmann and Gary Cornell, eighth Edition, Pearson Education.
6. Core Java 2, Vol 2, Advanced Features, Cay.S. Horstmann and Gary Cornell, eighth Edition, Pearson Education.
7. Object Oriented Programming with Java, R. Buyya, S.T. Selvi, X. Chu, TMH.
8. Java and Object Orientation, an introduction, John Hunt, second edition, Springer.
9. Maurach's Beginning Java2 JDK 5, SPD.

CS422PC: DESIGN THINKING

B.Tech. II Year II Sem.

L T P C

3 0 0 3

Prerequisites: NIL**Course Objectives:**

- To inculcate core design principles and applied creativity to develop innovative strategies that better connect engineers with their end users
- To build mindset leading to flow of creative ideas, validating those ideas and prioritizing the best ones
- To incorporate tools that designers need to take a design project from inspiration and insights to ideation and implementation
- To instill full scope of organizational innovation and strategy through knowledge, insight and analytical skills

Course Outcomes: After completion of the course, the student should be able to:

- Use design thinking and hypothesis-driven innovation processes to develop viable solutions to user challenges.
- Use multiple brainstorming techniques to find innovative solutions.
- Develop and test a business model or business case to support the viability of the solution.
- Prototype a solution to a user challenge.
- Investigate the cultural, emotional, technological and business factors relevant to developing new product or service design concept.

UNIT - I

Revisiting Design Thinking: Creative thinking as basis of innovation; Empathy process for deep understanding of challenge with practical ingenuity; Making sense of observations and insights; Defining a point of view and context Design thinking skills for Problem Discovery, Definition, and Ideation – Identifying problems in daily lives and in the world at large, Understanding user and customer perspectives, Thinking from the problem before thinking of a solution.

UNIT - II

Ideation Process: Clear Articulation of problem statement with focus on latent needs; Brainstorming potential solutions; Ideation methods with case-study based approach to using Systematic Inventive Thinking (SIT) Methods such as Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division and Task Unification Strategic Innovation for competition in future: Linear Innovation vs. non-linear innovation, Understanding and identifying weak signals, 3-box thinking, 3-Box framework and Box-3 ideation

UNIT - III

Designing Customer Experience: Understanding Innovation through Design Thinking; Enhancing Customer Experience; Service Design and Development Process and Case Studies; Service Experience Cycle and Case Studies.

UNIT - IV

Sustainable Design Approaches: Concern for Environment and Sustainability in Design, Case Studies to understand good Design For Environment (DFE) Decisions; Design Considerations in the five stages of the Product Life Cycle.

UNIT - V

Integrative Engineering Design Solutions: Identifying and resolving issues with working in diverse teams, Modularising, prototype building by different engineering disciplines within the team, validated learning with accessible metrics

Capstone Project (Interdisciplinary)

Applying Design Thinking Principles and Methods for Ideation and Prototyping, Testing Solution, Refining Solution, and Taking the Solution to the Users

TEXT BOOKS:

1. 101 Design Methods: A Structured Approach for Driving Innovation in Your Organization, Vijay Kumar, John Wiley & Sons, ISBN: 978-1118083468, 2012.
2. Living with Complexity, Donald A Norman, MIT Press, ISBN: 978-0262528948, 2016.
3. Design Thinking for Entrepreneurs and Small Businesses: Putting the Power of Design to Work, Beverly Rudkin Ingle, A Press, ISBN: 978-1430261810, 2013.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Emotionally Durable Design: Objects, Experiences and Empathy, Jonathan Chapman, 2nd Edition, Routledge, ISBN: 978-0415732161, 2015.
2. Innovation Design: How Any Organization Can Leverage Design Thinking to Produce Change, Drive New Ideas, and Deliver Meaningful Solutions, Thomas Lockwood, Edgar Papke, New Page Books, ISBN: 978-1632651167, 2017.
3. Design Thinking Business Analysis: Business Concept Mapping Applied, Thomas Frisendal, Springer, ISBN: 978-3642434822, 2012.
4. Chapter 1: A Simple Framework for Leading Innovation, The Three Box Solution, HBR Press, 2016.
5. Design a Better Business: New Tools, Skills and Mindset for Strategy and Innovation, Patrick Van Der Pijl, Justin Lokitz, Lisa Kay Solomon, Erik van der Pluijm, Maarten van Lieshout, Wiley, ISBN: 978-8126565085, 2016.

CS423PC: DESIGN THINKING LAB**B.Tech. II Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
0	0	0	1.5

Prerequisite: Design Thinking.

Course Objectives: The focus of Product Design and Development is integration of the marketing, design, and manufacturing functions of the firm in creating a new product.

Course Outcomes:

- Understand a set of tools and methods for product design and development.
- knowledge for enhancing our abilities to create a new product.
- Awareness of the role of multiple functions in creating a new product (e.g. marketing, finance, industrial design, engineering, production).

List of Experiments:

1. Problem Statement (Clearly mention the problem your group would like to solve)
 - a) Mission Statement (Why is it important to solve this problem? Who will be the beneficiaries? What is the market opportunity?)
 - b) Value Proposition (Clearly state the redefined problem with specific issues the team would like to solve)
2. a) Assumptions (What are the current/existing considerations/limitations regarding the problem your team would like to address?)
 1. Stakeholders (List all the stakeholder groups that can influence or can be influenced by a change. Which stakeholder group(s) will be benefitted? Which stakeholder group(s) has your team interacted with? – Identify which user group you would like to target the solution - Mainstream, Extreme or Latent users)
3. Empathy Tool Used (What/How/Why, Empathy Map, AEIOU method, Beginner's mindset, Story/Share capture, etc.)
4. Data Collection (Research, Questionnaires, Interviews, Surveys, Stakeholder groups, Statistics, etc.)
5. Insights (Document all points from data collection stage to form insights about the problem)
6. Ideation Method Used (Mind Map, Brainstorming, SIT method, SCAMPER, Three-Box Thinking)

TEXT BOOK:

1. Ulrich, Karl, and Steven Eppinger. Product Design and Development. 3rd ed. New York, NY: McGraw-Hill, 2004. ISBN: 9780072471465.

CS407PC: DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS LAB**B.Tech. II Year II Sem.****L T P C**
0 0 3 1.5**Co-requisites:** Co-requisite of course "Database Management Systems"**Course Objectives:**

- Introduce ER data model, database design and normalization
- Learn SQL basics for data definition and data manipulation

Course Outcomes:

- Design database schema for a given application and apply normalization
- Acquire skills in using SQL commands for data definition and data manipulation.
- Develop solutions for database applications using procedures, cursors and triggers

List of Experiments:

1. Concept design with E-R Model
2. Relational Model
3. Normalization
4. Practicing DDL commands
5. Practicing DML commands
6. Querying (using ANY, ALL, IN, Exists, NOT EXISTS, UNION, INTERSECT, Constraints etc.)
7. Queries using Aggregate functions, GROUP BY, HAVING and Creation and dropping of Views.
8. Triggers (Creation of insert trigger, delete trigger, update trigger)
9. Procedures
10. Usage of Cursors

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Database Management Systems, Raghurama Krishnan, Johannes Gehrke, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 3rd Edition
2. Database System Concepts, Silberschatz, Korth, McGraw Hill, V edition.

REFERENCES BOOKS:

1. Database Systems design, Implementation, and Management, Peter Rob & Carlos Coronel 7th Edition.
2. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Elmasri Navrate, Pearson Education
3. Introduction to Database Systems, C.J. Date, Pearson Education
4. Oracle for Professionals, The X Team, S. Shah and V. Shah, SPD.
5. Database Systems Using Oracle: A Simplified guide to SQL and PL/SQL, Shah, PHI.
6. Fundamentals of Database Management Systems, M. L. Gillenson, Wiley Student Edition.

CS408PC: JAVA PROGRAMMING LAB**B.Tech. II Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
0	0	4	2

Course Objectives:

- To write programs using abstract classes.
- To write programs for solving real world problems using the java collection framework.
- To write multithreaded programs.
- To write GUI programs using swing controls in Java.
- To introduce java compiler and eclipse platform.
- To impart hands-on experience with java programming.

Course Outcomes:

- Able to write programs for solving real world problems using the java collection framework.
- Able to write programs using abstract classes.
- Able to write multithreaded programs.
- Able to write GUI programs using swing controls in Java.

Note:

1. Use LINUX and MySQL for the Lab Experiments. Though not mandatory, encourage the use of the Eclipse platform.
2. The list suggests the minimum program set. Hence, the concerned staff is requested to add more problems to the list as needed.

List of Experiments:

1. Use Eclipse or Net bean platform and acquaint yourself with the various menus. Create a test project, add a test class, and run it. See how you can use auto suggestions, auto fill. Try code formatter and code refactoring like renaming variables, methods, and classes. Try debug step by step with a small program of about 10 to 15 lines which contains at least one if else condition and a for loop.
2. Write a Java program that works as a simple calculator. Use a grid layout to arrange buttons for the digits and for the +, -,*, % operations. Add a text field to display the result. Handle any possible exceptions like divided by zero.
3. A) Develop an applet in Java that displays a simple message.
B) Develop an applet in Java that receives an integer in one text field, and computes its factorial Value and returns it in another text field, when the button named "Compute" is clicked.
4. Write a Java program that creates a user interface to perform integer divisions. The user enters two numbers in the text fields, Num1 and Num2. The division of Num1 and Num 2 is displayed in the Result field when the Divide button is clicked. If Num1 or Num2 were not an integer, the program would throw a Number Format Exception. If Num2 were Zero, the program would throw an Arithmetic Exception. Display the exception in a message dialog box.
5. Write a Java program that implements a multi-thread application that has three threads. First thread generates a random integer every 1 second and if the value is even, the second thread computes the square of the number and prints. If the value is odd, the third thread will print the value of the cube of the number.
6. Write a Java program for the following:
Create a doubly linked list of elements.
Delete a given element from the above list.
Display the contents of the list after deletion.

7. Write a Java program that simulates a traffic light. The program lets the user select one of three lights: red, yellow, or green with radio buttons. On selecting a button, an appropriate message with "Stop" or "Ready" or "Go" should appear above the buttons in the selected color. Initially, there is no message shown.
8. Write a Java program to create an abstract class named Shape that contains two integers and an empty method named print Area (). Provide three classes named Rectangle, Triangle, and Circle such that each one of the classes extends the class Shape. Each one of the classes contains only the method print Area () that prints the area of the given shape.
9. Suppose that a table named Table.txt is stored in a text file. The first line in the file is the header, and the remaining lines correspond to rows in the table. The elements are separated by commas. Write a java program to display the table using Labels in Grid Layout.
10. Write a Java program that handles all mouse events and shows the event name at the center of the window when a mouse event is fired (Use Adapter classes).
11. Write a Java program that loads names and phone numbers from a text file where the data is organized as one line per record and each field in a record is separated by a tab (\t). It takes a name or phone number as input and prints the corresponding other value from the hash table (hint: use hash tables).
12. Write a Java program that correctly implements the producer – consumer problem using the concept of inter thread communication.
13. Write a Java program to list all the files in a directory including the files present in all its subdirectories.
14. Write a Java program that implements Quick sort algorithm for sorting a list of names in ascending order
15. Write a Java program that implements Bubble sort algorithm for sorting in descending order and also shows the number of interchanges occurring for the given set of integers.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Java for Programmers, P. J. Deitel and H. M. Deitel, 10th Edition Pearson education.
2. Thinking in Java, Bruce Eckel, Pearson Education.
3. Java Programming, D. S. Malik and P. S. Nair, Cengage Learning.
4. Core Java, Volume 1, 9th edition, Cay S. Horstmann and G Cornell, Pearson.

MC409: CONSTITUTION OF INDIA*B.Tech. II Year II Sem.****L T P C**
3 0 0 0

The Constitution of India is the supreme law of India. Parliament of India cannot make any law which violates the Fundamental Rights enumerated under the Part III of the Constitution. The Parliament of India has been empowered to amend the Constitution under Article 368, however, it cannot use this power to change the “basic structure” of the constitution, which has been ruled and explained by the Supreme Court of India in its historical judgments. The Constitution of India reflects the idea of “Constitutionalism” – a modern and progressive concept historically developed by the thinkers of “liberalism” – an ideology which has been recognized as one of the most popular political ideologies and result of historical struggles against arbitrary use of sovereign power by the state. The historic revolutions in France, England, America and particularly the European Renaissance and Reformation movement have resulted in progressive legal reforms in the form of “constitutionalism” in many countries. The Constitution of India was made by borrowing models and principles from many countries including the United Kingdom and America.

The Constitution of India is not only a legal document but it also reflects social, political and economic perspectives of the Indian Society. It reflects India’s legacy of “diversity”. It has been said that the Indian constitution reflects ideals of its freedom movement; however, few critics have argued that it does not truly incorporate our own ancient legal heritage and cultural values. No law can be “static” and therefore the Constitution of India has also been amended more than one hundred times. These amendments reflect political, social and economic developments since the year 1950. The Indian judiciary and particularly the Supreme Court of India has played an historic role as the guardian of people. It has been protecting not only basic ideals of the Constitution but also strengthened the same through progressive interpretations of the text of the Constitution. The judicial activism of the Supreme Court of India and its historic contributions has been recognized throughout the world and it gradually made it “as one of the strongest courts in the world”.

Course content:

1. Meaning of the constitution law and constitutionalism
2. Historical perspective of the Constitution of India
3. Salient features and characteristics of the Constitution of India
4. Scheme of the fundamental rights
5. The scheme of the Fundamental Duties and its legal status
6. The Directive Principles of State Policy – Its importance and implementation
7. Federal structure and distribution of legislative and financial powers between the Union and the States
8. Parliamentary Form of Government in India – The constitution powers and status of the President of India
9. Amendment of the Constitutional Powers and Procedure
10. The historical perspectives of the constitutional amendments in India
11. Emergency Provisions: National Emergency, President Rule, Financial Emergency
12. Local Self Government – Constitutional Scheme in India
13. Scheme of the Fundamental Right to Equality
14. Scheme of the Fundamental Right to certain Freedom under Article 19
15. Scope of the Right to Life and Personal Liberty under Article 21

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF EXPERIMENTS**B.Tech. III Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Pre-requisites: MFCS, Probability and Statistics.**Course Objectives:** Knowledge on need of experimentation, Fractional Factorial Experiments in design and analysis of experiments**Course Outcomes:**

- Understand the strategy of experimentation.
- Analyze characterization of experiments, Factorial experiments, Factorial experiments with factors at Two levels.
- Illustrate the significance of Asymmetrical factorial designs and confounded asymmetrical factorials.
- Understand Incomplete block designs and balanced Incomplete block designs.

UNIT - I:**Need for Experimentation:** Strategy of Experimentation, Some Typical Applications of Experimental Design, Basic Principles, Guidelines for Designing Experiments, A Brief History of Statistical Design, Review of Statistics and Testing of Hypothesis.**UNIT - II:****Experimentation with Single factor:** The Randomized Complete Block Design, Statistical Analysis of the RCBD, Model Adequacy Checking, Some Other Aspects of the Randomized Complete Block Design, Estimating Model Parameters and the General Regression Significance Test, The Latin Square Design, The Graeco-Latin Square Design, Least Squares Estimation of the Parameters.**UNIT - III:****2^k Factorial Experiments:** Characterization of experiments, Factorial experiments, Factorial experiments with factors at Two levels, Finite fields and Design of experiments, Grouping for interaction contrasts, Confounding, confounding in more than two blocks, Experiments with factors at Three levels, A general method of construction of confounded factorials, Analysis of factorial experiments, fractional factorials.**UNIT - IV:****Fractional Factorial Experiments:** Asymmetrical factorial designs, confounded asymmetrical factorials, Construction of balanced confounded Asymmetrical factorials, Analysis of balanced confounded experiments, Construction and Analysis of partially confounded experiments**UNIT - V:****Advance Studies:** Incomplete Block designs, Balanced Incomplete Block designs, Construction of BIBD, Analysis, Response Surface Methodology**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Montgomery (2012) "Design-and-analysis-of-experiments"- JW
http://www.ru.ac.bd/stat/wp-content/uploads/sites/25/2019/03/502_06_Montgomery-Design-and-analysis-of-experiments-2012.pdf
2. Manindra Nath Das, Narayan C. Giri (2003) "Design and Analysis of Experiments" New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers, New Delhi.
3. Gary W. Oehlert University of Minnesota, "A First Course in Design and Analysis of Experiments - <http://users.stat.umn.edu/~gary/book/fcdae.pdf>

Web Resources:

https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_mg48/preview

<https://www.stat.cmu.edu/~hseltman/AboutMe.html>

<https://www.coursera.org/specializations/design-experiments>

<https://www.udemy.com/course/design-of-experiments-i/>

<https://professional.mit.edu/course-catalog/design-and-analysis-experiments>

<https://www.six-sigma-material.com/Design-of-Experiments.html>

<https://sixsigmastudyguide.com/design-of-experiments-study-guide/>

COMPUTER NETWORKS**B.Tech. III Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisites:

1. A course on "Programming for problem solving".
2. A course on "Data Structures".

Course Objectives

- The objective of the course is to equip the students with a general overview of the concepts and fundamentals of computer networks.
- Familiarize the students with the standard models for the layered approach to communication between machines in a network and the protocols of the various layers.

Course Outcomes

- Gain the knowledge of the basic computer network technology.
- Gain the knowledge of the functions of each layer in the OSI and TCP/IP reference model.
- Obtain the skills of subnetting and routing mechanisms.
- Familiarity with the essential protocols of computer networks, and how they can be applied in network design and implementation.

UNIT - I

Network hardware, Network software, OSI, TCP/IP Reference models, Example Networks: ARPANET, Internet. Physical Layer: Guided Transmission media: twisted pairs, coaxial cable, fiber optics, Wireless transmission.

UNIT - II

Data link layer: Design issues, framing, Error detection and correction.

Elementary data link protocols: simplex protocol, A simplex stop and wait protocol for an error-free channel, A simplex stop and wait protocol for noisy channel.

Sliding Window protocols: A one-bit sliding window protocol, A protocol using Go-Back-N, A protocol using Selective Repeat, Example data link protocols.

Medium Access sub layer: The channel allocation problem, Multiple access protocols: ALOHA, Carrier sense multiple access protocols, collision free protocols. Wireless LANs, Data link layer switching.

UNIT - III

Network Layer: Design issues, Routing algorithms: shortest path routing, Flooding, Hierarchical routing, Broadcast, Multicast, distance vector routing, Congestion Control Algorithms, Quality of Service, Internetworking, The Network layer in the internet.

UNIT - IV

Transport Layer: Transport Services, Elements of Transport protocols, Connection management, TCP and UDP protocols.

UNIT - V

Application Layer –Domain name system, SNMP, Electronic Mail; the World WEB, HTTP, Streaming audio and video.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Computer Networks -- Andrew S Tanenbaum, David. j. Wetherall, 5th Edition. Pearson Education/PHI

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. An Engineering Approach to Computer Networks-S. Keshav, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education.
2. Data Communications and Networking – Behrouz A. Forouzan. Third Edition TMH.

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS**B.Tech. III Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisites:

1. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures".
2. A course on "Advanced Data Structures".

Course Objectives:

- Introduces the notations for analysis of the performance of algorithms.
- Introduces the data structure of disjoint sets.
- Describes major algorithmic techniques (divide-and-conquer, backtracking, dynamic Programming, greedy, branch and bound methods) and mention problems for which each technique is appropriate
- Describes how to evaluate and compare different algorithms using worst-, average-, and best case analysis.
- Explains the difference between tractable and intractable problems, and introduces the Problems that are P, NP and NP complete.

Course Outcomes:

- Ability to analyze the performance of algorithms
- Ability to choose appropriate data structures and algorithm design methods for a specified application
- Ability to understand how the choice of data structures and the algorithm design methods Impact the performance of programs

UNIT - I

Introduction: Algorithm, Performance Analysis-Space complexity, Time complexity, Asymptotic Notations- Big oh notation, Omega notation, Theta notation and Little oh notation.

Divide and conquer: General method, applications-Binary search, Quick sort, Merge sort, Strassen's matrix multiplication.

UNIT - II

Disjoint Sets: Disjoint set operations, union and find algorithms.

Backtracking: General method, applications, n-queen's problem, sum of subsets problem, graph coloring

UNIT - III

Dynamic Programming: General method, applications- Optimal binary search trees, 0/1 knapsack problem, All pairs shortest path problem, Traveling sales person problem, Reliability design.

UNIT - IV

Greedy method: General method, applications-Job sequencing with deadlines, knapsack problem, Minimum cost spanning trees, Single source shortest path problem.

UNIT - V

Branch and Bound: General method, applications - Travelling sales person problem, 0/1 knapsack problem - LC Branch and Bound solution, FIFO Branch and Bound solution.

NP-Hard and NP-Complete problems: Basic concepts, non-deterministic algorithms, NP - Hard and NP-Complete classes, Cook's theorem.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms, Ellis Horowitz, Satraj Sahni and Rajasekharan, University Press.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Design and Analysis of algorithms, Aho, Ullman and Hopcroft, Pearson education.
2. Introduction to Algorithms, second edition, T. H. Cormen, C.E. Leiserson, R. L. Rivest, and C. Stein, PHI Pvt. Ltd./ Pearson Education.
3. Algorithm Design: Foundations, Analysis and Internet Examples, M.T. Goodrich and R. Tamassia, John Wiley and sons.

SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives

- The aim of the course is to provide an understanding of the working knowledge of the techniques for estimation, design, testing and quality management of large software development projects.
- Topics include process models, software requirements, software design, software testing, software process/product metrics, risk management, quality management and UML diagrams

Course Outcomes

- Ability to translate end-user requirements into system and software requirements, using e.g. UML, and structure the requirements in a Software Requirements Document (SRD).
- Identify and apply appropriate software architectures and patterns to carry out high level design of a system and be able to critically compare alternative choices.
- Will have experience and/or awareness of testing problems and will be able to develop a simple testing report

UNIT - I

Introduction to Software Engineering: The evolving role of software, changing nature of software, software myths.

A Generic view of process: Software engineering- a layered technology, a process framework, the capability maturity model integration (CMMI), process patterns, process assessment, personal and team process models.

Process models: The waterfall model, incremental process models, evolutionary process models, the unified process.

UNIT - II

Software Requirements: Functional and non-functional requirements, user requirements, system requirements, interface specification, the software requirements document.

Requirements engineering process: Feasibility studies, requirements elicitation and analysis, requirements validation, requirements management.

System models: Context models, behavioral models, data models, object models, structured methods.

UNIT - III

Design Engineering: Design process and design quality, design concepts, the design model.

Creating an architectural design: software architecture, data design, architectural styles and patterns, architectural design, conceptual model of UML, basic structural modeling, class diagrams, sequence diagrams, collaboration diagrams, use case diagrams, component diagrams.

UNIT - IV

Testing Strategies: A strategic approach to software testing, test strategies for conventional software, black-box and white-box testing, validation testing, system testing, the art of debugging.

Product metrics: Software quality, metrics for analysis model, metrics for design model, metrics for source code, metrics for testing, metrics for maintenance.

UNIT - V

Metrics for Process and Products: Software measurement, metrics for software quality.

Risk management: Reactive Vs proactive risk strategies, software risks, risk identification, risk projection, risk refinement, RMMM, RMMM plan.

Quality Management: Quality concepts, software quality assurance, software reviews, formal technical reviews, statistical software quality assurance, software reliability, the ISO 9000 quality standards.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Software Engineering, A practitioner's Approach- Roger S. Pressman, 6th edition, Mc Graw Hill International Edition.
2. Software Engineering- Sommerville, 7th edition, Pearson Education.
3. The unified modeling language user guide Grady Booch, James Rumbaugh, Ivar Jacobson, Pearson Education.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Software Engineering, an Engineering approach- James F. Peters, Witold Pedrycz, John Wiley.
2. Software Engineering principles and practice- Waman S Jawadekar, The Mc Graw-Hill Companies.
3. Fundamentals of object-oriented design using UML Meiler page-Jones: Pearson Education.

QUANTUM COMPUTING (Professional Elective - I)

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

- To introduce the fundamentals of quantum computing
- The problem-solving approach using finite dimensional mathematics

Course Outcomes:

- Understand basics of quantum computing
- Understand physical implementation of Qubit
- Understand Quantum algorithms and their implementation
- Understand the Impact of Quantum Computing on Cryptography

UNIT - I

Introduction to Essential Linear Algebra: Some Basic Algebra, Matrix Math, Vectors and Vector Spaces, Set Theory. **Complex Numbers:** Definition of Complex Numbers, Algebra of Complex Numbers, Complex Numbers Graphically, Vector Representations of Complex Numbers, Pauli Matrices, Transcendental Numbers.

UNIT - II

Basic Physics for Quantum Computing: The Journey to Quantum, Quantum Physics Essentials, Basic Atomic Structure, Hilbert Spaces, Uncertainty, Quantum States, Entanglement.

Basic Quantum Theory: Further with Quantum Mechanics, Quantum Decoherence, Quantum Electrodynamics, Quantum Chromodynamics, Feynman Diagram Quantum Entanglement and QKD, Quantum Entanglement, Interpretation, QKE.

UNIT - III

Quantum Architecture: Further with Qubits, Quantum Gates, More with Gates, Quantum Circuits, The D-Wave Quantum Architecture. **Quantum Hardware:** Qubits, How Many Qubits Are Needed? Addressing Decoherence, Topological Quantum Computing, Quantum Essentials.

UNIT - IV

Quantum Algorithms: What Is an Algorithm? Deutsch's Algorithm, Deutsch-Jozsa Algorithm, Bernstein-Vazirani Algorithm, Simon's Algorithm, Shor's Algorithm, Grover's Algorithm.

UNIT - V

Current Asymmetric Algorithms: RSA, Diffie-Hellman, Elliptic Curve. **The Impact of Quantum Computing on Cryptography:** Asymmetric Cryptography, Specific Algorithms, Specific Applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Nielsen M. A., Quantum Computation and Quantum Information, Cambridge University Press
2. Dr. Chuck Easttom, Quantum Computing Fundamentals, Pearson

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Quantum Computing for Computer Scientists by Noson S. Yanofsky and Mirco A. Mannucci
2. Benenti G., Casati G. and Strini G., Principles of Quantum Computation and Information, Vol. Basic Concepts. Vol. Basic Tools and Special Topics, World Scientific.
3. Pittenger A. O., An Introduction to Quantum Computing Algorithms.

DESIGN OF INTERACTIVE SYSTEMS (Professional Elective - I)**B.Tech. III Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Pre-requisites: Basic Understanding of Human-Computer Interaction methodology and GUI styles**Course Objectives:**

- To focus on creating interfaces, systems.
- To analyze the devices revolving around user behavior.
- To explore the interaction design process.
- To explain how interaction designers work and the tools used for principles of interaction design.

Course Outcome:

- Describe creating interfaces and systems.
- Explain the devices revolving around user behavior.
- List the interaction of design process.
- Recognize the designers work and the tools they use for interaction design.

UNIT - I

Introduction: Goals of System Engineering – Goals of User Interface Design – Motivations of Human factors in Design – High Level Theories –Object-Action Interface Design - Three Principles – Guidelines for Data Display and Data Entry

UNIT - II

Managing Design Process: Organizational Design to Support Usability – The Three Pillars of Design Development Methodologies- Ethnographic Observation – Participating Design Scenario Development- Social Impact Statement for Early Design – Legal Issues- Reviews – Usability Testing and laboratories- Surveys- Acceptance tests – Evaluation during Active use- Specification Methods- Interface – Building Tools- Evaluation and Critiquing tools

UNIT - III

Manipulation and Virtual Environments: Introduction-Examples of Direct Manipulation Systems – Explanation of Direct Manipulation-Visual Thinking and Icons – Direct manipulation Programming – Home Automation- Remote Direct Manipulation- Virtual Environments- Task-Related Organization – Item Presentation Sequence- Response Time and Display Rate – Fast Movement Through Menus- Menu Layouts- Form Filling – Dialog Box – Functionality to Support User's Tasks – Command Organization Strategies – Benefits of Structure- Naming and Abbreviations – Command Menus- Natural Language in Computing.

UNIT - IV

Interaction Devices: Introduction – Keyboards and Functions – Pointing Devices- Speech recognition, Digitization and Generation – Image and Video Displays – Printers – Theoretical Foundations – Expectations and Attitudes – User Productivity – Variability – Error messages – Non anthropomorphic Design –Display Design – color-Reading from Paper versus from Displays- Preparation of Printed Manuals- Preparation of Online Facilities.

UNIT - V

Windows Strategies and Information Search: Introduction- Individual Window Design Multiple Window Design- Coordination by Tightly –Coupled Window- Image Browsing Personal Role Management and Elastic Windows – Goals of Cooperation – Asynchronous Interaction – Synchronous

Distributed – Face to Face- Applying Computer Supported Cooperative Work to Education – Database query and phrase search in Textual documents – Multimedia Documents Searches – Information Visualization – Advance Filtering Hypertext and Hypermedia – World Wide Web- Genres and Goals and Designers – Users and their tasks – Object Action Interface Model for Web site Design

TEXT BOOK:

1. Ben Shneiderman, "Designing the User Interface", 5th Edition, Addison-Wesley, 2010.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Barfield, Lon, "The User Interface: Concepts and Design", Addison – Wesley.
2. Wilbert O. Galiz, "The Essential guide to User Interface Design", Wiley Dreamtech.
3. Jacob Nielsen, "Usability Engineering", Academic Press.
4. Alan Dix et al, "Human - Computer Interaction ", Prentice Hall, 2012.

DATA ANALYTICS (Professional Elective - I)**B.Tech. III Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisites: Course on “Database Management Systems”, Knowledge of probability and statistics.**Course Objectives:**

- To explore the fundamental concepts of data analytics.
- To learn the principles and methods of statistical analysis.
- Discover interesting patterns, analyze supervised and unsupervised models and estimate the accuracy of the algorithms.
- To understand the various search methods and visualization techniques.

Course Outcomes: After completion of this course students will be able to:

- Understand the impact of data analytics for business decisions and strategy.
- Carry out data analysis/statistical analysis.
- To carry out standard data visualization and formal inference procedures.
- Design Data Architecture.
- Understand various Data Sources.

UNIT - I

Data Management: Design Data Architecture and manage the data for analysis, understand various sources of Data like Sensors/Signals/GPS etc. Data Management, Data Quality (noise, outliers, missing values, duplicate data) and Data Processing & Processing.

UNIT - II

Data Analytics: Introduction to Analytics, Introduction to Tools and Environment, Application of Modeling in Business, Databases & Types of Data and variables, Data Modeling Techniques, Missing Imputations etc. Need for Business Modeling.

UNIT - III

Regression – Concepts, Blue property assumptions, Least Square Estimation, Variable Rationalization, and Model Building etc.

Logistic Regression: Model Theory, Model fit Statistics, Model Construction, Analytics applications to various Business Domains etc.

UNIT - IV

Object Segmentation: Regression Vs Segmentation – Supervised and Unsupervised Learning, Tree Building – Regression, Classification, Overfitting, Pruning and Complexity, Multiple Decision Trees etc.

Time Series Methods: Arima, Measures of Forecast Accuracy, STL approach, Extract features from generated model as Height, Average Energy etc and Analyze for prediction

UNIT - V

Data Visualization: Pixel-Oriented Visualization Techniques, Geometric Projection Visualization Techniques, Icon-Based Visualization Techniques, Hierarchical Visualization Techniques, Visualizing Complex Data and Relations.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Student's Handbook for Associate Analytics – II, III.
2. Data Mining Concepts and Techniques, Han, Kamber, 3rd Edition, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Introduction to Data Mining, Tan, Steinbach and Kumar, Addison Wesley, 2006.
2. Data Mining Analysis and Concepts, M. Zaki and W. Meira
3. Mining of Massive Datasets, Jure Leskovec Stanford Univ. Anand Rajaraman Millway Labs Jeffrey D Ullman Stanford Univ.

IMAGE PROCESSING (Professional Elective - I)**B.Tech. III Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisites:

1. Students are expected to have knowledge in linear signals and systems, Fourier Transform, basic linear algebra, basic probability theory and basic programming techniques; knowledge of Digital Signal Processing is desirable.
2. A course on "Computational Mathematics".
3. A course on "Computer Oriented Statistical Methods".

Course Objectives:

- Provide a theoretical and mathematical foundation of fundamental Digital Image Processing concepts.
- The topics include image acquisition; sampling and quantization; preprocessing; enhancement; restoration; segmentation; and compression.

Course Outcomes:

- Demonstrate the knowledge of the basic concepts of two-dimensional signal acquisition, sampling, and quantization.
- Demonstrate the knowledge of filtering techniques.
- Demonstrate the knowledge of 2D transformation techniques.
- Demonstrate the knowledge of image enhancement, segmentation, restoration and compression techniques.

UNIT - I

Digital Image Fundamentals: Digital Image through Scanner, Digital Camera. Concept of Gray Levels. Gray Level to Binary Image Conversion. Sampling and Quantization. Relationship between Pixels. Imaging Geometry. 2D Transformations-DFT, DCT, KLT and SVD.

UNIT - II

Image Enhancement in Spatial Domain Point Processing, Histogram Processing, Spatial Filtering, Enhancement in Frequency Domain, Image Smoothing, Image Sharpening.

UNIT - III

Image Restoration Degradation Model, Algebraic Approach to Restoration, Inverse Filtering, Least Mean Square Filters, Constrained Least Squares Restoration, Interactive Restoration.

UNIT - IV

Image Segmentation Detection of Discontinuities, Edge Linking and Boundary Detection, Thresholding, Region Oriented Segmentation.

UNIT - V

Image Compression Redundancies and their Removal Methods, Fidelity Criteria, Image Compression Models, Source Encoder and Decoder, Error Free Compression, Lossy Compression.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Digital Image Processing: R.C. Gonzalez & R. E. Woods, Addison Wesley/ Pearson Education, 2nd Ed, 2004.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing: A. K. Jain, PHI.
2. Digital Image Processing using MATLAB: Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, Steven L. Eddins: Pearson Education India, 2004.
3. Digital Image Processing: William K. Pratt, John Wiley, 3rd Edition, 2004.

SYSTEMS MANAGEMENT (Professional Elective - I)

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives: Knowledge on concepts of systems management.**Course Outcomes:**

- Understand the need of executive support and organizing for systems management.
- Analyze customer service and its key elements.
- Illustrate desired traits of an availability Process owner and Methods for Measuring Availability.
- Understand preferred Characteristics of a Performance and Tuning.

UNIT - I

Acquiring Executive Support: Introduction, Systems Management: A Proposed Definition, Why Executive Support Is Especially Critical Today, Building a Business Case for Systems Management, Educating Executives on the Value of Systems Management.

Organizing for Systems Management: Introduction, Factors to Consider in Designing IT Organizations, Factors to Consider in Designing IT Infrastructures.

UNIT - II

Customer Service: Introduction, How IT Evolved into a Service Organization, The Four Key Elements of Good Customer Service, Integrating the Four Key Elements of Good Customer Service, The Four Cardinal Sins that Undermine Good Customer Service.

Comparison to ITIL Processes: Introduction, Developments Leading Up To ITIL, IT Service Management, The Origins of ITIL, Quality Approach and Standards, Criteria to Differentiate Infrastructure Processes, Comparison of Infrastructure Processes, Ten Common Myths Concerning the Implementation of ITIL.

UNIT - III

Availability: Introduction, Definition of Availability, Differentiating Availability from Uptime, Differentiating Slow, Response from Downtime, Differentiating Availability from High Availability, Desired Traits of an Availability Process Owner, Methods for Measuring Availability, The Seven Rs of High Availability, Assessing an Infrastructure's Availability Process, Measuring and Streamlining the Availability Process.

UNIT - IV

Performance and Tuning: Introduction, Differences between the Performance and Tuning Process and Other Infrastructure Processes, Definition of Performance and Tuning, Preferred Characteristics of a Performance and Tuning Process Owner, Performance and Tuning Applied to the Five Major Resource Environments, Server Environment, Disk Storage Environment, Database Environment, Network Environment, Desktop Computer Environment, Assessing an Infrastructure's Performance and Tuning Process, Measuring and Streamlining the Performance and Tuning Process.

UNIT - V

Change Management: Introduction, Definition of Change Management, Drawbacks of Most Change Management Processes, Key Steps Required in Developing a Change Management Process, Emergency Changes Metric, Assessing an Infrastructure's Change Management Process, Measuring and Streamlining the Change Management Process.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Rich Schiesser, IT Systems Management, 2nd edition, Pearson Education.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Murdick, Robert G, Information Systems for Modern Management, 3rd edition, Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited.
2. Suman Mann Seema Shokeen, Pooja Singh, Information Systems Management, Wiley Publications.

RELIABILITY ENGINEERING (Professional Elective - II)**B.Tech. III Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives: Knowledge on concepts of failure mode and effect analysis, Fault tree analysis, Design of design of experiments.

Course Outcomes:

- Understand Basic Principles and General Fundamentals of FMEA Methodology
- Analyze the general Procedure of the FTA
- Illustrate the Strategy of Experimental Design
- Understand the product Liability and planning, product development process

UNIT - I

Failure Mode and Effect Analysis (FMEA): Basic Principles and General Fundamentals of FMEA Methodology- FMEA according to VDA 86- Example of a Design FMEA according to VDA 86- FMEA according to VDA 4.2- Example of a System FMEA Product according to VDA 4.2- Example of a System FMEA Process according to VDA 4.2.

UNIT - II

Fault Tree Analysis (FTA): General Procedure of the FTA- Qualitative Fault Tree Analysis- Quantitative Fault Tree Analysis Reliability Graph- Examples.

UNIT - III

Design of Experiments: Analysis of Variance Technique-Strategy of Experimental Design-t test-one and two sample test-F test-one factor at a time-power of analysis of variance tests-Orthogonal design. Completely Randomized design-Randomized Block Design-Latin Square Design-Graeco Latin Squares-Two Factor analysis of variance-Factorial Experiments. Three Factor Experiments-Factorial Experiments in a Regression setting-Incomplete Blocks Design.

UNIT - IV

Product Liability and Planning: History-Product Safety Law-Product Liability Law – Defenses - proof and the Expert Witness Financial Loss- The future of product Liability- Prevention- Degree of Novelty of a Product, Product Life Cycle, Company Goals and Their Effect. Solution Finding Methods- Conventional Methods, Intuitive Methods, Discursive Methods, Methods for Combining Solutions- Examples.

UNIT - V

Product Development Process: General Problem-Solving Process- Flow of Work During the Process of Designing- Activity Planning, Timing and Scheduling, Planning Project and Product Costs, Effective Organization Structures- Interdisciplinary Cooperation, Leadership and Team Behaviour.

TEXT/ REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. G. Haribaskaran, Probability, Queuing Theory & Reliability Engineering, Laxmi publications, 2nd Edition.
2. D. H. Besterfield, Glen H. Besterfield and M. Besterfield-Sacre, Total Quality Management, Pearson Publications, Third Edition.
3. E. Walpole, H. Myers and L. Myers, Probability and Statistics for engineering and Scientists, Pearson Publications, Eighth Edition.
4. Brend Bretsche, Reliability in Automotive and Mechanical Engineering, Springer Publications.
5. G. Pahl, W. Bietz, J. Feldhusen and K. H. Grote, Engineering Design a Systematic approach, Springer Publications, Third Edition.

EMBEDDED SYSTEMS (Professional Elective - II)**B.Tech. III Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Pre-requisites:

1. A course on "Digital Logic Design and Microprocessors".
2. A course on "Computer Organization and Architecture".

Course Objectives:

- To provide an overview of principles of Embedded System
- To provide a clear understanding of the role of firmware, operating systems in correlation with hardware systems.

Course Outcomes:

- Expected to understand the selection procedure of processors in the embedded domain.
- Design procedure of embedded firmware.
- Expected to visualize the role of real time operating systems in embedded systems.
- Expected to evaluate the correlation between task synchronization and latency issues

UNIT - I

Introduction to Embedded Systems: Definition of Embedded System, Embedded Systems Vs General Computing Systems, History of Embedded Systems, Classification of Embedded Systems, Major application areas, Purpose of Embedded Systems, Characteristics and Quality attributes of Embedded Systems.

UNIT - II

The Typical Embedded System: Core of the Embedded System, Memory, Sensors and Actuators, Communication Interface, Embedded Firmware, Other System components.

UNIT - III

Embedded Firmware Design and Development: Embedded Firmware Design, Embedded Firmware Development Languages, Programming in Embedded C.

UNIT - IV

RTOS Based Embedded System Design: Operating System basics, Types of Operating Systems, Tasks, Process, Threads, Multiprocessing and Multitasking, Task Scheduling, Threads-Processes-Scheduling putting them together, Task Communication, Task Synchronization, Device Drivers, How to choose an RTOS

UNIT - V

Integration and Testing of Embedded Hardware and Firmware: Integration of Hardware and Firmware, Boards Bring up The Embedded System Development Environment: The Integrated Development Environment (IDE), Types of files generated on Cross-Compilation, Disassembler/Decompiler, Simulators, Emulators and Debugging, Target Hardware Debugging, Boundary Scan.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Shibu K V, "Introduction to Embedded Systems", Second Edition, McGraw Hill

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Rajkamal, Embedded Systems Architecture, Programming and Design, Tata McGraw-Hill
2. Frank Vahid and Tony Givargis, "Embedded Systems Design" - A Unified Hardware/Software Introduction, John Wiley
3. Lyla, "Embedded Systems" -Pearson
4. David E. Simon, An Embedded Software Primer, Pearson Education Asia, First Indian Reprint 2000.

INFORMATION RETRIEVAL SYSTEMS (Professional Elective - II)**B.Tech. III Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisites: Data Structures**Course Objectives:**

- To learn the important concepts and algorithms in IRS
- To understand the data/file structures that are necessary to design, and implement information retrieval (IR) systems.

Course Outcomes:

- Ability to apply IR principles to locate relevant information large collections of data
- Ability to design different document clustering algorithms
- Implement retrieval systems for web search tasks.
- Design an Information Retrieval System for web search tasks.

UNIT - I

Introduction to Information Retrieval Systems: Definition of Information Retrieval System, Objectives of Information Retrieval Systems, Functional Overview, Relationship to Database Management Systems, Digital Libraries and Data Warehouses.

Information Retrieval System Capabilities: Search Capabilities, Browse Capabilities, Miscellaneous Capabilities.

UNIT - II

Cataloging and Indexing: History and Objectives of Indexing, Indexing Process, Automatic Indexing, Information Extraction. Data Structure: Introduction to Data Structure, Stemming Algorithms, Inverted File Structure, N-Gram Data Structures, PAT Data Structure, Signature File Structure, Hypertext and XML Data Structures, Hidden Markov Models.

UNIT - III

Automatic Indexing: Classes of Automatic Indexing, Statistical Indexing, Natural Language, Concept Indexing, Hypertext Linkages.

Document and Term Clustering: Introduction to Clustering, Thesaurus Generation, Item Clustering, Hierarchy of Clusters.

UNIT - IV

User Search Techniques: Search Statements and Binding, Similarity Measures and Ranking, Relevance Feedback, Selective Dissemination of Information Search, Weighted Searches of Boolean Systems, Searching the INTERNET and Hypertext.

Information Visualization: Introduction to Information Visualization, Cognition and Perception, Information Visualization Technologies.

UNIT - V

Text Search Algorithms: Introduction to Text Search Techniques, Software Text Search Algorithms, Hardware Text Search Systems.

Multimedia Information Retrieval: Spoken Language Audio Retrieval, Non-Speech Audio Retrieval, Graph Retrieval, Imagery Retrieval, Video Retrieval.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Information Storage and Retrieval Systems – Theory and Implementation, Second Edition, Gerald J. Kowalski, Mark T. Maybury, Springer

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Frakes, W.B., Ricardo Baeza-Yates: Information Retrieval Data Structures and Algorithms, Prentice Hall, 1992.
2. Information Storage & Retrieval by Robert Korfhage – John Wiley & Sons.
3. Modern Information Retrieval by Yates and Neto Pearson Education.

DISTRIBUTED DATABASES (Professional Elective - II)**B.Tech. III Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisites:

1. A course on "Database Management Systems".

Course Objectives:

- The purpose of the course is to enrich the previous knowledge of database systems and exposing the need for distributed database technology to confront with the deficiencies of the centralized database systems.
- Introduce basic principles and implementation techniques of distributed database systems.
- Equip students with principles and knowledge of parallel and object-oriented databases.
- Topics include distributed DBMS architecture and design; query processing and optimization; distributed transaction management and reliability; parallel and object database management systems.

Course Outcomes:

- Understand theoretical and practical aspects of distributed database systems.
- Study and identify various issues related to the development of distributed database system.
- Understand the design aspects of object-oriented database system and related development.

UNIT - I

Introduction; Distributed Data Processing, Distributed Database System, Promises of DDBSs, Problem areas.

Distributed DBMS Architecture: Architectural Models for Distributed DBMS, DDMBS Architecture.

Distributed Database Design: Alternative Design Strategies, Distribution Design issues, Fragmentation, Allocation.

UNIT - II

Query processing and decomposition: Query processing objectives, characterization of query processors, layers of query processing, query decomposition, localization of distributed data.

Distributed query Optimization: Query optimization, centralized query optimization, distributed query optimization algorithms.

UNIT - III

Transaction Management: Definition, properties of transaction, types of transactions, distributed concurrency control: serializability, concurrency control mechanisms & algorithms, time - stamped & optimistic concurrency control Algorithms, deadlock Management.

UNIT - IV

Distributed DBMS Reliability: Reliability concepts and measures, fault-tolerance in distributed systems, failures in Distributed DBMS, local & distributed reliability protocols, site failures and network partitioning.

Parallel Database Systems: Parallel database system architectures, parallel data placement, parallel query processing, load balancing, database clusters.

UNIT - V

Distributed object Database Management Systems: Fundamental object concepts and models, object distributed design, architectural issues, object management, distributed object storage, object query Processing.

Object Oriented Data Model: Inheritance, object identity, persistent programming languages, persistence of objects, comparison OODBMS and ORDBMS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. M. Tamer OZSU and Patuck Valduriez: Principles of Distributed Database Systems, Pearson Edn. Asia, 2001.
2. Stefano Ceri and Giuseppe Pelagatti: Distributed Databases, McGraw Hill.

REFERENCE BOOK:

1. Hector Garcia-Molina, Jeffrey D. Ullman, Jennifer Widom: "Database Systems: The Complete Book", Second Edition, Pearson International Edition.

NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING (Professional Elective - II)**B.Tech. III Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisites: Courses on Data structures, Knowledge on Finite Automata and Probability Theory.**Course Objectives:**

- Introduce to some of the problems and solutions of NLP and their relation to linguistics and statistics.

Course Outcomes:

- Show sensitivity to linguistic phenomena and an ability to model them with formal grammars.
- Understand and carry out proper experimental methodology for training and evaluating empirical NLP systems
- Able to manipulate probabilities, construct statistical models over strings and trees, and estimate parameters using supervised and unsupervised training methods.
- Able to design, implement, and analyze NLP algorithms
- Able to design different language modeling Techniques.

UNIT - I**Finding the Structure of Words:** Words and Their Components, Issues and Challenges, Morphological Models**Finding the Structure of Documents:** Introduction, Methods, Complexity of the Approaches, Performances of the Approaches**UNIT - II****Syntax Analysis:** Parsing Natural Language, Treebanks: A Data-Driven Approach to Syntax, Representation of Syntactic Structure, Parsing Algorithms, Models for Ambiguity Resolution in Parsing, Multilingual Issues**UNIT - III****Semantic Parsing:** Introduction, Semantic Interpretation, System Paradigms, Word Sense Systems, Software.**UNIT - IV**

Predicate-Argument Structure, Meaning Representation Systems, Software.

UNIT - V**Discourse Processing:** Cohension, Reference Resolution, Discourse Cohension and Structure**Language Modeling:** Introduction, N-Gram Models, Language Model Evaluation, Parameter Estimation, Language Model Adaptation, Types of Language Models, Language-Specific Modeling Problems, Multilingual and Crosslingual Language Modeling**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Multilingual natural Language Processing Applications: From Theory to Practice – Daniel M. Bikel and Imed Zitouni, Pearson Publication.
2. Natural Language Processing and Information Retrieval: Tanvier Siddiqui, U.S. Tiwary.

REFERENCE BOOK:

1. Speech and Natural Language Processing - Daniel Jurafsky & James H Martin, Pearson Publications.

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF EXPERIMENTS LAB**B.Tech. III Year I Sem.****L T P C**
0 0 3 1.5**Pre-requisites:** MFCS, Probability and Statistics.**Course Objectives:** Knowledge on need of experimentation, Fractional Factorial Experiments in design and analysis of experiments.**Course Outcomes:**

- Understand the strategy of experimentation.
- Analyze characterization of experiments, Factorial experiments, Factorial experiments with factors at Two levels.
- Illustrate the significance of Asymmetrical factorial designs and confounded asymmetrical factorials.
- Understand Incomplete block designs and balanced Incomplete block designs.

List of Experiments

1. CRD
2. RBD
3. LSD
4. Complete Block Design
5. 2^k – Factorial experiments
6. 2^k – Factorial experiments with confounding
7. 2^k – Fractional Factorial Experiments
8. BIBD
9. Response Surface methods

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Montgomery (2012) "Design-and-analysis-of-experiments"- JW
http://www.ru.ac.bd/stat/wp-content/uploads/sites/25/2019/03/502_06_Montgomery-Design-and-analysis-of-experiments-2012.pdf
2. Manindra Nath Das, Narayan C. Giri (2003) "Design and Analysis of Experiments" New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers, New Delhi.
3. Gary W. Oehlert University of Minnesota, "A First Course in Design and Analysis of Experiments - <http://users.stat.umn.edu/~gary/book/fcdae.pdf>

Web Resources:

https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_mg48/preview
<https://www.stat.cmu.edu/~hseltman/AboutMe.html>
<https://www.coursera.org/specializations/design-experiments>
<https://www.udemy.com/course/design-of-experiments-i/>
<https://professional.mit.edu/course-catalog/design-and-analysis-experiments>
<https://www.six-sigma-material.com/Design-of-Experiments.html>
<https://sixsigmastudyguide.com/design-of-experiments-study-guide/>

COMPUTER NETWORKS LAB**B.Tech. III Year I Sem.****L T P C**
0 0 3 1.5**Course Objectives:**

- To understand the working principle of various communication protocols.
- To understand the network simulator environment and visualize a network topology and observe its performance.
- To analyze the traffic flow and the contents of protocol frames.

Course Outcomes:

- Implement data link layer framing methods.
- Analyze error detection and error correction codes.
- Implement and analyze routing and congestion issues in network design.
- Implement Encoding and Decoding techniques used in presentation layer.
- To be able to work with different network tools.

List of Experiments

1. Implement the data link layer framing methods such as character, character-stuffing and bit stuffing.
2. Write a program to compute CRC code for the polynomials CRC-12, CRC-16 and CRC CCIP
3. Develop a simple data link layer that performs the flow control using the sliding window protocol, and loss recovery using the Go-Back-N mechanism.
4. Implement Dijkstra's algorithm to compute the shortest path through a network
5. Take an example subnet of hosts and obtain a broadcast tree for the subnet.
6. Implement distance vector routing algorithm for obtaining routing tables at each node.
7. Implement data encryption and data decryption
8. Write a program for congestion control using Leaky bucket algorithm.
9. Write a program for frame sorting techniques used in buffers.
10. Wireshark
 - i. Packet Capture Using Wire shark
 - ii. Starting Wire shark
 - iii. Viewing Captured Traffic
 - iv. Analysis and Statistics & Filters.
11. How to run Nmap scan
12. Operating System Detection using Nmap
13. Do the following using NS2 Simulator
 - i. NS2 Simulator-Introduction
 - ii. Simulate to Find the Number of Packets Dropped
 - iii. Simulate to Find the Number of Packets Dropped by TCP/UDP
 - iv. Simulate to Find the Number of Packets Dropped due to Congestion
 - v. Simulate to Compare Data Rate& Throughput.
 - vi. Simulate to Plot Congestion for Different Source/Destination
 - vii. Simulate to Determine the Performance with respect to Transmission of Packets

TEXT BOOK:

1. Computer Networks, Andrew S Tanenbaum, David. j. Wetherall, 5th Edition. Pearson Education/PHI

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. An Engineering Approach to Computer Networks, S.Keshav, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education
2. Data Communications and Networking – Behrouz A. Forouzan. 3rd Edition, TMH.

ADVANCED COMMUNICATION SKILLS LAB

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

1. INTRODUCTION:

The introduction of the Advanced Communication Skills Lab is considered essential at 3rd year level. At this stage, the students need to prepare themselves for their careers which may require them to listen to, read, speak and write in English both for their professional and interpersonal communication in the globalized context.

The proposed course should be a laboratory course to enable students to use 'good' English and perform the following:

- Gathering ideas and information to organize ideas relevantly and coherently.
- Engaging in debates.
- Participating in group discussions.
- Facing interviews.
- Writing project/research reports/technical reports.
- Making oral presentations.
- Writing formal letters.
- Transferring information from non-verbal to verbal texts and vice-versa.
- Taking part in social and professional communication.

2. OBJECTIVES:

This Lab focuses on using multi-media instruction for language development to meet the following targets:

- To improve the students' fluency in English, through a well-developed vocabulary and enable them to listen to English spoken at normal conversational speed by educated English speakers and respond appropriately in different socio-cultural and professional contexts.
- Further, they would be required to communicate their ideas relevantly and coherently in writing.
- To prepare all the students for their placements.

3. SYLLABUS:

The following course content to conduct the activities is prescribed for the Advanced English Communication Skills (AECS) Lab:

1. **Activities on Fundamentals of Inter-personal Communication and Building Vocabulary** - Starting a conversation – responding appropriately and relevantly – using the right body language – Role Play in different situations & Discourse Skills- using visuals - Synonyms and antonyms, word roots, one-word substitutes, prefixes and suffixes, study of word origin, business vocabulary, analogy, idioms and phrases, collocations & usage of vocabulary.
2. **Activities on Reading Comprehension** –General Vs Local comprehension, reading for facts, guessing meanings from context, scanning, skimming, inferring meaning, critical reading& effective googling.
3. **Activities on Writing Skills** – Structure and presentation of different types of writing – *letter writing/Resume writing/ e-correspondence/Technical report writing/* – planning for writing – improving one's writing.
4. **Activities on Presentation Skills** – Oral presentations (individual and group) through JAM sessions/seminars/PPTs and written presentations through posters/projects/reports/ e-mails/assignments etc.
5. **Activities on Group Discussion and Interview Skills** – Dynamics of group discussion, intervention, summarizing, modulation of voice, body language, relevance, fluency and organization of ideas and rubrics for evaluation- Concept and process, pre-interview planning, opening strategies, answering strategies, interview through tele-conference & video-conference and Mock Interviews.

4. MINIMUM REQUIREMENT:

The Advanced English Communication Skills (AECS) Laboratory shall have the following infrastructural facilities to accommodate at least 35 students in the lab:

- Spacious room with appropriate acoustics.
- Round Tables with movable chairs
- Audio-visual aids
- LCD Projector
- Public Address system
- P – IV Processor, Hard Disk – 80 GB, RAM–512 MB Minimum, Speed – 2.8 GHZ
- T. V, a digital stereo & Camcorder
- Headphones of High quality

5. SUGGESTED SOFTWARE:

The software consisting of the prescribed topics elaborated above should be procured and used.

- Oxford Advanced Learner's Compass, 7th Edition
- DELTA's key to the Next Generation TOEFL Test: Advanced Skill Practice.
- Lingua TOEFL CBT Insider, by Dream tech
- TOEFL & GRE (KAPLAN, AARCO & BARRONS, USA, Cracking GRE by CLIFFS)

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Effective Technical Communication by M Asharaf Rizvi. McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd. 2nd Edition
2. Academic Writing: A Handbook for International Students by Stephen Bailey, Routledge, 5th Edition.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Learn Correct English – A Book of Grammar, Usage and Composition by Shiv K. Kumar and Hemalatha Nagarajan. Pearson 2007
2. Professional Communication by Aruna Koneru, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd, 2016.
3. Technical Communication by Meenakshi Raman & Sangeeta Sharma, Oxford University Press 2009.
4. Technical Communication by Paul V. Anderson. 2007. Cengage Learning pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
5. English Vocabulary in Use series, Cambridge University Press 2008.
6. Handbook for Technical Communication by David A. McMurrey & Joanne Buckley. 2012. Cengage Learning.
7. Communication Skills by Leena Sen, PHI Learning Pvt Ltd., New Delhi, 2009.
8. Job Hunting by Colm Downes, Cambridge University Press 2008.
9. English for Technical Communication for Engineering Students, Aysha Vishwamohan, Tata Mc Graw-Hill 2009.

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS**B.Tech. III Year I Sem.****L T P C**
3 0 0 0**UNIT – I**

Introduction to Intellectual property: Introduction, types of intellectual property, international organizations, agencies and treaties, importance of intellectual property rights.

UNIT – II

Trade Marks: Purpose and function of trademarks, acquisition of trade mark rights, protectable matter, selecting, and evaluating trade mark, trade mark registration processes.

UNIT – III

Law of copy rights: Fundamental of copy right law, originality of material, rights of reproduction, rights to perform the work publicly, copy right ownership issues, copy right registration, notice of copy right, international copy right law.

Law of patents: Foundation of patent law, patent searching process, ownership rights and transfer

UNIT – IV

Trade Secrets: Trade secrete law, determination of trade secrete status, liability for misappropriations of trade secrets, protection for submission, trade secrete litigation.

Unfair competition: Misappropriation right of publicity, false advertising.

UNIT – V

New development of intellectual property: new developments in trade mark law; copy right law, patent law, intellectual property audits.

International overview on intellectual property, international – trade mark law, copy right law, international patent law, and international development in trade secrets law.

TEXT & REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Intellectual property right, Deborah. E. Bouchoux, Cengage learning.
2. Intellectual property right – Unleashing the knowledge economy, prabuddha ganguli, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing company Ltd.

AUTOMATA THEORY AND COMPILER DESIGN**B.Tech. III Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	4

Course Objectives:

- To introduce the fundamental concepts of formal languages, grammars and automata theory.
- To understand deterministic and non-deterministic machines and the differences between decidability and undecidability.
- Introduce the major concepts of language translation and compiler design and impart the knowledge of practical skills necessary for constructing a compiler.
- Topics include phases of compiler, parsing, syntax directed translation, type checking use of symbol tables, intermediate code generation.

Course Outcomes:

- Able to employ finite state machines for modeling and solving computing problems.
- Able to design context free grammars for formal languages.
- Able to distinguish between decidability and undecidability.
- Demonstrate the knowledge of patterns, tokens & regular expressions for lexical analysis.
- Acquire skills in using lex tool and design LR parsers

UNIT - I

Introduction to Finite Automata: Structural Representations, Automata and Complexity, the Central Concepts of Automata Theory – Alphabets, Strings, Languages, Problems.

Nondeterministic Finite Automata: Formal Definition, an application, Text Search, Finite Automata with Epsilon-Transitions.

Deterministic Finite Automata: Definition of DFA, How A DFA Process Strings, The language of DFA, Conversion of NFA with ϵ -transitions to NFA without ϵ -transitions. Conversion of NFA to DFA

UNIT - II

Regular Expressions: Finite Automata and Regular Expressions, Applications of Regular Expressions, Algebraic Laws for Regular Expressions, Conversion of Finite Automata to Regular Expressions.

Pumping Lemma for Regular Languages: Statement of the pumping lemma, Applications of the Pumping Lemma.

Context-Free Grammars: Definition of Context-Free Grammars, Derivations Using a Grammar, Leftmost and Rightmost Derivations, the Language of a Grammar, Parse Trees, Ambiguity in Grammars and Languages.

UNIT - III

Push Down Automata: Definition of the Pushdown Automaton, the Languages of a PDA, Equivalence of PDA's and CFG's, Acceptance by final state

Turing Machines: Introduction to Turing Machine, Formal Description, Instantaneous description, The language of a Turing machine

Undecidability: Undecidability, A Language that is Not Recursively Enumerable, An Undecidable Problem That is RE, Undecidable Problems about Turing Machines

UNIT - IV

Introduction: The structure of a compiler,

Lexical Analysis: The Role of the Lexical Analyzer, Input Buffering, Recognition of Tokens, The Lexical- Analyzer Generator Lex,

Syntax Analysis: Introduction, Context-Free Grammars, Writing a Grammar, Top-Down Parsing, Bottom-Up Parsing, Introduction to LR Parsing: Simple LR, More Powerful LR Parsers

UNIT - V

Syntax-Directed Translation: Syntax-Directed Definitions, Evaluation Orders for SDD's, Syntax-Directed Translation Schemes, Implementing L-Attributed SDD's.

Intermediate-Code Generation: Variants of Syntax Trees, Three-Address Code

Run-Time Environments: Stack Allocation of Space, Access to Nonlocal Data on the Stack, Heap Management

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages, and Computation, 3rd Edition, John E. Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani, Jeffrey D. Ullman, Pearson Education.
2. Compilers: Principles, Techniques and Tools, Alfred V. Aho, Monica S. Lam, Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman, 2nd Edition, Pearson.
3. Theory of Computer Science – Automata languages and computation, Mishra and Chandrashekar, 2nd Edition, PHI.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Introduction to Formal languages Automata Theory and Computation, Kamala Krithivasan, Rama R, Pearson.
2. Introduction to Languages and The Theory of Computation, John C Martin, TMH.
3. lex & yacc – John R. Levine, Tony Mason, Doug Brown, O'reilly
4. Compiler Construction, Kenneth C. Loudon, Thomson. Course Technology.

INTRODUCTION TO ENGINEERING DESIGN

B.Tech. III Year II Sem.

L T P C
3 1 0 4

Course Objectives: Knowledge on significance of Engineering design and its concepts.

Course Outcomes:

- Understand the engineering design process and various types of design.
- Illustrate identification of needs and gathering information from different sources.
- Analyze different methods of creative thinking and TRIZ Inventive principles.
- Understand Embodiment and industrial design.

UNIT - I

Engineering Design: Introduction, Engineering Design Process, Ways to Think About the Engineering Design Process, Considerations of a Good Design, Description of Design Process, Conceptual Design, Embodiment Design, Detail Design, Planning for Manufacture, Planning for Distribution, Planning for Use, Planning for Retirement of the Product, Computer-Aided Engineering, Designing to Codes and Standards, Design Review

UNIT - II

Problem Definition and Need Identification: Introduction, Identifying Customer Needs, Customer Requirements, Establishing the Engineering Characteristics, Quality Function Deployment, Product Design Specification.

Gathering Information: The Information Challenge, Types of Design Information, Sources of Design Information, Library Sources of Information, Government Sources of Information, Information From the Internet, Professional Societies and Trade Associations, Codes and Standards.

UNIT - III

Concept Generation: Introduction to Creative Thinking, Creative Methods for Design, Morphological Methods, Morphological Method for Design, Generating Concepts from Morphological Chart, TRIZ: The Theory of Inventive Problem Solving, Invention: Evolution to Increased Ideality, Innovation by Overcoming Contradictions, TRIZ Inventive Principles, The TRIZ Contradiction Matrix, Axiomatic Design.

UNIT - IV

Embodiment Design: Introduction, Comments on Nomenclature Concerning the Phases of the Design Process, Oversimplification of the Design Process Model, Product Architecture, Types of Modular Architectures, Configuration Design, Best Practices for Configuration Design, Parametric Design-Systematic Steps in Parametric Design, A Parametric Design Example: Helical Coil, Compression Spring.

UNIT - V

Industrial Design: Visual Aesthetics, Human Factors Design, Design for the Environment, Prototyping and Testing, Prototype and Model Testing Throughout the Design Process, Building Prototypes, Rapid Prototyping, RP Processes, Testing, Statistical Design of Testing, Design for X (DFX).

TEXT BOOK:

1. George E. Dieter, Linda C. Schmidt, Engineering Design, Fourth Edition, McGraw-Hill.

REFERENCE BOOK:

1. Andrew Samuel, John Weir, Introduction to Engineering Design, Butterworth-Heinemann.

MACHINE LEARNING

B.Tech. III Year II Sem.

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	4

Prerequisites: Course on Data Structures, Knowledge on statistical methods.

Course Objectives:

- This course explains machine learning techniques such as decision tree learning, Bayesian learning etc.
- To understand computational learning theory.
- To study the pattern comparison techniques.

Course Outcomes:

- Understand the concepts of computational intelligence like machine learning.
- Ability to get the skill to apply machine learning techniques to address the real time problems in different areas.
- Understand the Neural Networks and its usage in machine learning application.

UNIT - I

Introduction - Well-posed learning problems, designing a learning system, Perspectives and issues in machine learning.

Concept learning and the general to specific ordering – introduction, a concept learning task, concept learning as search, find-S: finding a maximally specific hypothesis, version spaces and the candidate elimination algorithm, remarks on version spaces and candidate elimination, inductive bias.

Decision Tree Learning – Introduction, decision tree representation, appropriate problems for decision tree learning, the basic decision tree learning algorithm, hypothesis space search in decision tree learning, inductive bias in decision tree learning, issues in decision tree learning.

UNIT - II

Artificial Neural Networks-1– Introduction, neural network representation, appropriate problems for neural network learning, perceptions, multilayer networks and the back-propagation algorithm.

Artificial Neural Networks-2- Remarks on the Back-Propagation algorithm, An illustrative example: face recognition, advanced topics in artificial neural networks.

Evaluation Hypotheses – Motivation, estimation hypothesis accuracy, basics of sampling theory, a general approach for deriving confidence intervals, difference in error of two hypotheses, comparing learning algorithms.

UNIT - III

Bayesian learning – Introduction, Bayes theorem, Bayes theorem and concept learning, Maximum Likelihood and least squared error hypotheses, maximum likelihood hypotheses for predicting probabilities, minimum description length principle, Bayes optimal classifier, Gibbs algorithm, Naïve Bayes classifier, an example: learning to classify text, Bayesian belief networks, the EM algorithm.

Computational learning theory – Introduction, probably learning an approximately correct hypothesis, sample complexity for finite hypothesis space, sample complexity for infinite hypothesis spaces, the mistake bound model of learning.

Instance-Based Learning- Introduction, k -nearest neighbour algorithm, locally weighted regression, radial basis functions, case-based reasoning, remarks on lazy and eager learning.

UNIT- IV

Genetic Algorithms – Motivation, Genetic algorithms, an illustrative example, hypothesis space search, genetic programming, models of evolution and learning, parallelizing genetic algorithms.

Learning Sets of Rules – Introduction, sequential covering algorithms, learning rule sets: summary, learning First-Order rules, learning sets of First-Order rules: FOIL, Induction as inverted deduction, inverting resolution.

Reinforcement Learning – Introduction, the learning task, Q-learning, non-deterministic, rewards and actions, temporal difference learning, generalizing from examples, relationship to dynamic programming.

UNIT - V

Analytical Learning-1- Introduction, learning with perfect domain theories: PROLOG-EBG, remarks on explanation-based learning, explanation-based learning of search control knowledge.

Analytical Learning-2-Using prior knowledge to alter the search objective, using prior knowledge to augment search operators.

Combining Inductive and Analytical Learning – Motivation, inductive-analytical approaches to learning, using prior knowledge to initialize the hypothesis.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Machine Learning – Tom M. Mitchell, - MGH

REFERENCE BOOK:

1. Machine Learning: An Algorithmic Perspective, Stephen Marshland, Taylor & Francis.

FULL STACK DEVELOPMENT (Professional Elective - III)**B.Tech. III Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

- To learn the core concepts of both the frontend and backend programming course.
- To get familiar with the latest web development technologies.
- To learn all about databases.
- To learn complete web development process.
- To provide an in-depth study of the various web development tools.

Course Outcomes:

- Develop a fully functioning website and deploy on a web server.
- Gain Knowledge about the front end and back-end Tools.
- Find and use code packages based on their documentation to produce working results in a project.
- Create web pages that function using external data.

UNIT - I:

Web Development Basics: Web development Basics - HTML & Web servers Shell - UNIX CLI Version control - Git & GitHub HTML, CSS

UNIT - II:

Frontend Development: JavaScript basics OOPS Aspects of JavaScript Memory usage and Functions in JS AJAX for data exchange with server jQuery Framework jQuery events, UI components etc. JSON data format.

UNIT - III:

REACT JS: Introduction to React Router and Single Page Applications React Forms, Flow Architecture and Introduction to Redux More Redux and Client-Server Communication.

UNIT - IV:

Java Web Development: JAVA PROGRAMMING BASICS, Model View Controller (MVC) Pattern MVC Architecture using Spring RESTful API using Spring Framework Building an application using Maven.

UNIT - V:

Databases & Deployment: Relational schemas and normalization Structured Query Language (SQL) Data persistence using Spring JDBC Agile development principles and deploying application in Cloud

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Web Design with HTML, CSS, JavaScript and JQuery Set Book by Jon Duckett Professional JavaScript for Web Developers Book by Nicholas C. Zakas.
2. Learning PHP, MySQL, JavaScript, CSS & HTML5: A Step-by-Step Guide to Creating Dynamic Websites by Robin Nixon.
3. Full Stack JavaScript: Learn Backbone.js, Node.js and MongoDB. Copyright © 2015 azat mardan.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Full-Stack JavaScript Development by Eric Bush.
2. Mastering Full Stack React Web Development Paperback – April 28, 2017 Tomasz Dyl , Kamil Przeorski, Maciej Czarnecki.

INTERNET OF THINGS (Professional Elective - III)**B.Tech. III Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

- To introduce the terminology, technology and its applications.
- To introduce the concept of M2M (machine to machine) with necessary protocols.
- To introduce the Python Scripting Language which is used in many IoT devices.
- To introduce the Raspberry PI platform, that is widely used in IoT applications.
- To introduce the implementation of web-based services on IoT devices.

Course Outcomes:

- Interpret the impact and challenges posed by IoT networks leading to new architectural models.
- Compare and contrast the deployment of smart objects and the technologies to connect them to network.
- Appraise the role of IoT protocols for efficient network communication.
- Elaborate the need for Data Analytics and Security in IoT.
- Illustrate different sensor technologies for sensing real world entities and identify the applications of IoT in Industry.

UNIT - I

Introduction to Internet of Things –Definition and Characteristics of IoT, Physical Design of IoT – IoT Protocols, IoT communication models, IoT Communication APIs IoT enabled Technologies – Wireless Sensor Networks, Cloud Computing, Big data analytics, Communication protocols, Embedded Systems, IoT Levels and Templates Domain Specific IoTs – Home, City, Environment, Energy, Retail, Logistics, Agriculture, Industry, health and Lifestyle

UNIT - II

IoT and M2M – Software defined networks, network function virtualization, difference between SDN and NFV for IoT Basics of IoT System Management with NETCOZF, YANG- NETCONF, YANG, SNMP NETOPEER

UNIT - III

Introduction to Python - Language features of Python, Data types, data structures, Control of flow, functions, modules, packaging, file handling, data/time operations, classes, Exception handling Python packages - JSON, XML, HTTPLib, URLLib, SMTPLib

UNIT - IV

IoT Physical Devices and Endpoints - Introduction to Raspberry PI-Interfaces (serial, SPI, I2C) Programming – Python program with Raspberry PI with focus of interfacing external gadgets, controlling output, reading input from pins.

UNIT - V

IoT Physical Servers and Cloud Offerings – Introduction to Cloud Storage models and communication APIs Webserver – Web server for IoT, Cloud for IoT, Python web application framework Designing a RESTful web API

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Internet of Things - A Hands-on Approach, Arshdeep Bahga and Vijay Madiseti, Universities Press, 2015, ISBN: 9788173719547.
2. Getting Started with Raspberry Pi, Matt Richardson & Shawn Wallace, O'Reilly (SPD), 2014, ISBN: 9789350239759.

MODELING AND SIMULATION (Professional Elective - III)**B.Tech. III Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Pre-requisites: Probability and statistics, MFCS, Programming.**Course Objectives:**

- Define the basics of simulation modeling and replicating the practical situations in organizations
- Generate random numbers and random variates using different techniques.
- Develop a simulation model using heuristic methods.
- Analysis of Simulation models using input analyzer, and output analyzer
- Explain Verification and Validation of simulation model.

Course Outcomes:

- Describe the role of important elements of discrete event simulation and modeling paradigm.
- Conceptualize real world situations related to systems development decisions, originating from source requirements and goals.
- Develop skills to apply simulation software to construct and execute goal-driven system models.
- Interpret the model and apply the results to resolve critical issues in a real world environment.

UNIT - I:

Overview of Modeling and Simulation: Motivating Examples, Mathematical Foundations for Mathematical Modeling, Elements of Probability and Statistics, Review of Block diagrams, Flow Charts, Algorithms, Principles of Mathematical modelling.

UNIT - II:

Deterministic Models – I: Conceptual inputs: Principles of Mathematical Modeling. Compartmental Models, Single population models and Interacting population models.
Applications/case studies of Compartmental Models, Single population models and Interacting population models.

UNIT - III:

Deterministic Models – II: Conceptual Inputs: Static and Dynamical systems (simple), System studies, System simulation, Applications of Static and Dynamical systems: Cobweb Models, Distributed Lag Models.

UNIT - IV:

Pseudo Random Numbers: Conceptual Inputs: Random number generation and tests for randomness, Generation of Random deviates of discrete and continuous variables, Applications of Monte Carlo Integration.

UNIT - V:

Stochastic Modeling: Conceptual Inputs: Queuing systems, Inventory systems. System simulation of PERT, Queuing, Inventory. Discrete System Simulation.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. J.N Kapur (1988) "Mathematical Modeling" New Age International (P) Limited Publications.
2. Geoffrey Gordon (2005) "System Simulation" Prentice-Hill of India Private Limited.
3. Donald W. Boyd (2001) "System Analysis and Modeling" Harcourt India Private Ltd.
4. Sankar Sangupta (2013) "System Simulation and Modeling" Dorling Kindersley (india) Pvt. Ltd.
5. Narsing Deo (1996) "System Simulation with Digital Computer" Prentice-Hall of India.
6. Jerry Banks, John S Carson II, Barry L Nelson and David M Nicol (2010) Dorling Kindersley (india) Pvt. Ltd.
7. Clive L. Dym (2004) "Principles of Mathematical Modeling" Elsevier, New Delhi, India.

MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT (Professional Elective - III)**B.Tech. III Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisites: Acquaintance with JAVA programming, Course on DBMS.**Course Objectives**

- To demonstrate their understanding of the fundamentals of Android operating systems.
- To improve their skills of using Android software development tools.
- To demonstrate their ability to develop software with reasonable complexity on mobile platform.
- To demonstrate their ability to deploy software to mobile devices.
- To demonstrate their ability to debug programs running on mobile devices.

Course Outcomes

- Student understands the working of Android OS Practically.
- Student will be able to develop Android user interfaces
- Student will be able to develop, deploy and maintain the Android Applications.

UNIT - I

Introduction to Android Operating System: Android OS design and Features – Android development framework, SDK features, Installing and running applications on Android Studio, Creating AVDs, Types of Android applications, Best practices in Android programming, Android tools.

Android application components – Android Manifest file, Externalizing resources like values, themes, layouts, Menus etc, Resources for different devices and languages, Runtime Configuration Changes
Android Application Lifecycle – Activities, Activity lifecycle, activity states, monitoring state changes.

UNIT - II

Android User Interface: Measurements – Device and pixel density independent measuring UNIT - s
Layouts – Linear, Relative, Grid and Table Layouts. User Interface (UI) Components – Editable and non-editable TextViews, Buttons, Radio and Toggle Buttons, Checkboxes, Spinners, Dialog and pickers
Event Handling – Handling clicks or changes of various UI components.

Fragments – Creating fragments, Lifecycle of fragments, Fragment states, Adding fragments to Activity, adding, removing and replacing fragments with fragment transactions, interfacing between fragments and Activities, Multi-screen Activities

UNIT - III

Intents and Broadcasts: Intent – Using intents to launch Activities, Explicitly starting new Activity, Implicit Intents, Passing data to Intents, Getting results from Activities, Native Actions, using Intent to dial a number or to send SMS

Broadcast Receivers – Using Intent filters to service implicit Intents, Resolving Intent filters, finding and using Intents received within an Activity

Notifications – Creating and Displaying notifications, Displaying Toasts

UNIT - IV

Persistent Storage: Files – Using application specific folders and files, creating files, reading data from files, listing contents of a directory Shared Preferences – Creating shared preferences, saving and retrieving data using Shared Preference

UNIT - V

Database – Introduction to SQLite database, creating and opening a database, creating tables, inserting retrieving and etindelg data, Registering Content Providers, Using content Providers (insert, delete, retrieve and update)

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Professional Android 4 Application Development, Reto Meier, Wiley India, (Wrox), 2012.
2. Android Application Development for Java Programmers, James C Sheusi, Cengage Learning, 2013.

REFERENCE BOOK:

1. Beginning Android 4 Application Development, Wei-Meng Lee, Wiley India (Wrox), 2013.

SOFTWARE TESTING METHODOLOGIES (Professional Elective - III)**B.Tech. III Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisites: A course on "Software Engineering".**Course Objectives:**

- To provide knowledge of the concepts in software testing such as testing process, criteria, strategies, and methodologies.
- To develop skills in software test automation and management using latest tools.

Course Outcomes: Design and develop the best test strategies in accordance to the development model.**UNIT - I**

Introduction: Purpose of testing, Dichotomies, model for testing, consequences of bugs, taxonomy of bugs. Flow graphs and Path testing: Basics concepts of path testing, predicates, path predicates and achievable paths, path sensitizing, path instrumentation, application of path testing.

UNIT - II

Transaction Flow Testing: transaction flows, transaction flow testing techniques. Dataflow testing: Basics of dataflow testing, strategies in dataflow testing, application of dataflow testing. Domain Testing: domains and paths, Nice & ugly domains, domain testing, domains and interfaces testing, domain and interface testing, domains and testability.

UNIT - III

Paths, Path products and Regular expressions: path products & path expression, reduction procedure, applications, regular expressions & flow anomaly detection. Logic Based Testing: overview, decision tables, path expressions, kv charts, specifications.

UNIT - IV

State, State Graphs and Transition testing: state graphs, good & bad state graphs, state testing, Testability tips.

UNIT - V

Graph Matrices and Application: Motivational overview, matrix of graph, relations, power of a matrix, node reduction algorithm, building tools. (Student should be given an exposure to a tool like JMeter or Win-runner).

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Software Testing techniques - Baris Beizer, Dreamtech, second edition.
2. Software Testing Tools – Dr. K. V. K. K. Prasad, Dreamtech.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. The craft of software testing - Brian Marick, Pearson Education.
2. Software Testing Techniques – SPD(Oreille)
3. Software Testing in the Real World – Edward Kit, Pearson.
4. Effective methods of Software Testing, Perry, John Wiley.
5. Art of Software Testing – Meyers, John Wiley.

DATA STRUCTURES (Open Elective - I)**B.Tech. III Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisites: A course on “Programming for Problem Solving”.**Course Objectives:**

- Exploring basic data structures such as stacks and queues.
- Introduces a variety of data structures such as hash tables, search trees, tries, heaps, graphs.
- Introduces sorting and pattern matching algorithms.

Course Outcomes:

- Ability to select the data structures that efficiently model the information in a problem.
- Ability to assess efficiency trade-offs among different data structure implementations or combinations.
- Implement and know the application of algorithms for sorting and pattern matching.
- Design programs using a variety of data structures, including hash tables, binary and general tree structures, search trees, tries, heaps, graphs, and AVL-trees.

UNIT - I

Introduction to Data Structures, abstract data types, Linear list – singly linked list implementation, insertion, deletion and searching operations on linear list, Stacks-Operations, array and linked representations of stacks, stack applications, Queues-operations, array and linked representations.

UNIT - II

Dictionaries: linear list representation, skip list representation, operations - insertion, deletion and searching.

Hash Table Representation: hash functions, collision resolution-separate chaining, open addressing linear probing, quadratic probing, double hashing, rehashing, extendible hashing.

UNIT - III

Search Trees: Binary Search Trees, Definition, Implementation, Operations- Searching, Insertion and Deletion, AVL Trees, Definition, Height of an AVL Tree, Operations – Insertion, Deletion and Searching, Red –Black, Splay Trees.

UNIT - IV

Graphs: Graph Implementation Methods. Graph Traversal Methods.

Sorting: Heap Sort, External Sorting- Model for external sorting, Merge Sort.

UNIT - V

Pattern Matching and Tries: Pattern matching algorithms-Brute force, the Boyer –Moore algorithm, the Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm, Standard Tries, Compressed Tries, Suffix tries.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Edition, E. Horowitz, S. Sahni and Susan Anderson Freed, Universities Press.
2. Data Structures using C – A. S. Tanenbaum, Y. Langsam, and M.J. Augenstein, PHI/Pearson Education.

REFERENCE BOOK:

1. Data Structures: A Pseudocode Approach with C, 2nd Edition, R. F. Gilberg and B.A. Forouzan, Cengage Learning.

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS (Open Elective - I)**B.Tech. III Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisites: A course on "Data Structures".**Course Objectives**

- To understand the basic concepts and the applications of database systems.
- To master the basics of SQL and construct queries using SQL.
- Topics include data models, database design, relational model, relational algebra, transaction control, concurrency control, storage structures and access techniques.

Course Outcomes:

- Gain knowledge of fundamentals of DBMS, database design and normal forms
- Master the basics of SQL for retrieval and management of data.
- Be acquainted with the basics of transaction processing and concurrency control.
- Familiarity with database storage structures and access techniques

UNIT - I

Database System Applications: A Historical Perspective, File Systems versus a DBMS, the Data Model, Levels of Abstraction in a DBMS, Data Independence, Structure of a DBMS

Introduction to Database Design: Database Design and ER Diagrams, Entities, Attributes, and Entity Sets, Relationships and Relationship Sets, Additional Features of the ER Model, Conceptual Design With the ER Model

UNIT - II

Introduction to the Relational Model: Integrity constraint over relations, enforcing integrity constraints, querying relational data, logical data base design, introduction to views, destroying/altering tables and views.

Relational Algebra, Tuple relational Calculus, Domain relational calculus.

UNIT - III

SQL: Queries, Constraints, Triggers: form of basic SQL query, UNION, INTERSECT, and EXCEPT, Nested Queries, aggregation operators, NULL values, complex integrity constraints in SQL, triggers and active data bases.

Schema Refinement: Problems caused by redundancy, decompositions, problems related to decomposition, reasoning about functional dependencies, FIRST, SECOND, THIRD normal forms, BCNF, lossless join decomposition, multi-valued dependencies, FOURTH normal form, FIFTH normal form.

UNIT - IV

Transaction Concept, Transaction State, Implementation of Atomicity and Durability, Concurrent Executions, Serializability, Recoverability, Implementation of Isolation, Testing for serializability, Lock Based Protocols, Timestamp Based Protocols, Validation- Based Protocols, Multiple Granularity, Recovery and Atomicity, Log-Based Recovery, Recovery with Concurrent Transactions.

UNIT - V

Data on External Storage, File Organization and Indexing, Cluster Indexes, Primary and Secondary Indexes, Index data Structures, Hash Based Indexing, Tree base Indexing, Comparison of File Organizations, Indexes and Performance Tuning, Intuitions for tree Indexes, Indexed Sequential Access Methods (ISAM), B+ Trees: A Dynamic Index Structure.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Database Management Systems, Raghurama Krishnan, Johannes Gehrke, *Tata Mc Graw Hill* 3rd Edition
2. Database System Concepts, Silberschatz, Korth, *Mc Graw hill*, V edition.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Database Systems design, Implementation, and Management, Peter Rob & Carlos Coronel 7th Edition.
2. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Elmasri Navrate, *Pearson Education*
3. Introduction to Database Systems, C. J. Date, *Pearson Education*
4. Oracle for Professionals, The X Team, S.Shah and V. Shah, *SPD*.
5. Database Systems Using Oracle: A Simplified guide to SQL and PL/SQL, Shah, *PHI*.
6. Fundamentals of Database Management Systems, M. L. Gillenson, *Wiley Student* Edition.

COMPILER DESIGN LAB**B.Tech. III Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
0	0	3	1.5

Prerequisites: Course on “Object Oriented Programming through Java”.

Co-requisites: Course on “Web Technologies”.

Course Objectives:

- To provide hands-on experience on web technologies.
- To develop client-server application using web technologies.
- To introduce server-side programming with Java servlets and JSP.
- To understand the various phases in the design of a compiler.
- To understand the design of top-down and bottom-up parsers.
- To understand syntax directed translation schemes.
- To introduce lex and yacc tools.

Course Outcomes:

- Design and develop interactive and dynamic web applications using HTML, CSS, JavaScript and XML.
- Apply client-server principles to develop scalable and enterprise web applications.
- Ability to design, develop, and implement a compiler for any language.
- Able to use lex and yacc tools for developing a scanner and a parser.
- Able to design and implement LL and LR parsers.

List of Experiments:

1. Write a LEX Program to scan reserved word & Identifiers of C Language
2. Implement Predictive Parsing algorithm
3. Write a C program to generate three address code.
4. Implement SLR(1) Parsing algorithm
5. Design LALR bottom up parser for the given language

```

<program> ::= <block>
<block> ::= { <variabledefinition> <slit> }
| { <slit> }
<variabledefinition> ::= int <vardeflist> ;
<vardeflist> ::= <vardec> | <vardec> , <vardeflist>
<vardec> ::= <identifier> | <identifier> [ <constant> ]
<slit> ::= <statement> | <statement> ; <slit>
<statement> ::= <assignment> | <ifstatement> | <whilestatement>
| <block> | <printstatement> | <empty>
<assignment> ::= <identifier> = <expression>
| <identifier> [ <expression> ] = <expression>
<ifstatement> ::= if <bexpression> then <slit> else <slit> endif
| if <bexpression> then <slit> endif
<whilestatement> ::= while <bexpression> do <slit> enddo
<printstatement> ::= print ( <expression> )
<expression> ::= <expression> <addingop> <term> | <term> | <addingop> <term>
<bexpression> ::= <expression> <relop> <expression>
<relop> ::= < | <= | == | >= | > | !=
<addingop> ::= + | -
<term> ::= <term> <multop> <factor> | <factor>
<multop> ::= * | /

```

<factor> ::= <constant> | <identifier> | <identifier> [<expression>]
 | (<expression>)

<constant> ::= <digit> | <digit> <constant>

<identifier> ::= <identifier> <letterordigit> | <letter>

<letterordigit> ::= <letter> | <digit>

<letter> ::= a|b|c|d|e|f|g|h|i|j|k|l|m|n|o|p|q|r|s|t|u|v|w|x|y|z

<digit> ::= 0|1|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9

<empty> has the obvious meaning

Comments (zero or more characters enclosed between the standard C/Java-style comment brackets /*...*/) can be inserted. The language has rudimentary support for 1-dimensional arrays. The declaration `int a[3]` declares an array of three elements, referenced as `a[0]`, `a[1]` and `a[2]`. Note also that you should worry about the scoping of names.

A simple program written in this language is:

```
{ int a[3],t1,t2;
  t1=2;
  a[0]=1; a[1]=2; a[t1]=3;
  t2=-(a[2]+t1*6)/(a[2]-t1);
  if t2>5 then
    print(t2);
  else {
    int t3;
    t3=99;
    t2=-25;
    print(-t1+t2*t3); /* this is a comment
    on 2 lines */
  }
  endif
}
```

MACHINE LEARNING LAB**B.Tech. III Year II Sem.****L T P C**
0 0 3 1.5

Course Objective: The objective of this lab is to get an overview of the various machine learning techniques and can able to demonstrate them using python.

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student can able to:

- understand complexity of Machine Learning algorithms and their limitations;
- understand modern notions in data analysis-oriented computing;
- be capable of confidently applying common Machine Learning algorithms in practice and implementing their own;
- Be capable of performing experiments in Machine Learning using real-world data.

List of Experiments:

1. The probability that it is Friday and that a student is absent is 3 %. Since there are 5 school days in a week, the probability that it is Friday is 20 %. What is the probability that a student is absent given that today is Friday? Apply Baye's rule in python to get the result. (Ans: 15%)
2. Extract the data from database using python
3. Implement k-nearest neighbours classification using python
4. Given the following data, which specify classifications for nine combinations of VAR1 and VAR2 predict a classification for a case where VAR1=0.906 and VAR2=0.606, using the result of k-means clustering with 3 means (i.e., 3 centroids)

VAR1	VAR2	CLASS
1.713	1.586	0
0.180	1.786	1
0.353	1.240	1
0.940	1.566	0
1.486	0.759	1
1.266	1.106	0
1.540	0.419	1
0.459	1.799	1
0.773	0.186	1

5. The following training examples map descriptions of individuals onto high, medium and low credit-worthiness.

medium skiing design single twenties no -> highRisk
 high golf trading married forties yes -> lowRisk
 low speedway transport married thirties yes -> medRisk
 medium football banking single thirties yes -> lowRisk
 high flying media married fifties yes -> highRisk
 low football security single twenties no -> medRisk
 medium golf media single thirties yes -> medRisk
 medium golf transport married forties yes -> lowRisk
 high skiing banking single thirties yes -> highRisk
 low golf unemployed married forties yes -> highRisk

Input attributes are (from left to right) income, recreation, job, status, age-group, home-owner. Find the unconditional probability of 'golf' and the conditional probability of 'single' given 'medRisk' in the dataset?

6. Implement linear regression using python.
7. Implement Naïve Bayes theorem to classify the English text
8. Implement an algorithm to demonstrate the significance of genetic algorithm
9. Implement the finite words classification system using Back-propagation algorithm

TEXT BOOK:

1. Machine Learning – Tom M. Mitchell, - MGH.

REFERENCE BOOK:

1. Machine Learning: An Algorithmic Perspective, Stephen Marshland, Taylor & Francis.

FULL STACK DEVELOPMENT LAB (Professional Elective - III Lab)**B.Tech. III Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

Course Objectives: The students should be able:

- To implement Forms, inputs and Services using AngularJS
- To develop a simple web application using Nodejs; Angular JS and Express
- To implement data models using MongoDB

Course Outcomes:

- Develop a fully functioning website and deploy on a web server.
- Gain Knowledge about the front end and back end Tools
- Find and use code packages based on their documentation to produce working results in a project.
- Create web pages that function using external data.

List Of Experiments:

1. Develop a Form and validate using AngularJS
2. Create and implement modules and controllers in AngularJS
3. Implement Error Handling in AngularJS
4. Create and implement Custom directives
5. Create a simple web application using Express, Node JS and Angular JS
6. Implement CRUD operations on MongoDB
7. Create a react application for the student management system having registration, login, contact, about pages and implement routing to navigate through these pages.
8. Create a service in react that fetches the weather information from openweathermap.org and the display the current and historical weather information using graphical representation using chart.js
9. Create a TODO application in react with necessary components and deploy it into github.
10. A. Develop an express web application that can interact with REST API to perform CRUD operations on student data. (Use Postman)
B. For the above application create authorized end points using JWT (JSON Web Token).

INTERNET OF THINGS LAB (Professional Elective - III Lab)**B.Tech. III Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

Course Objectives:

- To introduce the raspberry PI platform, that is widely used in IoT applications.
- To introduce the implementation of distance sensor on IoT devices.

Course Outcomes:

- Ability to introduce the concept of M2M (machine to machine) with necessary protocols and get awareness in implementation of distance sensor.
- Get the skill to program using python scripting language which is used in many IoT devices.

List of Experiments:

1. Using raspberry pi
 - a. Calculate the distance using a distance sensor.
 - b. Basic LED functionality.
2. Using Arduino
 - a. Calculate the distance using a distance sensor.
 - b. Basic LED functionality.
 - c. Calculate temperature using a temperature sensor.
3. Using Node MCU
 - a. Calculate the distance using a distance sensor.
 - b. Basic LED functionality.
 - c. Calculate temperature using a temperature sensor.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Internet of Things - A Hands-on Approach, Arshdeep Bahga and Vijay Madiseti, Universities Press, 2015, ISBN: 9788173719547.
2. Getting Started with Raspberry Pi, Matt Richardson & Shawn Wallace, O'Reilly (SPD), 2014, ISBN: 9789350239759.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Bernd Scholz-Reiter, Florian Michahelles, "Architecting the Internet of Things", ISBN 978-3-642-19156-5 e-ISBN 978-3-642-19157-2, Springer, 2016
2. N. Ida, Sensors, Actuators and Their Interfaces, Scitech Publishers, 2014.

MODELING AND SIMULATION LAB (Professional Elective - III Lab)**B.Tech. III Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

Course Objectives:

- Define the basics of simulation modeling and replicating the practical situations in organizations
- Generate random numbers and random variates using different techniques.
- Develop a simulation model using heuristic methods.
- Analysis of Simulation models using input analyzer, and output analyzer
- Explain Verification and Validation of simulation model.

Course Outcomes:

- Describe the role of important elements of discrete event simulation and modeling paradigm.
- Conceptualize real world situations related to systems development decisions, originating from source requirements and goals.
- Develop skills to apply simulation software to construct and execute goal-driven system models.
- Interpret the model and apply the results to resolve critical issues in a real-world environment.

Lab Experiments:

1. Modeling of some of the real-world systems like –Demand & Supply,
2. Modeling of dynamical systems like - Compartmental Models, Single population models, interacting population models., Chemical Reactor, Pray Predator model
3. Modeling of diffusion of Heat, RC model, Lag Models
4. Pseudo Random number generation and test
5. Random deviate generation of the following distribution:
 - a. Discrete
 - i. Bernoulli
 - ii. Uniform
 - iii. Binomial
 - iv. Poisson
 - v. Multinomial
 - b. Continuous
 - i. Uniform
 - ii. Exponential
 - iii. Gamma
 - iv. Normal
 - v. Beta
6. Monte Carlo Integration of Real-world problems like estimation of area of an agricultural plot, volume of a solid,
7. Simulation of Queuing system M/M/1, M/M/2, M/G/1
8. Simulation of Inventory System, News Boys Problem
9. Simulation of Telephone system
10. Simulation of PERT

MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT LAB (Professional Elective - III Lab)**B.Tech. III Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

Course Objectives:

- To learn how to develop Applications in android environment.
- To learn how to develop user interface applications.
- To learn how to develop URL related applications.

Course Outcomes:

- Student understands the working of Android OS Practically.
- Student will be able to develop user interfaces.
- Student will be able to develop, deploy and maintain the Android Applications.

List of Experiments

1. Create an Android application that shows Hello + name of the user and run it on an emulator.
(b) Create an application that takes the name from a text box and shows hello message along with the name entered in text box, when the user clicks the OK button.
2. Create a screen that has input boxes for User Name, Password, Address, Gender (radio buttons for male and female), Age (numeric), Date of Birth (Date Picket), State (Spinner) and a Submit button. On clicking the submit button, print all the data below the Submit Button. Use (a) Linear Layout (b) Relative Layout and (c) Grid Layout or Table Layout.
3. Develop an application that shows names as a list and on selecting a name it should show the details of the candidate on the next screen with a "Back" button. If the screen is rotated to landscape mode (width greater than height), then the screen should show list on left fragment and details on right fragment instead of second screen with back button. Use Fragment transactions and Rotation event listener.
4. Develop an application that uses a menu with 3 options for dialing a number, opening a website and to send an SMS. On selecting an option, the appropriate action should be invoked using intents.
5. Develop an application that inserts some notifications into Notification area and whenever a notification is inserted, it should show a toast with details of the notification.
6. Create an application that uses a text file to store user names and passwords (tab separated fields and one record per line). When the user submits a login name and password through a screen, the details should be verified with the text file data and if they match, show a dialog saying that login is successful. Otherwise, show the dialog with Login Failed message.
7. Create a user registration application that stores the user details in a database table.
8. Create a database and a user table where the details of login names and passwords are stored. Insert some names and passwords initially. Now the login details entered by the user should be verified with the database and an appropriate dialog should be shown to the user.
9. Create an admin application for the user table, which shows all records as a list and the admin can select any record for edit or modify. The results should be reflected in the table.
10. Develop an application that shows all contacts of the phone along with details like name, phone number, mobile number etc.
11. Create an application that saves user information like name, age, gender etc. in shared preference and retrieves them when the program restarts.
12. Create an alarm that rings every Sunday at 8:00 AM. Modify it to use a time picker to set alarm time.
13. Create an application that shows the given URL (from a text field) in a browser.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Professional Android 4 Application Development, Reto Meier, Wiley India, (Wrox), 2012
2. Android Application Development for Java Programmers, James C Sheusi, Cengage Learning, 2013

REFERENCE BOOK:

1. Beginning Android 4 Application Development, Wei-Meng Lee, Wiley India (Wrox), 2013.

SOFTWARE TESTING METHODOLOGIES LAB (Professional Elective - III Lab)**B.Tech. III Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

Prerequisites: A basic knowledge of programming.**Course Objectives:**

- To provide knowledge of Software Testing Methods.
- To develop skills in software test automation and management using latest tools.

Course Outcome:

- Design and develop the best test strategies in accordance to the development model.

List of Experiments:

1. Recording in context sensitive mode and analog mode
2. GUI checkpoint for single property
3. GUI checkpoint for single object/window
4. GUI checkpoint for multiple objects
5. a) Bitmap checkpoint for object/window
a)Bitmap checkpoint for screen area
6. Database checkpoint for Default check
7. Database checkpoint for custom check
8. Database checkpoint for runtime record check
9. a) Data driven test for dynamic test data submission
b) Data driven test through flat files
c) Data driven test through front grids
d) Data driven test through excel test
10. a) Batch testing without parameter passing
b) Batch testing with parameter passing
11. Data driven batch
12. Silent mode test execution without any interruption
13. Test case for calculator in windows application

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Software Testing techniques - Baris Beizer, Dreamtech, second edition.
2. Software Testing Tools – Dr. K. V. K. K. Prasad, Dreamtech.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. The craft of software testing - Brian Marick, Pearson Education.
2. Software Testing Techniques – SPD(Oreille)
3. Software Testing in the Real World – Edward Kit, Pearson.
4. Effective methods of Software Testing, Perry, John Wiley.
5. Art of Software Testing – Meyers, John Wiley.

ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE**B.Tech. III Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	0

Course Objectives:

- Understanding the importance of ecological balance for sustainable development.
- Understanding the impacts of developmental activities and mitigation measures.
- Understanding the environmental policies and regulations

Course Outcomes:

- Based on this course, the Engineering graduate will understand /evaluate / develop technologies on the basis of ecological principles and environmental regulations which in turn helps in sustainable development

UNIT-I

Ecosystems: Definition, Scope, and Importance of ecosystem. Classification, structure, and function of an ecosystem, Food chains, food webs, and ecological pyramids. Flow of energy, Biogeochemical cycles, Bioaccumulation, Biomagnification, ecosystem value, services and carrying capacity, Field visits.

UNIT-II

Natural Resources: Classification of Resources: Living and Non-Living resources, **water resources:** use and over utilization of surface and ground water, floods and droughts, Dams: benefits and problems. **Mineral resources:** use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, **Land resources:** Forest resources, **Energy resources:** growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy source, case studies.

UNIT-III

Biodiversity And Biotic Resources: Introduction, Definition, genetic, species and ecosystem diversity. Value of biodiversity; consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and optional values. India as a mega diversity nation, Hot spots of biodiversity. Field visit. Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts; conservation of biodiversity: In-Situ and Ex-situ conservation. National Biodiversity act.

UNIT-IV

Environmental Pollution and Control Technologies: Environmental Pollution: Classification of pollution, **Air Pollution:** Primary and secondary pollutants, Automobile and Industrial pollution, Ambient air quality standards. **Water pollution:** Sources and types of pollution, drinking water quality standards. **Soil Pollution:** Sources and types, Impacts of modern agriculture, degradation of soil. **Noise Pollution:** Sources and Health hazards, standards, **Solid waste:** Municipal Solid Waste management, composition and characteristics of e-Waste and its management. **Pollution control technologies:** Wastewater Treatment methods: Primary, secondary and Tertiary. Overview of air pollution control technologies, Concepts of bioremediation. **Global Environmental Issues and Global Efforts:** Climate change and impacts on human environment. Ozone depletion and Ozone depleting substances (ODS). Deforestation and desertification. International conventions / Protocols: Earth summit, Kyoto protocol, and Montréal Protocol. NAPCC-Gol Initiatives.

UNIT-V

Environmental Policy, Legislation & EIA: Environmental Protection act, Legal aspects Air Act- 1981, Water Act, Forest Act, Wild life Act, Municipal solid waste management and handling rules, biomedical waste management and handling rules, hazardous waste management and handling rules. EIA: EIA structure, methods of baseline data acquisition. Overview on Impacts of air, water, biological and Socio-economical aspects. Strategies for risk assessment, Concepts of Environmental Management Plan

(EMP). **Towards Sustainable Future:** Concept of Sustainable Development Goals, Population and its explosion, Crazy Consumerism, Environmental Education, Urban Sprawl, Human health, Environmental Ethics, Concept of Green Building, Ecological Foot Print, Life Cycle assessment (LCA), Low carbon life style.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1 Textbook of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses by Erach Bharucha for University Grants Commission.
- 2 Environmental Studies by R. Rajagopalan, Oxford University Press.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Environmental Science: towards a sustainable future by Richard T. Wright. 2008 PHL Learning Private Ltd. New Delhi.
2. Environmental Engineering and science by Gilbert M. Masters and Wendell P. Ela. 2008 PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
3. Environmental Science by Daniel B. Botkin & Edward A. Keller, Wiley INDIA edition.
4. Environmental Studies by Anubha Kaushik, 4th Edition, New age international publishers.
5. Text book of Environmental Science and Technology - Dr. M. Anji Reddy 2007, BS Publications.
6. Introduction to Environmental Science by Y. Anjaneyulu, BS. Publications.

DEEP LEARNING**B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives: Students will be able:

1. To understand complexity of Deep Learning algorithms and their limitations.
2. To be capable of performing experiments in Deep Learning using real-world data.

Course Outcomes:

1. Implement deep learning algorithms, understand neural networks and traverse the layers of data.
2. Learn topics such as convolutional neural networks, recurrent neural networks, training deep networks and high-level interfaces.
3. Understand applications of Deep Learning to Computer Vision.
4. Understand and analyze Applications of Deep Learning to NLP.

UNIT - I

Introduction: Feed forward Neural networks, Gradient descent and the back-propagation algorithm, Unit saturation, the vanishing gradient problem, and ways to mitigate it. ReLU Heuristics for avoiding bad local minima, Heuristics for faster training, Nestors accelerated gradient descent, Regularization, Dropout.

UNIT - II

Convolutional Neural Networks: Architectures, convolution/pooling layers, Recurrent Neural Networks: LSTM, GRU, Encoder Decoder architectures. Deep Unsupervised Learning: Auto encoders, Variational Auto-encoders, Adversarial Generative Networks, Auto-encoder and DBM Attention and memory models, Dynamic Memory Models.

UNIT- III

Applications of Deep Learning to Computer Vision: Image segmentation, object detection, automatic image captioning, Image generation with Generative adversarial networks, video to text with LSTM models, Attention Models for computer vision tasks.

UNIT -IV

Applications of Deep Learning to NLP: Introduction to NLP and Vector Space Model of Semantics, Word Vector Representations: Continuous Skip-Gram Model, Continuous Bag-of-Words model (CBOW), Glove, Evaluations and Applications in word similarity.

UNIT -V

Analogy reasoning: Named Entity Recognition, Opinion Mining using Recurrent Neural Networks: Parsing and Sentiment Analysis using Recursive Neural Networks: Sentence Classification using Convolutional Neural Networks, Dialogue Generation with LSTMs.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Deep Learning by Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio and Aaron Courville, MIT Press.
2. The Elements of Statistical Learning by T. Hastie, R. Tibshirani, and J. Friedman, Springer.
3. Probabilistic Graphical Models. Koller, and N. Friedman, MIT Press.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Bishop, C, M., Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2006.
2. Yegnanarayana, B., Artificial Neural Networks PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, 2009.
3. Golub, G., H., and Van Loan, C. F., Matrix Computations, JHU Press, 2013.
4. Satish Kumar, Neural Networks: A Classroom Approach, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2004.

INFORMATION SECURITY**B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
2	0	0	2

Prerequisites: Courses on “Computer Networks” and “Mathematics”.**Course Objectives:**

- To understand the fundamentals of Cryptography
- To understand various key distribution and management schemes
- To understand how to deploy encryption techniques to secure data in transit across data networks
- To apply algorithms used for secure transactions in real world applications

Course Outcomes:

- Demonstrate the knowledge of cryptography, network security concepts and applications.
- Ability to apply security principles in system design.

UNIT - I

Security Attacks (Interruption, Interception, Modification and Fabrication), Security Services (Confidentiality, Authentication, Integrity, Non-repudiation, Access Control and Availability) and Mechanisms, A model for Internetwork security. Classical Encryption Techniques, DES, Strength of DES, Differential and Linear Cryptanalysis, Block Cipher Design Principles and Modes of operation, Blowfish, Placement of Encryption Function, Traffic Confidentiality, key Distribution, Random Number Generation.

UNIT - II

Public key Cryptography Principles, RSA algorithm, Key Management, Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange, Elliptic Curve Cryptography. Message authentication and Hash Functions, Authentication Requirements and Functions, Message Authentication, Hash Functions and MACs Hash and MAC Algorithms SHA-512, HMAC.

UNIT - III

Digital Signatures, Authentication Protocols, Digital signature Standard, Authentication Applications, Kerberos, X.509 Directory Authentication Service. Email Security: Pretty Good Privacy (PGP) and S/MIME.

UNIT - IV

IP Security: Overview, IP Security Architecture, Authentication Header, Encapsulating Security Payload, Combining Security Associations and Key Management.

Web Security: Web Security Requirements, Secure Socket Layer (SSL) and Transport Layer Security (TLS), Secure Electronic Transaction (SET).

UNIT - V

Intruders, Viruses and Worms Intruders, Viruses and related threats Firewalls: Firewall Design Principles, Trusted Systems, Intrusion Detection Systems.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Cryptography and Network Security (principles and approaches) by William Stallings Pearson Education, 4th Edition.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Network Security Essentials (Applications and Standards) by William Stallings Pearson Education.
2. Principles of Information Security, Whitman, Thomson.

GRAPH THEORY (Professional Elective - IV)

B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Pre-requisites: An understanding of Mathematics in general is sufficient.**Course Outcomes:**

- Know some important classes of graph theoretic problems;
- Be able to formulate and prove central theorems about trees, matching, connectivity, colouring and planar graphs;
- Be able to describe and apply some basic algorithms for graphs;
- Be able to use graph theory as a modelling tool.

UNIT - I

Introduction-Discovery of graphs, Definitions, Subgraphs, Isomorphic graphs, Matrix representations of graphs, Degree of a vertex, Directed walks, paths and cycles, Connectivity in digraphs, Eulerian and Hamilton digraphs, Eulerian digraphs, Hamilton digraphs, Special graphs, Complements, Larger graphs from smaller graphs, Union, Sum, Cartesian Product, Composition, Graphic sequences, Graph theoretic model of the LAN problem, Havel-Hakimi criterion, Realization of a graphic sequence.

UNIT - II

Connected graphs and shortest paths - Walks, trails, paths, cycles, Connected graphs, Distance, Cut-vertices and cut-edges, Blocks, Connectivity, Weighted graphs and shortest paths, Weighted graphs, Dijkstra's shortest path algorithm, Floyd-Warshall shortest path algorithm.

UNIT - III

Trees- Definitions and characterizations, Number of trees, Cayley's formula, Kirchoff-matrix-tree theorem, Minimum spanning trees, Kruskal's algorithm, Prim's algorithm, Special classes of graphs, Bipartite Graphs, Line Graphs, Chordal Graphs, Eulerian Graphs, Fleury's algorithm, Chinese Postman problem, Hamilton Graphs, Introduction, Necessary conditions and sufficient conditions.

UNIT - IV

Independent sets coverings and matchings – Introduction, Independent sets and coverings: basic equations, Matchings in bipartite graphs, Hall's Theorem, König's Theorem, Perfect matchings in graphs, Greedy and approximation algorithms.

UNIT - V

Vertex Colorings- Basic definitions, Cliques and chromatic number, Mycielski's theorem, Greedy coloring algorithm, Coloring of chordal graphs, Brooks theorem, Edge Colorings, Introduction and Basics, Gupta-Vizing theorem, Class-1 and Class-2 graphs, Edge-coloring of bipartite graphs, Class-2 graphs, Hajos union and Class-2 graphs, A scheduling problem and equitable edge-coloring.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. J. A. Bondy and U. S. R. Murty. Graph Theory, volume 244 of Graduate Texts in Mathematics. Springer, 1st edition, 2008.
2. J. A. Bondy and U. S. R. Murty. Graph Theory with Applications.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Lecture Videos: <http://nptel.ac.in/courses/111106050/13>.
2. Introduction to Graph Theory, Douglas B. West, Pearson.
3. Schaum's Outlines Graph Theory, Balakrishnan, TMH.
4. Introduction to Graph Theory, Wilson Robin j, PHI.
5. Graph Theory with Applications to Engineering and Computer Science, Narsing Deo, PHI.
6. Graphs - An Introductory Approach, Wilson and Watkins.

AUGMENTED REALITY AND VIRTUAL REALITY (Professional Elective - IV)**B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course objectives:

- The objective of this course is to provide a foundation to the fast-growing field of AR and make the students aware of the various AR devices.
- To give historical and modern overviews and perspectives on virtual reality. It describes the fundamentals of sensation, perception, technical and engineering aspects of virtual reality systems.

Course Outcomes:

- Describe how AR systems work and list the applications of AR.
- Understand and analyze the hardware requirement of AR.
- Describe how VR systems work and list the applications of VR.
- Understand the design and implementation of the hardware that enables VR systems to be built.

UNIT - I:

Introduction to Augmented Reality: What Is Augmented Reality - Defining augmented reality, history of augmented reality, The Relationship Between Augmented Reality and Other Technologies-Media, Technologies, Other Ideas Related to the Spectrum Between Real and Virtual Worlds, applications of augmented reality Augmented Reality Concepts- How Does Augmented Reality Work? Concepts Related to Augmented Reality, Ingredients of an Augmented Reality Experience.

UNIT - II:

AR Devices & Components: AR Components – Scene Generator, Tracking system, monitoring system, display, Game scene. AR Devices – Optical See- Through HMD, Virtual retinal systems, Monitor bases systems, Projection displays, Video see-through systems.

UNIT - III:

Introduction to Virtual Reality: Defining Virtual Reality, History of VR, Human Physiology and Perception, Key Elements of Virtual Reality Experience, Virtual Reality System, Interface to the Virtual World-Input & output- Visual, Aural & Haptic Displays, Applications of Virtual Reality

UNIT - IV:

Representing the Virtual World: Representation of the Virtual World, Visual Representation in VR, Aural Representation in VR and Haptic Representation in VR, Case Study: GHOST (General Haptics Open Software Toolkit) software development toolkit.

UNIT - V:

Visual Perception & Rendering: Visual Perception - Perception of Depth, Perception of Motion, Perception of Color, Combining Sources of Information, Visual Rendering -Ray Tracing and Shading Models, Rasterization, Correcting Optical Distortions, Improving Latency and Frame Rates.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Allan Fowler-AR Game Development II, 1st Edition, A press Publications, 2018, ISBN 978-1484236178
2. Augmented Reality: Principles & Practice by Schmalstieg / Hollerer, Pearson Education India; First edition (12 October 2016), ISBN-10: 9332578494

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Virtual Reality, Steven M. LaValle, Cambridge University Press, 2016.

2. Understanding Virtual Reality: Interface, Application and Design, William R Sherman and Alan B Craig, (The Morgan Kaufmann Series in Computer Graphics)". Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, San Francisco, CA, 2002.
3. Developing Virtual Reality Applications: Foundations of Effective Design, Alan B Craig, William R Sherman and Jeffrey D Will, Morgan Kaufmann, 2009.
4. Designing for Mixed Reality, Kharis O'Connell Published by O'Reilly Media, Inc., 2016, ISBN: 9781491962381.
5. Sanni Siltanen- Theory and applications of marker-based augmented reality. Julkaisija – Utgivare Publisher. 2012. ISBN 978-951-38-7449-0.
6. Gerard Jounghyun Kim, "Designing Virtual Systems: The Structured Approach", 2005.

SOFT COMPUTING (Professional Elective - IV)**B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

- Familiarize with soft computing concepts
- Introduce and use the idea of fuzzy logic and use of heuristics based on human experience
- Familiarize the Neuro-Fuzzy modeling using Classification and Clustering techniques
- Learn the concepts of Genetic algorithm and its applications
- Acquire the knowledge of Rough Sets.

Course Outcomes: On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Identify the difference between Conventional Artificial Intelligence to Computational Intelligence.
- Understand fuzzy logic and reasoning to handle and solve engineering problems.
- Apply the Classification and clustering techniques on various applications.
- Understand the advanced neural networks and its applications.
- Perform various operations of genetic algorithms, Rough Sets.
- Comprehend various techniques to build model for various applications.

UNIT - I

Introduction to Soft Computing: Evolutionary Computing, "Soft" computing versus "Hard" computing, Soft Computing Methods, Recent Trends in Soft Computing, Characteristics of Soft computing, Applications of Soft Computing Techniques.

UNIT - II

Fuzzy Systems: Fuzzy Sets, Fuzzy Relations, Fuzzy Logic, Fuzzy Rule-Based Systems.

UNIT - III

Fuzzy Decision Making, Particle Swarm Optimization.

UNIT - IV

Genetic Algorithms: Basic Concepts, Basic Operators for Genetic Algorithms, Crossover and Mutation Properties, Genetic Algorithm Cycle, Fitness Function, Applications of Genetic Algorithm.

UNIT - V

Rough Sets, Rule Induction, and Discernibility Matrix, Integration of Soft Computing Techniques.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Soft Computing – Advances and Applications - Jan 2015 by B.K. Tripathy and J. Anuradha – Cengage Learning.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. S. N. Sivanandam & S. N. Deepa, "Principles of Soft Computing", 2nd edition, Wiley India, 2008.
2. David E. Goldberg, "Genetic Algorithms-In Search, optimization and Machine learning", Pearson Education.
3. J. S. R. Jang, C.T. Sun and E.Mizutani, "Neuro-Fuzzy and Soft Computing", Pearson Education, 2004.
4. G.J. Klir & B. Yuan, "Fuzzy Sets & Fuzzy Logic", PHI, 1995.
5. Melanie Mitchell, "An Introduction to Genetic Algorithm", PHI, 1998.
6. Timothy J. Ross, "Fuzzy Logic with Engineering Applications", McGraw- Hill International editions, 1995.

CLOUD COMPUTING (Professional Elective - IV)**B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Pre-requisites:

1. A course on "Computer Networks"
2. A course on "Operating Systems"
3. A course on "Distributed Systems"

Course Objectives:

- This course provides an insight into cloud computing
- Topics covered include- distributed system models, different cloud service models, service-oriented architectures, cloud programming and software environments, resource management.

Course Outcomes:

- Ability to understand various service delivery models of a cloud computing architecture.
- Ability to understand the ways in which the cloud can be programmed and deployed.
- Understanding cloud service providers.

UNIT - I

Computing Paradigms: High-Performance Computing, Parallel Computing, Distributed Computing, Cluster Computing, Grid Computing, Cloud Computing, Bio computing, Mobile Computing, Quantum Computing, Optical Computing, Nano computing.

UNIT - II

Cloud Computing Fundamentals: Motivation for Cloud Computing, The Need for Cloud Computing, Defining Cloud Computing, Definition of Cloud computing, Cloud Computing Is a Service, Cloud Computing Is a Platform, Principles of Cloud computing, Five Essential Characteristics, Four Cloud Deployment Models

UNIT - III

Cloud Computing Architecture and Management: Cloud architecture, Layer, Anatomy of the Cloud, Network Connectivity in Cloud Computing, Applications, on the Cloud, Managing the Cloud, Managing the Cloud Infrastructure Managing the Cloud application, Migrating Application to Cloud, Phases of Cloud Migration Approaches for Cloud Migration.

UNIT - IV

Cloud Service Models: Infrastructure as a Service, Characteristics of IaaS. Suitability of IaaS, Pros and Cons of IaaS, Summary of IaaS Providers, Platform as a Service, Characteristics of PaaS, Suitability of PaaS, Pros and Cons of PaaS, Summary of PaaS Providers, Software as a Service, Characteristics of SaaS, Suitability of SaaS, Pros and Cons of SaaS, Summary of SaaS Providers, Other Cloud Service Models.

UNIT V

Cloud Service Providers: EMC, EMC IT, Captiva Cloud Toolkit, Google, Cloud Platform, Cloud Storage, Google Cloud Connect, Google Cloud Print, Google App Engine, Amazon Web Services, Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud, Amazon Simple Storage Service, Amazon Simple Queue service, Microsoft, Windows Azure, Microsoft Assessment and Planning Toolkit, SharePoint, IBM, Cloud Models, IBM Smart Cloud, SAP Labs, SAP HANA Cloud Platform, Virtualization Services Provided by SAP, Sales force, Sales Cloud, Service Cloud: Knowledge as a Service, Rack space, VMware, Manjra soft, Aneka Platform

TEXT BOOK:

1. Essentials of cloud Computing: K. Chandrasekhran, CRC press, 2014

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Cloud Computing: Principles and Paradigms by Rajkumar Buyya, James Broberg and Andrzej M. Goscinski, Wiley, 2011.
2. Distributed and Cloud Computing, Kai Hwang, Geoffery C. Fox, Jack J. Dongarra, Elsevier, 2012.
3. Cloud Security and Privacy: An Enterprise Perspective on Risks and Compliance, Tim Mather, Subra Kumaraswamy, Shahed Latif, O'Reilly, SPD, rp 2011.

OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES (Professional Elective - IV)**B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisite: Mathematics –I, Mathematics –II.**Course Objectives:**

- To introduce various optimization techniques i.e classical, linear programming, transportation problem, simplex algorithm, dynamic programming
- Constrained and unconstrained optimization techniques for solving and optimizing electrical and electronic engineering circuits design problems in real world situations.
- To explain the concept of Dynamic programming and its applications to project implementation.

Course Outcomes: After completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- Explain the need of optimization of engineering systems.
- Understand optimization of electrical and electronics engineering problems.
- Apply classical optimization techniques, linear programming, simplex algorithm, transportation problem.
- Apply unconstrained optimization and constrained non-linear programming and dynamic programming.
- Formulate optimization problems.

UNIT - I

Introduction and Classical Optimization Techniques: Statement of an Optimization problem – design vector – design constraints – constraint surface – objective function – objective function surface - classification of Optimization problems.

Linear Programming: Standard form of a linear programming problem – geometry of linear programming problems – definitions and theorems – solution of a system of linear simultaneous equations – pivotal reduction of a general system of equations – motivation to the simplex method – simplex algorithm.

UNIT - II

Transportation Problem: Finding initial basic feasible solution by north – west corner rule, least cost method and Vogel's approximation method – testing for optimality of balanced transportation problems. Degeneracy.

Assignment problem – Formulation – Optimal solution - Variants of Assignment Problem; Traveling Salesman problem.

UNIT - III

Classical Optimization Techniques: Single variable Optimization – multi variable Optimization without constraints – necessary and sufficient conditions for minimum/maximum – multivariable Optimization with equality constraints: Solution by method of Lagrange multipliers – Multivariable Optimization with inequality constraints: Kuhn – Tucker conditions.

Single Variable Nonlinear Unconstrained Optimization: Elimination methods: Uni Model function-its importance, Fibonacci method & Golden section method.

UNIT - IV

Multi variable nonlinear unconstrained optimization: Direct search methods – Univariate method, Pattern search methods – Powell's, Hooke - Jeeves, Rosenbrock's search methods. Gradient methods: Gradient of function & its importance, Steepest descent method, Conjugate direction methods: Fletcher-Reeves method & variable metric method.

UNIT - V

Dynamic Programming: Dynamic programming multistage decision processes – types – concept of sub optimization and the principle of optimality – computational procedure in dynamic programming – examples illustrating the calculus method of solution - examples illustrating the tabular method of solution.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Optimization Techniques & Applications by S.S.Rao, New Age International.
2. Optimization for Engineering Design by Kalyanmoy Deb, PHI.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. George Bernard Dantzig, Mukund Narain Thapa, "Linear programming", Springer series in Operations Research 3rd edition, 2003.
2. H. A. Taha, "Operations Research: An Introduction", 8th Edition, Pearson/Prentice Hall, 2007.
3. Optimization Techniques by Belegundu & Chandrupatla, Pearson Asia.
4. Optimization Techniques Theory And Practice by M.C. Joshi, K. M. Moudgalya, Narosa Publications.

COMPUTER GAME DESIGN AND PROGRAMMING (Professional Elective - V)**B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

- Provide students with practical ideas and techniques and get them ready to develop games that are more inventive, entertaining, and satisfying.
- Provide knowledge for computer game development.

Course Outcomes:

- Understand the game design, Game systems, and its prototyping.
- Explain the Game architecture, memory, debugging and prevention of bugs.
- Illustrate Graphics and animation.
- Describe Artificial intelligence developing computer games, understand Game Industry and IP.

UNIT – I:

Games: History and Society: The First Video Games, Games for the Masses, The Console Kings, Audience and Demographics, Societal Reaction to Games, Cultural Issues, Society within Games.

Game Design: The Game Designer, A Model of Games, Game, Player and Experience, Play Mechanics, Interface, Game Systems, Design Work, Prototyping and Playtesting Cycles, Playtesting.

UNIT - II

Programming Languages and Fundamentals: C++ and Game Development, Java, Scripting Languages, Data Structures, Object-Oriented Design in Games, Component Systems, Design Patterns
Game Architecture, Memory and Debugging: Bird's-Eye View of a Game, Initialization/Shutdown Steps, Main Game Loop, Game, Entities, Memory Management, File I/O, Game Resources, Serialization, The Five-Step Debugging Process, Expert Debugging Tips, Tough Debugging, Scenarios and Patterns, Understanding the Underlying System, Adding Infrastructure to Assist in Debugging, Prevention of Bugs.

UNIT - III

Graphics and Animation: Introduction to 3D Modeling, Box Modeling with Polygons, NURBS, Subdivision Surfaces, 3D Sculpting, Reverse Engineering, BSP Modeling, Modeling Methodology, Texture Mapping, Mapping UV Coordinates, Animation, Motion Capture, Motion Extraction, Mesh Deformation, Inverse Kinematics, Collision Detection, Real-Time Animation Playback, Character Animation, Facial Animation, Simulation Animation

UNIT - IV

Artificial Intelligence for Games: AI for Games, Game Agents, Finite-State Machines, Common AI Techniques, Search Space, Pathfinding, Audio and Network, Programming Basic Audio, Programming Music Systems, Programming Advanced Audio

UNIT - V

Game Industry and IP: Game Developers, Publishers, Platform Holders, Deal Dynamics, Payment Negotiation, Advertising, Media, Publicity Opportunities, Marketing, IP Protection, The IP Content of Video Games, Patents, Copyrights, Trademarks, Transfers of IP Rights, Video Game Content Regulation.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Steve Rabin, Introduction to Game Development, 2nd ed. Course Technology 2010, 978-1-58450-679-9.

REFERENCE BOOK:

1. Kenneth C. Finney, 3D Game Programming: All in One, 3rd Ed Course Technology 2013, 978-1-4354- 5744-7.

AGILE METHODOLOGY (Professional Elective - V)**B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives: Knowledge on concepts of Agile development, releasing, planning and developing**Course Outcomes:**

- Understand basic concepts of agile methods and extreme programming.
- Analyze real customer involvement and ubiquitous language.
- Discuss risk management and iteration planning.
- Summarize incremental requirements, refactoring, incremental design and architecture.

UNIT - I

Introduction Extreme Programming (XP) - Agile Development: Why Agile - Understanding Success, Beyond Deadlines, Importance of Organizational Success, Introduction to Agility How to Be Agile - Agile methods, Don't make your own method, Road to mastery Understanding XP (Extreme Programming) - XP life cycle, XP team, XP Concepts Adopting XP - Knowing whether XP is suitable, Implementing XP, assessing Agility Practicing XP - Thinking - Pair Programming, Energized work, Informative Workspace, Root cause Analysis, Retrospectives.

UNIT - II

Collaborating: Trust, Sit together, Real customer involvement, Ubiquitous language, meetings, coding standards, Iteration demo, Reporting.

UNIT - III

Releasing: Bugfree Release, Version Control, fast build, continuous integration, Collective ownership, Documentation.

UNIT - IV

Planning: Version, Release Plan, Risk Management, Iteration Planning, Slack, Stories, Estimating

UNIT - V

Developing: Incremental requirements, Customer tests, Test driven development, Refactoring, Incremental design and architecture, spike solutions, Performance optimization, Exploratory testing

TEXT BOOK:

1. The art of Agile Development, James Shore and Shane Warden, 11th Indian Reprint, O'Reilly, 2018.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Learning Agile, Andrew Stellman and Jennifer Greene, O'Reilly, 4th Indian Reprint, 2018.
2. Practices of an Agile Developer, Venkat Subramaniam and Andy Hunt, SPD, 5th Indian Reprint, 2015.
3. Agile Project Management - Jim Highsmith, Pearson Low price Edition 2004.

ROBOTIC PROCESS AUTOMATION (Professional Elective - V)**B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives: Aim of the course is to make learners familiar with the concepts of Robotic Process Automation.

Course Outcomes:

- Describe RPA, where it can be applied and how it's implemented.
- Identify and understand Web Control Room and Client Introduction.
- Understand how to handle various devices and the workload.
- Understand Bot creators, Web recorders and task editors.

UNIT - I

Introduction to Robotic Process Automation & Bot Creation Introduction to RPA and Use cases – Automation Anywhere Enterprise Platform – Advanced features and capabilities – Ways to create Bots.

UNIT - II

Web Control Room and Client Introduction - Features Panel - Dashboard (Home, Bots, Devices, Audit, Workload, Insights) - Features Panel – Activity (View Tasks in Progress and Scheduled Tasks) - Bots (View Bots Uploaded and Credentials).

UNIT - III

Devices (View Development and Runtime Clients and Device Pools) - Workload (Queues and SLA Calculator) - Audit Log (View Activities Logged which are associated with Web CR) - Administration (Configure Settings, Users, Roles, License and Migration) - Demo of Exposed API's – Conclusion – Client introduction and Conclusion.

UNIT - IV

Bot Creator Introduction – Recorders – Smart Recorders – Web Recorders – Screen Recorders - Task Editor – Variables - Command Library – Loop Command – Excel Command – Database Command - String Operation Command - XML Command.

UNIT - V

Terminal Emulator Command - PDF Integration Command - FTP Command - PGP Command - Object Cloning Command - Error Handling Command - Manage Windows Control Command - Workflow Designer - Report Designer.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Learning Robotic Process Automation: Create Software robots and automate business processes with the leading RPA tool - UiPath: Create Software robots. with the leading RPA tool – UiPath Kindle Edition.

REFERENCE BOOK:

1. Robotic Process Automation A Complete Guide - 2020 Edition Kindle Edition.

EVOLUTIONARY COMPUTING (Professional Elective - V)**B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

- Knowledge of evolutionary computation techniques and methodologies set in the context of modern heuristic methods.
- An idea of how to apply these techniques to optimisation problems and problems that require machine learning.

Course Outcomes:

- Understand the Components of Evolutionary Computing
- Analyze simulated Annealing and applications
- Illustrate Genetic algorithms, GA operators
- Understand particle swarm optimization, artificial bee colony optimization

UNIT - I

Historical Development, Features, Classification and Components of Evolutionary Computing, Advantages, Applications.

Simulated Annealing: Annealing Schedule, Parameter Selection, Applications.

Hill Climbing: Mathematical Description, Local and Global Maxima, Ridges, Plateau, Applications.

UNIT - II

Genetic Algorithms: Biological Background, Schema, Theorem, GA Operators: Crossover, Mutation and Its Types-GA Algorithm, Variations Of GA: Adaptive GA and Real Coded GA.

UNIT - III

Ant Colony Optimization: Ant Foraging Behavior, Theoretical Considerations, Convergence Proofs, ACO Algorithm, ACO And Model Based Search, Variations Of ACO: Elitist Ant System (EAS), Minmax Ant System (MMAS) And Rank Based Ant Colony System (RANKAS).

UNIT - IV

Particle Swarm Optimization: Principles of Bird Flocking and Fish Schooling, Evolution of PSO, Operating Principles, PSO Algorithm, Neighbourhood Topologies, Convergence Criteria, Variations of PSO.

UNIT - V

Artificial Bee Colony (ABC) Optimization: Behaviour of Real Bees, ABC Algorithm, Variations of ABC: Abcgbest and Abcgbestdist Case Study: Traveling Salesman Problem, Knapsack Problem, N Queens.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Goldberg D E, "Genetic Algorithms in search", Optimization and machine learning, Addison-Wesley 2005.
2. Kenneth A DeJong, "Evolutionary Computation a Unified Approach", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2006.
3. Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight, "Artificial Intelligence" Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited, 2011.
4. Marco Dorigo and Thomas Stutzle, "Ant Colony optimization", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi 2005.

VISUAL DESIGN AND COMMUNICATIONS (Professional Elective - V)**B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objective:

- Apply appropriate communication skills across settings, purposes, and audiences.
- Demonstrate knowledge of communication theory and application.

Course Outcomes:

- Demonstrate Designing for Experience.
- Understand perceptual and cultural experience in Visual Design and Communications.
- Analyze principles for orienting readers to the interpretation of information.
- Illustrate the nature of Interaction and Interpretation, Legibility/ Readability, Denotation and Connotation.

UNIT - I

Designing for Experience: Making sense of experience, Experience and Time, Experience and Media, Denotation and Connotation.

The Vocabulary of Visual Images: Elements, Composition, Code, Style

UNIT - II

Getting Attention: Perceptual and cultural experience, Contrast, Figure - Ground, Color, Size Constancy, Scale, Proportion, Proximity, Focus, Layering, Symmetry/ Asymmetry, Closure, Continuity, Series and sequences, Pattern, Rhythm and Pacing, Motion.

UNIT - III

Orienting for use and Interpretation: Principles for orienting readers to the interpretation of information, Affordances, Channel, Medium/Format, Feedback, Wayfinding, Mapping, Hierarchy, Reading pattern, Grouping, Edge Relationships, Direction, point of view.

UNIT - IV

Interacting, Interpreting and Experiencing: The Nature of signs, The nature of Interaction and Interpretation, Legibility/ Readability, Denotation and Connotation, Framing, Abstraction, Icon, Index and symbol, Materiality, Substitution, Metaphor, Appropriation, Ambiguity, Cognitive dissonance

UNIT - V

Retaining and Extending meaning: Memory and categorization, extending the impact of form, Stereotypes, Archetypes, Narrative, Mnemonics, Checking, Redundancy, Graphic Identity, Branding.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Meredith Davis (Author), Jamer Hunt, Visual Communication Design: An Introduction to Design Concepts in Everyday Experience

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Communication between cultures - Larry A. Samovar, Richard E. Porter, Edwin R. McDaniel & Carolyn Sexton Roy, Monica Eckman, USA, 2012.
2. Introduction to Communication studies - John Fiske & Henry Jenkins 3rd edition, Routledge, Oxon 2011.
3. An Introduction to communication studies - Sheila Steinberg, Juta & Co., Cape Town, 2007.
4. One World Many Voices: Our Cultures - Marilyn Marquis & Sarah Nielsen, Wingspan Press, California, 2010.

OPERATING SYSTEMS (Open Elective - II)**B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisites:

1. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures".
2. A course on "Computer Organization and Architecture".

Course Objectives:

- Introduce operating system concepts (i.e., processes, threads, scheduling, synchronization, deadlocks, memory management, file and I/O subsystems and protection).
- Introduce the issues to be considered in the design and development of operating system.
- Introduce basic Unix commands, system call interface for process management, interprocess communication and I/O in Unix.

Course Outcomes:

- Will be able to control access to a computer and the files that may be shared
- Demonstrate the knowledge of the components of computer and their respective roles in computing.
- Ability to recognize and resolve user problems with standard operating environments.
- Gain practical knowledge of how programming languages, operating systems, and architectures interact and how to use each effectively.

UNIT - I

Operating System - Introduction, Structures - Simple Batch, Multiprogrammed, Time-shared, Personal Computer, Parallel, Distributed Systems, Real-Time Systems, System components, Operating System services, System Calls.

UNIT - II

Process and CPU Scheduling - Process concepts and scheduling, Operations on processes, Cooperating Processes, Threads, and Interposes Communication, Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling Algorithms, Multiple -Processor Scheduling. System call interface for process management-fork, exit, wait, waitpid, exec.

UNIT - III

Deadlocks - System Model, Deadlocks Characterization, Methods for Handling Deadlocks, Deadlock Prevention, Deadlock Avoidance, Deadlock Detection, and Recovery from Deadlock.

Process Management and Synchronization - The Critical Section Problem, Synchronization Hardware, Semaphores, and Classical Problems of Synchronization, Critical Regions, Monitors.

Interprocess Communication Mechanisms: IPC between processes on a single computer system, IPC between processes on different systems, using pipes, FIFOs, message queues, shared memory.

UNIT - IV

Memory Management and Virtual Memory - Logical versus Physical Address Space, Swapping, Contiguous Allocation, Paging, Segmentation, Segmentation with Paging, Demand Paging, Page Replacement, Page Replacement Algorithms.

UNIT - V

File System Interface and Operations -Access methods, Directory Structure, Protection, File System Structure, Allocation methods, Free-space Management. Usage of open, create, read, write, close, lseek, stat, ioctl system calls.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Operating System Principles- Abraham Silberchatz, Peter B. Galvin, Greg Gagne 7th Edition, John Wiley
2. Advanced programming in the UNIX environment, W.R. Stevens, Pearson education.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Operating Systems – Internals and Design Principles Stallings, Fifth Edition–2005, Pearson Education/PHI.
2. Operating System A Design Approach- Crowley, TMH.
3. Modern Operating Systems, Andrew S. Tanenbaum 2nd edition, Pearson/PHI.
4. UNIX programming environment, Kernighan and Pike, PHI/ Pearson Education.
5. UNIX Internals -The New Frontiers, U. Vahalia, Pearson Education.

SOFTWARE ENGINEERING (Open Elective - II)

B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives

- The aim of the course is to provide an understanding of the working knowledge of the techniques for estimation, design, testing and quality management of large software development projects.
- Topics include process models, software requirements, software design, software testing, software process/product metrics, risk management, quality management and UML diagrams

Course Outcomes

- Ability to translate end-user requirements into system and software requirements, using e.g. UML, and structure the requirements in a Software Requirements Document (SRD).
- Identify and apply appropriate software architectures and patterns to carry out high level design of a system and be able to critically compare alternative choices.
- Will have experience and/or awareness of testing problems and will be able to develop a simple testing report

UNIT - I

Introduction to Software Engineering: The evolving role of software, changing nature of software, software myths.

A Generic view of process: Software engineering- a layered technology, a process framework, the capability maturity model integration (CMMI), process patterns, process assessment, personal and team process models.

Process models: The waterfall model, incremental process models, evolutionary process models, the unified process.

UNIT - II

Software Requirements: Functional and non-functional requirements, user requirements, system requirements, interface specification, the software requirements document.

Requirements engineering process: Feasibility studies, requirements elicitation and analysis, requirements validation, requirements management.

System models: Context models, behavioral models, data models, object models, structured methods.

UNIT - III

Design Engineering: Design process and design quality, design concepts, the design model.

Creating an architectural design: software architecture, data design, architectural styles and patterns, architectural design, conceptual model of UML, basic structural modeling, class diagrams, sequence diagrams, collaboration diagrams, use case diagrams, component diagrams.

UNIT - IV

Testing Strategies: A strategic approach to software testing, test strategies for conventional software, black-box and white-box testing, validation testing, system testing, the art of debugging.

Product metrics: Software quality, metrics for analysis model, metrics for design model, metrics for source code, metrics for testing, metrics for maintenance.

UNIT - V

Metrics for Process and Products: Software measurement, metrics for software quality.

Risk management: Reactive Vs proactive risk strategies, software risks, risk identification, risk projection, risk refinement, RMMM, RMMM plan.

Quality Management: Quality concepts, software quality assurance, software reviews, formal technical reviews, statistical software quality assurance, software reliability, the ISO 9000 quality standards.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Software Engineering, A practitioner's Approach- Roger S. Pressman, 6th edition, Mc Graw Hill International Edition.
2. Software Engineering- Sommerville, 7th edition, Pearson Education.
3. The unified modeling language user guide Grady Booch, James Rumbaugh, Ivar Jacobson, Pearson Education.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Software Engineering, an Engineering approach- James F. Peters, Witold Pedrycz, John Wiley.
2. Software Engineering principles and practice- Waman S Jawadekar, The Mc Graw-Hill Companies.
3. Fundamentals of object-oriented design using UML Meiler page-Jones: Pearson Education.

DEEP LEARNING LAB**B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

Course Objectives:

- To Build the Foundation of Deep Learning.
- To Understand How to Build the Neural Network.
- To enable students to develop successful machine learning concepts.

Course Outcomes: Upon the Successful Completion of the Course, the Students would be able to:

- Learn The Fundamental Principles of Deep Learning.
- Identify The Deep Learning Algorithms for Various Types of Learning Tasks in various domains.
- Implement Deep Learning Algorithms and Solve Real-world problems.

List of Experiments:

1. Setting up the Spyder IDE Environment and Executing a Python Program.
2. Installing Keras, Tensorflow and Pytorch libraries and making use of them.
3. Applying the Convolution Neural Network on computer vision problems.
4. Image classification on MNIST dataset (CNN model with Fully connected layer).
5. Applying the Deep Learning Models in the field of Natural Language Processing.
6. Train a sentiment analysis model on IMDB dataset, use RNN layers with LSTM/GRU notes.
7. Applying the Autoencoder algorithms for encoding the real-world data.
8. Applying Generative Adversarial Networks for image generation and unsupervised tasks.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Deep Learning by Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio and Aaron Courville, MIT Press.
2. The Elements of Statistical Learning. Hastie, R. Tibshirani, J. Friedman, Springer.
3. Probabilistic Graphical Models. Koller, and N. Friedman, MIT Press.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Bishop, C., M., Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2006.
2. Yegnanarayana, B., Artificial Neural Networks PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, 2009.
3. Golub, G., H., and Van Loan, C., F., Matrix Computations, JHU Press, 2013.
4. Satish Kumar, Neural Networks: A Classroom Approach, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2004.

Extensive Reading:

- <http://www.deeplearning.net>
- <https://www.deeplearningbook.org/>
- <https://developers.google.com/machine-learning/crash-course/ml-intro>
- www.cs.toronto.edu/~fritz/absps/imagenet.pdf
- <http://neuralnetworksanddeeplearning.com/>

ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOR**B.Tech. IV Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives: The objective of the course is to provide the students with the conceptual framework and the theories underlying Organizational Behaviour.

UNIT - I:

Introduction to OB - Definition, Nature and Scope – Environmental and organizational context – Impact of IT, globalization, Diversity, Ethics, culture, reward systems and organizational design on Organizational Behaviour. Cognitive Processes-I: Perception and Attribution: Nature and importance of Perception – Perceptual selectivity and organization – Social perception – Attribution Theories – Locus of control – Attribution Errors – Impression Management.

UNIT - II:

Cognitive Processes-II: Personality and Attitudes – Personality as a continuum – Meaning of personality - Johari Window and Transactional Analysis - Nature and Dimension of Attitudes – Job satisfaction and organizational commitment-Motivational needs and processes- Work-Motivation Approaches Theories of Motivation- Motivation across cultures - Positive organizational behaviour: Optimism – Emotional intelligence – Self-Efficacy.

UNIT - III:

Dynamics of OB-I: Communication – types – interactive communication in organizations – barriers to communication and strategies to improve the follow of communication - Decision Making: Participative decision-making techniques – creativity and group decision making. Dynamics of OB –II Stress and Conflict: Meaning and types of stress –Meaning and types of conflict - Effect of stress and intra-individual conflict - strategies to cope with stress and conflict.

UNIT - IV:

Dynamics of OB –III Power and Politics: Meaning and types of power – empowerment - Groups Vs. Teams – Nature of groups – dynamics of informal groups – dysfunctions of groups and teams – teams in modern work place.

UNIT - V:

Leading High performance: Job design and Goal setting for High performance- Quality of Work Life- Socio technical Design and High-performance work practices - Behavioural performance management: reinforcement and punishment as principles of Learning –Process of Behavioural modification - Leadership theories - Styles, Activities and skills of Great leaders.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Luthans, Fred: Organizational Behaviour 10/e, McGraw-Hill, 2009
2. McShane: Organizational Behaviour, 3e, TMH, 2008
3. Nelson: Organizational Behaviour, 3/e, Thomson, 2008.
4. Newstrom W. John & Davis Keith, Organisational Behaviour-- Human Behaviour at Work, 12/e, TMH, New Delhi, 2009.
5. Pierce and Gardner: Management and Organisational Behaviour: An Integrated perspective, Thomson, 2009.
6. Robbins, P. Stephen, Timothy A. Judge: Organisational Behaviour, 12/e, PHI/Pearson, New Delhi, 2009.
7. Pareek Udai: Behavioural Process at Work: Oxford & IBH, New Delhi, 2009.
8. Schermerhorn: Organizational Behaviour 9/e, Wiley, 2008.
9. Hitt: Organizational Behaviour, Wiley, 2008.

COMPUTER VISION AND ROBOTICS (Professional Elective - VI)**B.Tech. IV Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Pre-requisites: UG level Course in Linear Algebra and Probability.**Course Objectives:**

- To understand the Fundamental Concepts Related To sources, shadows and shading.
- To understand the The Geometry of Multiple Views.

Course Outcomes:

- Implement fundamental image processing techniques required for computer vision
- Implement boundary tracking techniques
- Apply chain codes and other region descriptors, Hough Transform for line, circle, and ellipse detections.
- Apply 3D vision techniques and Implement motion related techniques.
- Develop applications using computer vision techniques.

UNIT - I**Cameras:** Pinhole Cameras**Radiometry – Measuring Light:** Light in Space, Light Surfaces, Important Special Cases.**Sources, Shadows, And Shading:** Qualitative Radiometry, Sources and Their Effects, Local Shading Models, Application: Photometric Stereo, Interreflections: Global Shading Models.**Color:** The Physics of Color, Human Color Perception, Representing Color, A Model for Image Color, Surface Color from Image Color.**UNIT - II****Linear Filters:** Linear Filters and Convolution, Shift Invariant Linear Systems, Spatial Frequency and Fourier Transforms, Sampling and Aliasing, Filters as Templates.**Edge Detection:** Noise, Estimating Derivatives, Detecting Edges.**Texture:** Representing Texture, Analysis (and Synthesis) Using Oriented Pyramids, Application: Synthesis by Sampling Local Models, Shape from Texture.**UNIT - III****The Geometry of Multiple Views:** Two Views.**Stereopsis:** Reconstruction, Human Stereopsis, Binocular Fusion, Using More Cameras.**Segmentation by Clustering:** What Is Segmentation?, Human Vision: Grouping and Gestalt, Applications: Shot Boundary Detection and Background Subtraction, Image Segmentation by Clustering Pixels, Segmentation by Graph-Theoretic Clustering.**UNIT - IV****Segmentation by Fitting a Model:** The Hough Transform, Fitting Lines, Fitting Curves, Fitting as a Probabilistic Inference Problem, Robustness.**Segmentation and Fitting Using Probabilistic Methods:** Missing Data Problems, Fitting, and Segmentation, The EM Algorithm in Practice.**Tracking With Linear Dynamic Models:** Tracking as an Abstract Inference Problem, Linear Dynamic Models, Kalman Filtering, Data Association, Applications and Examples.**UNIT - V****Geometric Camera Models:** Elements of Analytical Euclidean Geometry, Camera Parameters and the Perspective Projection, Affine Cameras and Affine Projection Equations

Geometric Camera Calibration:Least-Squares Parameter Estimation, A Linear Approach to Camera Calibration, Taking Radial Distortion into Account, Analytical Photogrammetry, An Application: Mobile Robot Localization

Model- Based Vision:Initial Assumptions, Obtaining Hypotheses by Pose Consistency, Obtaining Hypotheses by pose Clustering, Obtaining Hypotheses Using Invariants, Verification, Application: Registration In Medical Imaging Systems, Curved Surfaces and Alignment.

TEXT BOOK:

1. David A. Forsyth and Jean Ponce: Computer Vision - A Modern Approach, PHI Learning (Indian Edition), 2009.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. E. R. Davies: Computer and Machine Vision – Theory, Algorithms and Practicalities, Elsevier (Academic Press), 4th edition, 2013.
2. R. C. Gonzalez and R. E. Woods “Digital Image Processing” Addison Wesley 2008.
3. Richard Szeliski “Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applications” Springer-Verlag London Limited 2011.

COMPUTER AIDED GEOMETRIC DESIGN (Professional Elective - VI)**B.Tech. IV Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

- Understand the significance of CAD tools, Geometric modeling, surface modeling, in computer aided geometric design.

Course Outcomes:

- Understand the functional areas of CAD, usage of CAD, and basics of geometric modelling.
- Analyze curve, parametric representation of analytic curves and synthetic curves.
- Illustrate surface representation methods, Parametric representation of analytic surfaces in surface modelling.
- Understand solid modeling, 2-D and 3-D transformations.

UNIT- I: CAD Tools: Definition of CAD Tools, Graphics standards, Graphics software: requirements of graphics software, Functional areas of CAD, Efficient use of CAD software. Basics of Geometric Modeling: Requirement of geometric modeling, Geometric models, Geometric construction methods, Modeling facilities desired.

UNIT- II: Geometric modeling: Classification of wireframe entities, Curve representation methods, Parametric representation of analytic curves: line, circle, arc, conics, Parametric representation of synthetic curves: Hermite cubic curve, Bezier curve, B-Spline curve, NURBS, Curve manipulations.

UNIT- III: Surface Modeling: Classification of surface entities, Surface representation methods, Parametric representation of analytic surfaces: plane surface, ruled surface, surface of revolution, tabulated cylinder, Parametric representation of synthetic curves: Hermite cubic surface, Bezier surface, BSpline surface, coon surface, Blending surface, Surface manipulations.

UNIT- IV: Solid Modeling: Geometry and topology, Boundary representation, The Euler-Poincare formula, Euler operators, Constructive solid geometry: CSG primitives, Boolean operators, CSG expressions, Interior, Exterior, closure, Sweeping: linear and nonlinear, Solid manipulations.

UNIT- V: Transformations: 2-D and 3-D transformations: translation, scaling, rotation, reflection, concatenation, homogeneous coordinates, Perspective projection, orthotropic projection, isometric projection, Hidden surface removal, shading, rendering. CAD/ CAM Data Exchange: Evaluation of data exchange format, Data exchange formats: IGES, PDES, CGM, STEP Dimensioning and tolerances: Linear, angular, angular dimensions, maximum material condition (MMC), Least material condition (LMC), Regardless of feature size (RFS).

TEXT BOOKS:

1. CAD/CAM Concepts and Applications/ Alavala/ PHI.
2. Mastering CAD/CAM / Ibrahim Zeid / Mc Graw Hill International.
3. CAD/CAM Principles and Applications/ P.N. Rao/TMH/3rd Edition.
4. CAD/CAM /Groover M.P./ Pearson education.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. CAD / CAM / CIM, Radhakrishnan and Subramanian/ New Age.
2. Principles of Computer Aided Design and Manufacturing/ Farid Amirouche/ Pearson.
3. Computer Numerical Control Concepts and programming/ Warren S Seames/ Thomson.

NATURE INSPIRED COMPUTING (Professional Elective - VI)**B.Tech. IV Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives: Knowledge on significance of intelligence, genetic algorithms Ant Colony algorithms.

Course Outcomes:

- Familiar with Genetic algorithm and its applications.
- Compare different Ant Colony Optimization algorithmic models.
- Compare different Artificial Bee Colony Optimization algorithmic models.
- Illustrate Particle swarm optimization algorithm with an example.

UNIT - I: Models of Life and Intelligence - Fundamentals of bio-inspired models and bio-inspired computing. Evolutionary models and techniques, Swarm models and its self-organization, swarm and evolutionary algorithms. Optimisation problems – single and multi-objective optimisation, heuristic, meta-heuristic and hyper heuristic functions.

UNIT - II: Genetic algorithms - Mathematical foundation, Genetic problem solving, crossover and mutation. genetic algorithms and Markov process, applications of genetic algorithms.

UNIT - III: Ant Colony Algorithms - Ant colony basics, hybrid ant system, ACO in combinatorial optimisation, variations of ACO, case studies.

UNIT - IV: Particle Swarm algorithms - particles moves, particle swarm optimisation, variable length PSO, applications of PSO, case studies. Artificial Bee Colony algorithms - ABC basics, ABC in optimisation, multi-dimensional bee colony algorithms, applications of bee algorithms, case studies.

UNIT - V: Selected nature inspired techniques - Hill climbing, simulated annealing, Gaussian adaptation, Cuckoo search, Firey algorithm, SDA algorithm, bat algorithm, case studies. Other nature inspired techniques - Social spider algorithm, Cultural algorithms, Harmony search algorithm, Intelligent water drops algorithm, Artificial immune system, Flower pollination algorithm, case studies.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Albert Y.Zomaya - "Handbook of Nature-Inspired and Innovative Computing", Springer, 2006
2. Floreano, D. and C. Mattiussi -"Bio-Inspired Artificial Intelligence: Theories, methods and Technologies" IT Press, 2008.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Leandro Nunes de Castro - " Fundamentals of Natural Computing, Basic Concepts, Algorithms and Applications", Chapman & Hall/ CRC, Taylor and Francis Group, 2007.
2. Marco Dorigo, Thomas Stutzle -" Ant Colony Optimization", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2005.
3. Vinod Chandra S S, Anand H S - "Machine Learning: A Practitioner's Approach", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2020.

HUMAN COMPUTER INTERACTION (Professional Elective - VI)**B.Tech. IV Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

- To gain an overview of Human-Computer Interaction (HCI), with an understanding of user interface design in general, and alternatives to traditional "keyboard and mouse" computing;
- Become familiar with the vocabulary associated with sensory and cognitive systems as relevant to task performance by humans;
- Be able to apply models from cognitive psychology to predicting user performance in various human-computer interaction tasks and recognize the limits of human performance as they apply to computer operation;
- Appreciate the importance of a design and evaluation methodology that begins with and maintains a focus on the user;
- Be familiar with a variety of both conventional and non-traditional user interface paradigms, the latter including virtual and augmented reality, mobile and wearable computing, and ubiquitous computing;
- Understand the social implications of technology and their ethical responsibilities as engineers in the design of technological systems;
- Working in small groups on a product design from start to finish will provide you with invaluable team-work experience.

Course Outcomes:

- Ability to apply HCI and principles to interaction design.
- Ability to design certain tools for blind or PH people.

UNIT - I

Introduction: Importance of user Interface – definition, importance of good design. Benefits of good design. A brief history of Screen design.

The graphical user interface – popularity of graphics, the concept of direct manipulation, graphical system, Characteristics, Web user – Interface popularity, characteristics- Principles of user interface.

UNIT - II

Design process – Human interaction with computers, importance of human characteristics, human consideration, Human interaction speeds, understanding business junctions.

Screen Designing: Design goals – Screen planning and purpose, organizing screen elements, ordering of screen data and content – screen navigation and flow – Visually pleasing composition – amount of information – focus and emphasis – presentation information simply and meaningfully – information retrieval on web – statistical graphics – Technological consideration in interface design.

UNIT - III

Windows – New and Navigation schemes selection of window, selection of devices based and screen-based controls. Components – text and messages, Icons and increases – Multimedia, colors, uses problems, choosing colors.

UNIT - IV

HCI in the software process: the software life cycle Usability engineering Iterative design and prototyping Design Focus: Prototyping in practice Design rationale Design rules Principles to support usability Standards Golden rules and heuristics HCI patterns Evaluation techniques, Goals of evaluation, Evaluation through expert analysis, Evaluation through user participation, Choosing an evaluation method. Universal design, Universal design principles Multi-modal interaction

UNIT - V

Cognitive models Goal and task hierarchies Design Focus: GOMS saves money Linguistic models
The challenge of display-based systems Physical and device models Cognitive architectures Ubiquitous
computing and augmented realities Ubiquitous computing applications research Design Focus: Ambient
Wood – augmenting the physical Virtual and augmented reality Design Focus: Shared experience
Design Focus: Applications of augmented reality Information and data visualization Design Focus:
Getting the size right.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. The essential guide to user interface design, Wilbert O Galitz, Wiley Dream Tech.
2. Human – Computer Interaction. Alan Dix, Janet Fincay, Gre Goryd, Abowd, Russell Bealg, Pearson Education.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Designing the user interface. 3rd Edition Ben Shneidermann, Pearson Education Asia.
2. Interaction Design Prece, Rogers, Sharps. Wiley Dreamtech.
3. User Interface Design, Soren Lauesen, Pearson Education.
4. Human –Computer Interaction, D. R. Olsen, Cengage Learning.
5. Human –Computer Interaction, Smith - Atakan, Cengage Learning.

VFX ANIMATION (Professional Elective - VI)**B.Tech. IV Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives: Knowledge on concepts of Visual Effects before Computers, Digital Effects, The VFX Team, Basic VFX Technologies and Equipment, The VFX Bible and Database, Models and Miniatures

Course Outcomes:

- Understand Visual Effects before Computers and digital effects.
- Analyze the VFX team and basic VFX Technologies and equipment.
- Illustrate breakdowns scheduling and budgeting production support.
- Describe On-Set Operations, On-Set References.

UNIT - I

Visual Effects before Computers: Stop-Motion Animation, Puppets and Animatronics, Matte Paintings, Miniatures, In-Camera Miniatures, Hanging Miniatures with Live Action, Miniatures with Composited Elements, Front and Rear Projection, Forced Perspective with Live Action, Blue- or Green Screen Composites, Motion Control, In-Camera Practical Effects, Special (Mechanical) Effects and Visual Effects.

Digital Effects: The 15-minute Version, Two-Dimensional (2D) vs. Three-Dimensional (3D) CGI, 2D CGI, 3D CGI, Creating a Digital Image, Building Digital Models, Texturing, Painting, and Lighting, CG Characters, Animation, Rendering, Compositing, Miniatures vs. Digital Models.

UNIT - II

The VFX Team: The Visual Effects Supervisor, The Visual Effects Producer, First In—Last Out, What Does the VFX Producer Do?, VFX Producer's Abilities and Personal Qualities, VFX Producers and Guild Membership, The VFX Producer and Marketing, Visual Effects Production Coordinator, Visual Effects Data Coordinator, Visual Effects PA, Runner, and Similar Support Positions, Freelance Visual Effects Crew, First Assistant Director (AD), Visual Effects DP, Blue or Green Screen DP, Motion Control Technician, Miniature Pyrotechnicians, Other Special VFX Crew.

Basic VFX Technologies and Equipment: Blue and Green Screens, Lighting for Blue- or Greenscreen Photography, Motion Control, When to Use Motion Control, EncodaCam, VistaVision Cameras, High-Speed Photography, Digital Video Assist with Compositing Capability, Motion Capture, SpaceCam, Wescam, Flying-Cam, Cyber scanning and Structured Light Scanning, Set Surveys, Lighting References and HDRI (High Dynamic Range Imaging), LIDAR (Light Detection and Ranging), Renting Equipment.

UNIT - III

Breakdowns: Production Breakdowns, The First Go-Around: Generating a VFX Breakdown, Getting Started, Marking Up the Script, Numbering Visual Effects Shots, Constructing a Digital Cost Breakdown Spreadsheet, Estimating Digital Shot Costs, A Sampling of Ancillary Digital Costs, Facility Visual Effects Supervision and Management, Preliminary Bids: Getting a Handle on the Digital Shot Costs, Budget Guidelines for Digital Work, Casting and Evaluating Potential Vendors, Practical Steps in Checking Out a Vendor, The Importance of Artists, Bidding Guidelines: Comparing Apples to Apples, Following Up, Budgeting Miniatures.

Scheduling and Budgeting Production Support: The Production Support Breakdown Sheet, Using Movie Magic Scheduling, VFX Breakdown Sheets, Preparing the VFX Breakdown, Stand-Alone VFX Elements, Scheduling the Shooting of Your Effects, Collaborating with the 1st Unit, Communication—

Key to Smooth Sailing, Scheduling 1st Unit Shooting, Working with a Strip Board, Separating 1st Unit and VFX Unit Shooting, Designating Different Types of VFX Plates, Modifying the Strip Board Design, Keeping Up with Changes, Scheduling the VFX Unit, Refining the Schedule, Reports and More Reports, Modified Day-out-of-Days Report, Modified One-Liner.

UNIT - IV

The VFX Bible and Database: Introduction to VFX Bible, Examples of Reports from a FileMaker Pro Database, Database Maintenance, Visual Aids, Storyboards, Animatics, Previs, A Case Study—Previs for The Guardian, Generating a Previs.

On-Set Operations

Production Meetings, The Visual Effects Review, More Meetings, Tech Scouts, Extended Location Scouts, Key to Success: Keep the ADs Informed, Influencing the 1st Unit Shooting Schedule, Motion Control: A Special Situation on Set, Production Calendars, Production Reports, When the Schedule Changes, Physical Support/1st Unit Support, Working on Sets, Laying the Groundwork, Support from Camera Assistants, Grips, Electrical, Paint and Construction, Digital Video Assist, Transportation.

UNIT - V

On-Set References: Reference Photos; Art Department References, Element Data Sheets, Reference and Clean Background Plates, Performance References, Video References, Lighting Reference Tools, Tracking Markers, Tests.

Models and Miniatures Introduction to Miniatures or CG Models, Early Estimates, Defining the Task, Miniatures on Contract, The Bidding Package, Monitoring Progress, Getting Things to Match, Filming Miniatures

TEXT BOOK:

1. Charles Finance, Susan Zwerman, The Visual Effects Producer, Understanding the Art and Business of VFX, focal press.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Wallace Jackson, VFX Fundamentals Visual Special Effects Using Fusion 8.0 2016 Edition, Apress.
2. Pakhira, Malay K, Computer Graphics, Multimedia and Animation, 2nd edition, Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited.

ALGORITHMS DESIGN AND ANALYSIS (Open Elective - III)**B.Tech. IV Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Pre-requisites:

1. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures".
2. A course on "Advanced Data Structures".

Course Objectives:

- Introduces the notations for analysis of the performance of algorithms.
- Introduces the data structure disjoint sets.
- Describes major algorithmic techniques (divide-and-conquer, backtracking, dynamic programming, greedy, branch and bound methods) and mention problems for which each technique is appropriate.
- Describes how to evaluate and compare different algorithms using worst-, average-, and best case analysis.
- Explains the difference between tractable and intractable problems, and introduces the problems that are P, NP and NP complete.

Course Outcomes:

- Ability to analyze the performance of algorithms.
- Ability to choose appropriate data structures and algorithm design methods for a specified application.
- Ability to understand how the choice of data structures and the algorithm design methods.
- Impact the performance of programs.

UNIT - I

Introduction: Algorithm, Performance Analysis-Space complexity, Time complexity, Asymptotic Notations - Big oh notation, Omega notation, Theta notation and Little oh notation.

Divide and conquer: General method, applications-Binary search, Quick sort, Merge sort, Strassen's matrix multiplication.

UNIT - II

Disjoint Sets: Disjoint set operations, union and find algorithms.

Backtracking: General method, applications, n-queen's problem, sum of subsets problem, graph Coloring.

UNIT - III

Dynamic Programming: General method, applications- Optimal binary search trees, 0/1 knapsack problem, all pairs shortest path problem, Traveling sales person problem, Reliability design.

UNIT - IV

Greedy method: General method, applications-Job sequencing with deadlines, knapsack problem, Minimum cost spanning trees, Single source shortest path problem.

UNIT - V

Branch and Bound: General method, applications - Travelling sales person problem, 0/1 knapsack problem - LC Branch and Bound solution, FIFO Branch and Bound solution.

NP-Hard and NP-Complete problems: Basic concepts, non-deterministic algorithms, NP - Hard and NP-Complete classes, Cook's theorem.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms, Ellis Horowitz, Satraj Sahni and Rajasekharan, University Press.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Design and Analysis of algorithms, Aho, Ullman and Hopcroft, Pearson education.
2. Introduction to Algorithms, second edition, T. H. Cormen, C.E. Leiserson, R. L. Rivest, and C. Stein, PHI Pvt. Ltd./ Pearson Education.
3. Algorithm Design: Foundations, Analysis and Internet Examples, M.T. Goodrich and R. Tamassia, John Wiley and sons.

INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER NETWORKS (Open Elective - III)**B.Tech. IV Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisites

1. A course on "Programming for problem solving".
2. A course on "Data Structures".

Course Objectives:

- The objective of the course is to equip the students with a general overview of the concepts and fundamentals of computer networks.
- Familiarize the students with the standard models for the layered approach to communication between machines in a network and the protocols of the various layers.

Course Outcomes:

- Gain the knowledge of the basic computer network technology.
- Gain the knowledge of the functions of each layer in the OSI and TCP/IP reference model.
- Obtain the skills of subnetting and routing mechanisms.
- Familiarity with the essential protocols of computer networks, and how they can be applied in network design and implementation.

UNIT - I

Network hardware, Network software, OSI, TCP/IP Reference models, Example Networks: ARPANET, Internet.

Physical Layer: Guided Transmission media: twisted pairs, coaxial cable, fiber optics, Wireless transmission.

UNIT - II

Data link layer: Design issues, framing, Error detection and correction.

Elementary data link protocols: simplex protocol, A simplex stop and wait protocol for an error-free channel, A simplex stop and wait protocol for noisy channel.

Sliding Window protocols: A one-bit sliding window protocol, A protocol using Go-Back-N, A protocol using Selective Repeat, Example data link protocols.

Medium Access sublayer: The channel allocation problem, Multiple access protocols: ALOHA, Carrier sense multiple access protocols, collision free protocols. Wireless LANs, Data link layer switching.

UNIT - III

Network Layer: Design issues, Routing algorithms: shortest path routing, Flooding, Hierarchical routing, Broadcast, Multicast, distance vector routing, Congestion Control Algorithms, Quality of Service, Internetworking, The Network layer in the internet.

UNIT - IV

Transport Layer: Transport Services, Elements of Transport protocols, Connection management, TCP and UDP protocols.

UNIT - V

Application Layer - Domain name system, SNMP, Electronic Mail; the World WEB, HTTP, Streaming audio and video.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Computer Networks -- Andrew S Tanenbaum, David. j. Wetherall, 5th Edition. Pearson Education/PHI.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. An Engineering Approach to Computer Networks-S. Keshav, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education.
2. Data Communications and Networking – Behrouz A. Forouzan. Third Edition TMH.