

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

COURSE STRUCTURE for

M.Tech EEE for

Power Electronics & Power systems (PE&PS) **Programme** (Applicable for batches admitted from 2019-2020)



JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY KAKINADA



COURSE STRUCTURE

I Sen	nester								
S.No	Course No	Category	Course Name	P.Os	L	Т	Р	С	Marks
1		PC	Analysis of Power Electronic Converters		3	0	0	3	100
2		PC	Power System Operation & Control		3	0	0	3	100
3		PE	Elective – I i.Control &Integration of Renewable Energy systems ii.Digital Signal Processing iii.Power Quality		3	0	0	3	100
4		PE	Elective – II i. Electrical Distribution Automation ii. HVDC Transmission iii. Advanced Power System Protection		3	0	0	3	100
5			Research Methodology and IPR		2	0	0	2	100
6			Power Electronics Simulation Lab		0	0	4	2	100
7			Power Systems Lab		0	0	4	2	100
8			Audit Course – I		2	0	0	0	100
					16	0	8	18	800

II Semester

S.No	Course No	Category	Course Name	P.Os	L	Т	Р	С	Marks
1		PC	Switched Mode Power Conversion		3	0	0	3	100
2		PC	Real Time Control of Power Systems		3	0	0	3	100
3		PE	Elective III i. Electrical Machine Modeling & Analysis ii. DSP Controlled Drives iii. Application of Power Converters		3	0	0	3	100
4		PE	Elective IV i. EHVAC Transmission ii. Flexible AC Transmission Systems iii. Power System Dynamics & Stability		3	0	0	3	100
5			Power Converters Lab		0	0	4	2	100
6			Power Systems Simulation Lab		0	0	4	2	100
7			Mini Project with Seminar		0	0	4	2	100
8			Audit Course – II		2	0	0	0	100
					14	0	12	18	800



III Semester

S No	Course	Category	Course Name	POs	т	т	р	C	Marks
5.110	No		Course Maine	1.05	Ľ	-		C	
			Program Elective –V						
1		PE	i. Hybrid Electric Vehicles		3	0	0	3	100
_			ii. Optimization Techniques		-	Ū		-	100
			iii. Artificial Intelligent Techniques						
			Open Elective						100
			i. Energy Audit Conservation &						
2			Management		3	0	0	3	
_			ii. Operations Research		U	Ũ	Ŭ	Ũ	
			iii. Cost Management of Engineering						
			Projects						
3			Dissertation Phase - I		0	0	20	10	
			(to be continued and evaluated next semester)		,			- 0	
					6	0	20	16	200

IVSer	nester	\square					i
S.No	Course No	Category	Course Name	Т	Р	С	Marks
1			Dissertation Phase-II (continued from III semester)	0	32	16	100
				0	32	16	100

Audit course 1 & 2

- 1. English for Research Paper Writing
- 2. Disaster Management
- 3. Sanskrit for Technical Knowledge
- 4. Value Education
- 5. Constitution of India
- 6. Pedagogy Studies
- 7. Stress Management by Yoga
- 8. Personality Development through Life Enlightenment Skills.



I Somoston	Analyzia of Dowon Floatnonia Convertors	Cotogomy	L-T-P	Credits
1-Semester	Analysis of Fower Electronic Converters	Category	3-0-0	3

Pre-Requisite: Power Electronics.

Course Educational Objectives:

- To understand the control principle of ac to ac conversion with suitable power semi conductor devices.
- To have the knowledge of ac to dc conversion and different ac to dc converter topologies.
- To understand the effect of operation of controlled rectifiers on p.f. and improvement of p.f. with PFC converters
- To acquire the knowledge on dc-ac converters and to know the different control techniques of dc-ac converters.
- To know multilevel inverter configuration to improve the quality of the inverter output voltage.

UNIT-1

Overview of Switching Devices:

Power MOSFET, IGBT, GTO, GaN devices-static and dynamic characteristics, gate drive circuits for switching devices.

UNIT-2

AC-DC converters: Single phase fully controlled converters with RL load– Evaluation of input power factor and harmonic factor- Continuous and Discontinuous load current, Power factor improvements, Extinction angle control, symmetrical angle control, PWM control. Three Phase AC-DC Converters, fully controlled converters feeding RL load with continuous and discontinuous load current, Evaluation of input power factor and harmonic factor-three phase dual converters

UNIT-3

Power Factor Correction Converters: Single-phase single stage boost power factor corrected rectifier, power circuit principle of operation, and steady state- analysis, three phase boost PFC converter **UNIT-4**

PWM Inverters: Principle of operation-Voltage control of single phase inverters - sinusoidal PWM – modified PWM – phase displacement Control – Trapezoidal, staircase, stepped, harmonic injection and delta modulation. Voltage Control of Three-Phase Inverters- Sinusoidal PWM- 60^oPWM- Third Harmonic PWM- Space Vector Modulation- Comparison of PWM Techniques- Three phase current source inverters-Variable dc link inverter.

UNIT-5

Multi level inverters: Introduction, Multilevel Concept, Types of Multilevel Inverters- Diode-Clamped Multilevel Inverter, Principle of Operation, Features of Diode-Clamped Inverter, Improved Diode-Clamped Inverter- Flying-Capacitors Multilevel Inverter- Principle of Operation, Features of Flying-Capacitors Inverter- Cascaded Multilevel Inverter- Principle of Operation- Features of Cascaded Inverter-Switching Device Currents-DC-Link Capacitor Voltage Balancing- Features of Multilevel Inverters-Comparisons of Multilevel Converters.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student will be able to

- Describe and analyze the operation of AC-DC converters.
- Analyze the operation of power factor correction converters.
- Analyze the operation of three phase inverters with PWM control.
- Study the principles of operation of multi- level inverters and their applications.



Text Books

- 1. Power Electronics: Converters, Applications, and Design- Ned Mohan, Tore M. Undeland, William P. Robbins, John Wiley& Sons, 2nd Edition, 2003.
- 2. Power Electronics-Md.H.Rashid –Pearson Education Third Edition- First IndianReprint-2008.

- 1. Elements of Power Electronics Philip T. Krein, Oxford University press, 2014.
- 2. Power Electronics: Converters, Applications, and Design- Ned Mohan, Tore M. Undeland, William P. Robbins, John Wiley& Sons, 2nd Edition, 2003.
- 3. Power Converter Circuits William Shepherd & Li Zhang-Yes Dee CRC Press, 2004.



I Somoston	Down System Onevention & Control	Cotogony	L-T-P	Credits
1-Semester	Fower System Operation & Control	Category	3-0-0	3

Pre-requisite: Knowledge on Power Generation Engineering, Power Transmission Engineering.

Course Educational Objectives:

- To study the unit commitment problem for economic load dispatch.
- To study the load frequency control of single area and two area systems with and without control.
- To study the effect of generation with limited energy supply.
- To study the effectiveness of interchange evaluation in interconnected power systems.

UNIT – 1

Unit commitment problem and optimal power flow solution: Unit commitment: Constraints in UCP, UC solution methods. Priority list method, introduction to Dynamic programming Approach.

Optimal power flow: OPF without inequality constraints, inequality constraints on control variables and dependent variables.

UNIT – 2

Single area Load Frequency Control: Necessity of keeping frequency constant. Definition of control area, single area control, Block diagram representation of an isolated Power System, Steady State analysis, Dynamic response-Uncontrolled case. Proportional plus Integral control of single area and its block diagram representation, steady state response.

UNIT – 3

Two area Load Frequency Control: Load frequency control of two-area system, uncontrolled case and controlled case, tie-line bias control, steady state representation. Optimal two-area LF control- performance Index and optimal parameter adjustment. Load frequency control and Economic dispatch control.

UNIT – 4

Generation with limited Energy supply : Take-or-pay fuel supply contract, composite generation production cost function. Solution by gradient search techniques, Hard limits and slack variables, Fuel scheduling by linear programming.

UNIT – 5

Interchange Evaluation and Power Pools Economy Interchange: Economy interchange Evaluation, Interchange Evaluation with unit commitment, Multiple Interchange transactions, Other types of Interchange, power pools, transmission effects and issues.



Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student will be able to

- Determine the unit commitment problem for economic load dispatch.
- Get the knowledge of load frequency control of single area system with and without control.
- Get the knowledge of load frequency control of two area system with and without control.
- Know the effect of generation with limited energy supply.
- Determine the interchange evaluation in interconnected power systems.

Text Books:

- 1. Power Generation, Operation and Control by A.J.WoodandF.Wollenberg, Johnwiley& sons Inc. 1984.
- 2. Modern Power System Analysis by I.J.Nagrath&D.P.Kothari, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company ltd, 2nd edition.

- 1 Power system operation and control PSR Murthy B.S publication.
- 2 Electrical Energy Systems Theory by O.I. Elgerd, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, 2nd edition.
- 3 Reactive Power Control in Electric Systems by TJE Miller, John Wiley & sons.



I-semester	Control & Integration of Renewable Energy Systems (Elective -I)	Category	L-T-P 3-0-0	Credits 3
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Pre-requisite:Power Electronics

Course Educational Objectives:

- To understand different conventional & non-conventional dynamic energy conversion technologies.
- To learn the principles of static energy conversion technologies.
- To understand the basics of real & reactive power control with renewable generators.
- To learn the principles of standalone and grid connected systems.

UNIT-1

Introduction: Electric grid introduction, Supply guarantee and power quality, Stability, Effects of renewable energy penetration into the grid, Boundaries of the actual grid configuration, Consumption models and patterns, static and dynamic energy conversion technologies, interfacing requirements . **UNIT-2**

Dynamic Energy Conversion Technologies: Introduction to different conventional and nonconventional dynamic generation technologies, principle of operation and analysis of reciprocating engines, gas and micro turbines, hydro and wind based generation technologies, control and integrated operation of different dynamic energy conversion devices.

UNIT-3

Static Energy Conversion Technologies: Introduction to different conventional and nonconventional static generation technologies, principle of operation and analysis of fuel cell, photovoltaic based generators, and wind based generation technologies, different storage technologies such as batteries, fly wheels and ultra-capacitors, plug-in-hybrid vehicles, control and integrated operation of different static energy conversion devices.

UNIT-4

Real and reactive power control: Control issues and challenges in Diesel, PV, wind and fuel cell based generators, PLL, Modulation Techniques, Dimensioning of filters, Linear and nonlinear controllers, predictive controllers and adaptive controllers, Fault-ride through Capabilities, Load frequency and Voltage Control.

UNIT-5

Integration of different Energy Conversion Technologies: Resources evaluation and needs, Dimensioning integration systems, Optimized integrated systems, Interfacing requirements, integrated Control of different resources, Distributed versus Centralized Control, Synchro Converters, Grid connected and Islanding Operations, stability and protection issues, load sharing, Cases studies

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course, student will be able to

- Gain knowledge on different renewable energy sources and storage devices
- Recognize, model and simulate different renewable energy sources
- Analyze, model and simulate basic control strategies required for grid connection
- Implement a complete system for standalone/grid connected system



Text books:

1. Ali Keyhani Mohammad Marwali and Min Dai, "Integration and Control of Renewable Energy in Electric Power System" John Wiley publishing company

2. S. Chowdhury, S. P. Chowdhury, P. Crossley, "Microgrids and Active Distribution Networks", IET Power Electronics Series, 2012

3. G. Masters, "Renewable and Efficient Electric Power Systems", IEEE-Wiley Publishers, 2013

References:

1. Quing-Chang Zhong, "Control of Power Inverters in Renewable Energy and Smart Grid Integration", Wiley, IEEE Press

2. Bin Wu, Yongqiang Lang, NavidZargari, "Power Conversion and Control of Wind Energy Systems", Wiley 2011.



I-Semester Advanced Digital Signal Processing	Category	L-T-P	Credits
(Elective-I)		3-0-0	3

Pre-requisite: Signals & Systems

Course Educational Objectives:

- To understand the various digital filter structures
- To design the FIR and IIR Filters
- To know the importance of FFT algorithm for computation of Discrete Fourier Transform
- To analyze the finite word length effects on various filters
- To learn the power spectrum estimation of periodic and non-periodic signals

UNIT-1

Digital Filter Structure: Block diagram representation-Equivalent Structures-FIR and IIR digital filter Structures All pass Filters-tunable IIR Digital Filters-IIR tapped cascaded Lattice Structures-FIR cascaded Lattice structures-Parallel-Digital Sine-cosine generator-Computational complexity of digital filter structures.

UNIT-2

Digital filter design: Preliminary considerations-Bilinear transformation method of IIR filter designdesign of lowpass, high pass-band pass, and band stop- IIR digital filters-Spectral transformations of IIR filters, FIR filter design-based on windowed Fourier series- design of FIR digital filters with least –meansquare-error-constrained least-square design of FIR digital filters

UNIT-3

DSP algorithm implementation: Computation of the discrete Fourier transform- number representationarithmetic operations handling of overflow-tunable digital filters-function approximation.

UNIT-4

Analysis of finite Word length effects: The quantization process and errors- quantization of fixed -point and floating -point Numbers-Analysis of coefficient quantization effects, Analysis of arithmetic round-off errors, dynamic range scaling-signal- to- noise ratio in low -order IIR filters-low-sensitivity digital filters-Reduction of Product round-off errors using error feedback-Limit cycles in IIR digital filters, Round-off errors in FFT Algorithms.

UNIT-5

Power Spectrum Estimation: Estimation of spectra from finite duration observations signals – Nonparametric methods for power spectrum estimation – parametric method for power spectrum estimation, estimation of spectral form-finite duration observation of signals-non-parametric methods for power spectrum estimation-Walsh methods-Blackman & torchy method.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student will be able to

- Describe structure of digital filters.
- Design digital filters with different techniques.
- Understand the implementation aspects of signal processing algorithms.
- Know the effect of finite word length in signal processing.
- Analyze different power spectrum estimation techniques.



Text Books:

- 1. Digital signal processing-Sanjit K. Mitra-TMH second edition, 2002.
- Discrete Time Signal Processing Alan V.Oppenheim, Ronald W.Shafer PHI-1996 1st edition-9th reprint

- 1. Digital Signal Processing and principles, algorithms and Applications John G.Proakis -PHI 3rd edition-2002.
- 2. Digital Signal Processing S.Salivahanan, A.Vallavaraj, C. Gnanapriya TMH 2nd reprint-2001
- 3. Theory and Applications of Digital Signal Proceesing-LourensR. Rebinar&Bernold.
- 4. Digital Filter Analysis and Design-Auntonian-TMH.



I-Semester	Power Quality	Catagowy	L-T-P	Credits
	(Elective-I)	Category	3-0-0	3

Pre requisite: Knowledge on electric circuit analysis, power systems and power electronics and concept of reactive power compensation techniques.

Course Educational Objectives:

- To understand significance of power quality and power quality parameters.
- To know types of transient over voltages and protection of transient voltages.
- To understand harmonics, their effects, harmonic indices and harmonic minimization techniques.
- To understand the importance of power devices and their applications.
- To understand different compensation techniques to minimize power quality disturbances.

UNIT-1

Introduction to power quality:Overview of Power Quality, Concern about the Power Quality, General Classes of Power Quality Problems, Voltage Unbalance, Waveform Distortion, Voltage fluctuation, Power Frequency Variations, Power Quality Terms, Voltage Sags, swells, flicker and Interruptions - Sources of voltage and current interruptions, Nonlinear loads.

UNIT-2

Transient and Long Duration Voltage Variations:Source of Transient Over Voltages - Principles of Over Voltage Protection, Devices for Over Voltage Protection, Utility Capacitor Switching Transients, Utility Lightning Protection, Load Switching Transient Problems.

Principles of Regulating the Voltage, Device for Voltage Regulation, Utility Voltage Regulator Application, Capacitor for Voltage Regulation, End-user Capacitor Application, Regulating Utility Voltage with Distributed generation

UNIT-3

Harmonic Distortion and solutions: Voltage vs. Current Distortion, Harmonics vs. Transients - Power System Quantities under Non-sinusoidal Conditions, Harmonic Indices, Sources of harmonics, Locating Sources of Harmonics, System Response Characteristics, Effects of Harmonic Distortion, Inter harmonics, Harmonic Solutions Harmonic Distortion Evaluation, Devices for Controlling Harmonic Distortion, Harmonic Filter Design, Standards on Harmonics

UNIT-4

Custom Power Devices:Custom power and custom power devices, voltage source inverters, reactive power and harmonic compensation devices, compensation of voltage interruptions and current interruptions, static series and shunt compensators, compensation in distribution systems, interaction with distribution equipment, installation considerations.

UNIT-5

Application of custom power devices in power systems: Static and hybrid Source Transfer Switches, Solid state current limiter - Solid state breaker. P-Q theory – Control of P and Q, Dynamic Voltage Restorer (DVR): Operation and control – Interline Power Flow Controller (IPFC): Operation and control of Unified Power Quality Conditioner (UPQC); Generalized power quality conditioner



Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student will be able to

- Identify the issues related to power quality in power systems.
- Address the problems of transient and long duration voltage variations in power systems.
- Analyze the effects of harmonics and study of different mitigation techniques.
- Identify the importance of custom power devices and their applications.
- Acquire knowledge on different compensation techniques to minimize power quality disturbances.

Text Books:

- 1. Electrical Power Systems Quality, Dugan R C, McGranaghan M F, Santoso S, and Beaty H W, Second Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2002.
- 2. Understanding Power Quality Problems: Voltage Sags and Interruptions, Bollen M H J, First Edition, IEEE Press; 2000.
- 3. Guidebook on Custom Power Devices, Technical Report, Published by EPRI, Nov 2000
- 4. Power Quality Enhancement Using Custom Power Devices Power Electronics and Power Systems, Gerard Ledwich, ArindamGhosh, Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2002.

- 1. Power Quality Primer, Kennedy B W, First Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2000.
- 2. Power System Harmonics, Arrillaga J and Watson N R, Second Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2003.
- 3. Electric Power Quality control Techniques, W. E. Kazibwe and M. H. Sendaula, Van Nostrad Reinhold, New York.
- 4. Power Quality c.shankaran, CRC Press, 2001
- 5. Harmonics and Power Systems Franciso C.DE LA Rosa-CRC Press (Taylor & Francis).
- 6. Power Quality in Power systems and Electrical Machines-EwaldF.fuchs, Mohammad A.S. Masoum-Elsevier
- 7. Power Quality, C. Shankaran, CRC Press, 2001
- 8. Instantaneous Power Theory and Application to Power Conditioning, H. Akagiet.al., IEEE Press, 2007.
- 9. Custom Power Devices An Introduction, ArindamGhosh and Gerard Ledwich, Springer, 2002
- A Review of Compensating Type Custom Power Devices for Power Quality Improvement, Yash Pal et.al., Joint International Conference on Power System Technology and IEEE Power India Conference, 2008. POWERCON 2008.



I-Semester	Electrical Distribution Automation	Category	L-T-P	Credits
	(Elective-II)		3-0-0	3

Pre-requisite: Knowledge on basics of distribution systems, Compensation in electrical distribution systems, Circuit Analysis, concept of loadmodeling.

Course Educational Objectives:

- To learn the importance of economic distribution of electrical energy.
- To analyze the distribution networks for V-drops, P_{Loss} calculations and reactive power.
- To understand the co-ordination of protection devices.
- To impart knowledge of capacitive compensation/voltage control.
- To understand the principles of voltage control.

UNIT – 1

General : Introduction to Distribution systems, an overview of the role of computers in distribution system planning-Load modelling and characteristics - definition of basic terms like demand factor, utilization factor, load factor, plant factor, diversity factor, coincidence factor, contribution factor and loss factor-Relationship between the load factor and loss factor - Classification of loads (Residential, Commercial, Agricultural and Industrial) and their characteristics.

UNIT - 2

Distribution Feeders and Substations: Design consideration of Distribution feeders: Radial and loop types of primary feeders, voltage levels, and feeder-loading. Design practice of the secondary distribution system. Location of Substations: Rating of a Distribution Substation, service area with 'n' primary feeders. Benefits derived through optimal location of substations.

UNIT - 3

Protective devices and coordination: Objectives of distribution system protection, types of common faults and procedure for fault calculation. Protective Devices: Principle of operation of fuses, circuit reclosers, line sectionalizer and circuit breakers. Coordination of protective devices: General coordination procedure; types of coordination.

UNIT – 4

Capacitive compensation for power factor control: Different types of power capacitors, shunt and series capacitors, effect of shunt capacitors (Fixed and switched), power factor correction, capacitor location. Economic justification. Procedure to determine the best capacitor location. Voltage control: Equipment for voltage control, effect of series capacitors, effect of AVB/AVR, line drop compensation.

UNIT – 5

Distribution automation functions: Electrical system automation, EMS functional scope, DMS functional scope functionality of DMS- Steady state and dynamic performance improvement; Geographic information systems-AM/FM functions and Database management; communication options, supervisory control and data acquisition: SCADA functions and system architecture; Synchrophasors and its application in power systems.



Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student will be able to

- Analyze a distribution system.
- Design equipment for distribution system and sub-stations.
- Design protective systems and co-ordinate the devices.
- Understand of capacitive compensation.
- Understand of distribution automation.

Text Books:

- 1. "Electric Power Distribution System Engineering " byTuranGonen, Mc.Graw-Hill Book Company,1986.
- 2. Distribution System Analysis and Automation, by Juan M. Gers, The Institution of Engineering and Technology, UK 2014.

Reference Books:

1. Electric Power Distribution-by A.S.Pabla, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, 4^{th} edition, 1997.

- 2. Electrical Distribution V.Kamaraju-McGraw Hill
- 3. Handbook of Electrical Power Distribution Gorti Ramamurthy-Universities press



I-Semester	HVDC Transmission	Category	L-T-P	Credits
	(Elective–II)		3 -0-0	3

Prerequisites: Knowledge on Power Electronics, Power Systems and High Voltage Engineering **Course Educational Objectives:**

- To learn various schemes of HVDC transmission.
- To learn about the basic HVDC transmission equipment.
- To learn the control of HVDC systems.
- To be exposed to the interaction between HVAC and HVDC system.
- To be exposed to the various protection schemes of HVDC engineering.

UNIT – 1

Limitation of EHV AC Transmission, Advantages of HVDC: Technical economical and reliability aspects. HVDC Transmission: General considerations, Power Handling Capabilities of HVDC Lines, Basic Conversion principles, static converter configuration. Types of HVDC links-Apparatus and its purpose

UNIT - 2

Static Power Converters: 6-pulse bridge circuit and 12-pulse converters, converter station and Terminal equipment, commutation process, Rectifier and inverter operation, equivalent circuit for converter – special features of converter transformers. Comparison of the performance of diametrical connection with 6-pulse bridge circuit

UNIT – 3

Control of HVDC Converters and systems: constant current, constant extinction angle and constant Ignition angle control. Individual phase control and equidistant firing angle control, DC power flow control. Factors responsible for generation of Harmonics voltage and current, harmonics effect of variation of α and μ . Filters, Harmonic elimination.

UNIT – 4

Interaction between HV AC and DC systems – Voltage interaction, Harmonic instability problems and DC power modulation. Development of DC circuit Breakers, Multi-terminal DC links and systems; series, parallel and series parallel systems, their operation and control. **UNIT – 5**

Transient over voltages in HV DC systems : Over voltages due to disturbances on DC side, over voltages due to DC and AC side line faults. Converter faults and protection in HVDC Systems: Converter faults, over current protection - valve group, and DC line protection, circuit breakers. Over voltage protection of converters, surge arresters.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student will be able to

- Understand the various schemes of HVDC transmission.
- Understand the basic HVDC transmission equipment.
- Understand the control of HVDC systems.
- Understand the interaction between HVAC and HVDC system.
- Understand the various protection schemes of HVDC engineering.
- Understand the various schemes of HVDC transmission.



Text Books:

- 1. S Kamakshaih and V Kamaraju:HVDC Transmission- MG hill.
- 2. K.R.Padiyar : High Voltage Direct current Transmission, Wiley Eastern Ltd., New Delhi 1992.

- 1. E.W. Kimbark : Direct current Transmission, Wiley Inter Science New York.
- 2. J.Arillaga : H.V.D.C.Transmission Peter Peregrinus Itd., London UK 1983
- 3. Vijay K Sood: HVDC and FACTS controllers: Applications of static converters in power systems by, Kluwer Academic Press.



I-Semester	Advanced Power Systems Protection (Elective–II)	Category	L-T-P 3 -0-0	Credits 3

Pre-requisite: Concepts of Power Electronics, Electronic circuits, STLD and basics of Relays and protection.

Course Educational Objectives:

- To learn about classification and operation of static relays.
- To understand the basic principles and application of comparators.
- To learn about static version of different types of relays.
- To understand about numerical protection techniques.

UNIT – 1

Static Relays classification and Tools : Comparison of Static with Electromagnetic Relays, Basic classification, Level detectors and Amplitude and phase Comparators – Duality – Basic Tools – Schmitt Trigger Circuit, Multivibrators, Square wave Generation – Polarity detector – Zero crossing detector – Thyristor and UJT Triggering Circuits. Phase sequence Filters – Speed and reliability of static relays.

$UNIT - \dot{2}$

Amplitude and Phase Comparators (2 Input) : Generalized equations for Amplitude and Phase comparison – Derivation of different characteristics of relays – Rectifier Bridge circulating and opposed voltage type amplitude comparators – Averaging & phase splitting type amplitude comparators – Principle of sampling comparators.

Phase Comparison : Block Spike and phase Splitting Techniques – Transistor Integrating type, phase comparison, Rectifier Bridge Type Comparison – Vector product devices.

UNIT – 3

Static over current (OC) relays – Instantaneous, Definite time, Inverse time OC Relays, static distance relays, static directional relays, static differential relays, measurement of sequence impedances in distance relays, multi input comparators, elliptic & hyperbolic characteristics, switched distance schemes, Impedance characteristics during Faults and Power Swings,

UNIT – 4

PILOT Relaying schemes: Wire pilot protection: circulating current scheme – balanced voltage scheme – translay scheme – half wave comparison scheme - carrier current protection: phase comparison type – carrier aided distance protection – operational comparison of transfer trip and blocking schemes – optical fibre channels.

UNIT – 5

Microprocessor based relays and Numerical Protection: Introduction – over current relays – impedance relay – directional relay – reactance relay.

Numerical Protection: Introduction - numerical relay - numerical relaying algorithms - mannmorrison technique - Differential equation technique and discrete fourier transform technique numerical over current protection - numerical distance protection.



Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student will be able to

- Know the classifications and applications of static relays.
- Understand the application of comparators.
- Understand the static version of different types of relays.
- Understand the numerical protection techniques.

Text Books:

- 1. Power System Protection with Static Relays by TSM Rao, TMH.
- 2. Power system protection & switchgear by Badri Ram & D N viswakarma, TMH.

- 1. Protective Relaying Vol-II Warrington, Springer.
- 2. Art & Science of Protective Relaying C R Mason, Willey.
- 3. Power System Stability KimbarkVol-II, Willey.
- 4. Electrical Power System Protection –C.Christopoulos and A.Wright- Springer
- 5. Protection & Switchgear –BhaveshBhalaja, R.PMaheshwari, NileshG.Chothani-Oxford publisher



I-Semester Research Methodology and IPR PC 2-0-0	2

UNIT-I

Meaning of research problem, Sources of research problem, Criteria Characteristics of a good research problem, Errors in selecting a research problem, Scope and objectives of research problem. Approaches of investigation of solutions for research problem, data collection, analysis, interpretation, Necessary instrumentations

UNIT-II

Effective literature studies approaches, analysis Plagiarism, Research ethics, Effective technical writing, how to write report, Paper Developing a Research Proposal, Format of research proposal, a presentation and assessment by a review committee

UNIT-III

Nature of Intellectual Property: Patents, Designs, Trade and Copyright. Process of Patenting and Development: technological research, innovation, patenting, development. International Scenario: International cooperation on Intellectual Property. Procedure for grants of patents, Patenting under PCT.

UNIT-IV

Patent Rights: Scope of Patent Rights. Licensing and transfer of technology. Patent information and databases. Geographical Indications.

UNIT-V

New Developments in IPR: Administration of Patent System. New developments in IPR; IPR of Biological Systems, Computer Software etc. Traditional knowledge Case Studies, IPR and IITs.

REFERENCES:

1. Stuart Melville and Wayne Goddard, "Research methodology: an introduction for science & engineering students""

2. Wayne Goddard and Stuart Melville, "Research Methodology: An Introduction"

- 3. Ranjit Kumar, 2nd Edition, "Research Methodology: A Step by Step Guide for beginners"
- 4. Halbert, "Resisting Intellectual Property", Taylor & Francis Ltd, 2007.
- 5. Mayall, "Industrial Design", McGraw Hill, 1992.



	Dowar Floatronics Simulation I aboratory	Cotogomy	L-T-P	Credits
I-Semester	Tower Electronics Simulation Laboratory	Category	0 -0-4	2

Course Educational Objectives:

To analyze the operation of DC-DC converters, AC-DC converters and DC-AC converters by simulation.

List of Experiments:

- 1. Simulation of Buck converter using small signal model.
- 2. Simulation of Boost converter using small signal model.
- 3. Simulation of single phase half bridge inverter.
- 4. Simulation of full bridge inverter using Uni-polar & Bi-polar PWM techniques.
- 5. Simulation of three phase inverter using sine-triangle PWM.
- 6. Simulation of three phase inverter using space vector PWM.
- 7. Simulation of three level three phase NPC inverter.
- 8. Study of neutral point voltage floating in NPC three level inverter
- 9. Simulation of 3-level flying capacitor inverter & evaluation of capacitor voltage balanced methods.
- 10. Simulation of single phase AC voltage regulator.
- 11. Simulation of three phase AC voltage regulator.
- 12. Comparison of harmonic profile of two level& three level inverter (FFT analysis).
- 13. Simulation of 5-level inverter using carrier based PWM methods.
- 14. Simulation of three phase full converter with RL & RLE loads.
- 15. Simulation of three-phase dual converter.

Course Outcome: To understand the operation of DC-DC converters, AC-DC converters, AC voltage regulators and DC-AC converters by simulation.



I-Semester	Power Systems Laboratory	Category	L-T-P	Credits
			0 -0-4	2

Course Educational Objectives:

To understand the experimental determination of various parameters used in power system area and to analyze the performance of transmission line with and without compensation.

List of Experiments:

- 1. Determination of Sequence Impendence of an Alternator by direct method.
- 2. Determination of Sequence impedance of an Alternator by fault Analysis.
- 3. Measurement of sequence impedance of a three phase transformer
 - (a). by application of sequence voltage. (b). using fault analysis.
- 4. Power angle characteristics of a salient pole Synchronous Machine.
- 5. Poly-phase connection on three single phase transformers and measurement of phase

displacement.

- 6.Determination of equivalent circuit of 3-winding Transformer.
- 7. Measurement of ABCD parameters on transmission line model.
- 8. Performance of long transmission line without compensation.
- 9. Study of Ferranti effect in long transmission line.
- 10. Performance of long transmission line with shunt compensation.

Course Outcomes:

After the Completion of lab they will understand procedure for determination of various parameters used in power system as well as performance of transmission line.



II comostor	Switched Mode Power Conversion	Category	L-T-P	Credits
11-semester			3 -0-0	3

Pre-requisite: Concepts of electrical circuit analysis and power electronics.

Course Educational Objectives:

- To understand the control operation of non-sinusoidal DC-DC converters.
- To understand the basic operation of resonant converters.
- To understand the control operation of isolated DC-DC converters.
- To understand the control schemes of DC-DC converters and designing of magnetic components.
- To understand the modeling and control design of switch mode conversion based on linearization.
- To understand how to analyze the switch mode converters using small-signal analysis.

UNIT-1

Non-isolated switch mode converters:

Control of DC-DC converters: Buck converters, Boost converters, Buck-Boost converter, CUK Converter, continuous and discontinuous operation, Converter realization with non-ideal components. UNIT-2

Isolated switched mode converters:

Forwarded converter, flyback converter, push-pull converter, half-bridge converter, full bridge converter. **UNIT-3**

Resonant converters:

Basic resonant circuit concepts, series resonant circuits, parallel resonant circuits, zero current switching quasi-resonant buck converter, zero current switching quasi-resonant boost converter, zero voltage switching quasi-resonant boost converter.

UNIT-4

Control schemes of switching converters:

Voltage control, Current mode control, control scheme for resonant converters.

Magnetic design consideration: Transformer design, inductor and capacitor design.

UNIT-5

Modeling and Controller design based on linearization:

Formulation of averaged models for buck and boost converters: state space analysis, average circuit models, linearization and small – signal analysis, small-signal models.

Control design based on linearization: Transfer function of converters, control design, large signal issues in voltage-mode and current-mode control.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student will be able to

- Analyze operation and control of non-isolated and isolated switch mode converters.
- Design of non-isolated and isolated switch mode converters.
- Analyze operation and control of resonant converters.
- Feedback design of switch mode converters based on linearized models.



Text Books:

- 1. Fundamentals of Power Electronics-Erickson, Robert W., Maksimovic, Dragan, Springer, 2011.
- 2. Power switching converters-Simon Ang, Alejandro Oliva, CRC Press, 2010.
- 3. Elements of Power Electronics Philip T. Krein, Oxford University press, 2014.
- 4. Design of Magnetic Components for Switched Mode Power Converters- Umanand, S.P. Bhat, John Wiley & Sons Australia, 1992.

- 1. Switching Power Supply Design-Abraham I. Pressman, McGraw-Hill Ryerson, Limited, 1991.
- 2. Power Electronics IssaBatareseh, Jhon Wiley publications, 2004.
- 3. Power Electronics: converters Applications & Design Mohan, Undeland, Robbins-Wiley publications.



II-Semester	Real Time Control of Power Systems	Category	L-T-P	Credits
			3 -0-0	3

Pre-requisite: Power system operation and control.

Course Educational Objectives:

- To understand the importance of state estimation in power systems.
- To know the importance of security and contingency analysis.
- To understand SCADA, its objectives and its importance in power systems.
- To know the significance of voltage stability analysis.
- To know the applications of AI to power systems problems.

UNIT – 1:

State Estimation: Different types of State Estimations, Theory of WLS state estimation, sequential and non-sequential methods to process measurements. Bad data Observability, Bad data detection, identification and elimination.

UNIT – 2:

Security and Contingency Evaluation : Security concept, Security Analysis and monitoring, Contingency Analysis for Generator and line outages by iterative linear power flow method, Fast Decoupled model, and network sensitivity methods.

UNIT – 3:

Computer Control of Power Systems: Need for real time and computer control of power systems, operating states of a power system, SCADA - Supervisory control and Data Acquisition systems implementation considerations, energy control centers, software requirements for implementing the above functions.

UNIT – 4:

Voltage Stability, voltage collapse, and voltage security, relation of voltage stability to rotor angle stability. Voltage stability analysis Introduction to voltage stability analysis `P-V' curves and `Q-V' curves, voltage stability in mature power systems, long-term voltage stability, power flow analysis for voltage stability, voltage stability static indices.

UNIT – 5:

Synchrophasor Measurement units: Introduction, Phasor representation of sinusoids, a generic PMU, GPS, Phasor measurement systems, Communication options for PMUs, Functional requirements of PMUs and PDCs, Phasors for nominal frequency signals, types of frequency excursions in power systems, DFT estimation at off nominal frequency with a nominal frequency clock.



Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student will be able to

- Understand state estimation, security and contingency evaluation.
- Understand about Supervisory control and data acquisition.
- Real time software application to state estimation.
- Understand application of AI in power system.

Text Books:

1. John J.Grainger and William D.Stevenson, Jr. : Power System Analysis, McGraw-Hill, 1994, International Edition

2. Allen J.Wood and Bruce F.Wollenberg : Power Generation operation and control, John Wiley & Sons, 1984.

3. A.G.Phadka and J.S. Thorp, "Synchronized Phasor Measurements and Their Applications", Springer, 2008

- 1. R.N.Dhar : Computer Aided Power Systems Operation and Analysis, Tata McGraw Hill, 1982
- 2. L.P.Singh : Advanced Power System Analysis and Dynamics, Wiley Eastern Ltd. 1986
- 3. PrabhaKundur : Power System Stability and Control -, McGraw Hill, 1994
- 4. P.D.Wasserman : `Neural Computing : Theory and Practice' Van Nostrand -Feinhold, New York.



II Comoston	Electrical Machine Modeling and Analysis	Category	L-T-P	Credits
11- Semester	(Elective –III)		3 -0-0	3

Pre-requisite: Electrical machines & Special machines.

Course Educational Objectives:

- To know the concepts of generalized theory of electrical machines.
- To represent the DC and AC machines as Basic Two Pole machine.
- To model the electrical machines with voltage, current, torque and speed equations.
- To investigate the steady state and transient behavior of the electrical machines.
- To understand the dynamic behavior of the AC machines.

UNIT-1

Basic concepts of Modeling

Basic two-pole machine representation of Commutator machines, representations of 3-phase synchronous machine with and without damper bars and 3-phase induction machine, Kron's primitive Machine voltage, current and torque equations.

UNIT-2

DC Machine Modeling

Mathematical model of separately excited D.C motor – Steady state analysis-transient State analysissudden application of inertia load-transfer function of separately excited D.C motor- Mathematical model of D.C Series motor, Shunt motor-Linearization techniques for small perturbations

UNIT-3

Reference frame theory & Modeling of single phase Induction Machines

Linear transformation-Phase transformation - three phase to two phase transformation (abc to $\alpha \beta 0$) and vice-versa, transformation to rotating reference frame, ($\alpha \beta 0$ to dqo) and vice versa -Power equivalence-Mathematical modeling of single phase induction machines.

UNIT-4

Modeling of three phase Induction Machine

Generalized model in arbitrary reference frame-Derivation of commonly used induction machine models-Synchronously rotating reference frame model, Stator reference frame model-Rotor reference frame model--power equation, electromagnetic torque equation, state space model in induction motor with flux linkages as variables

UNIT-5

Modeling of Synchronous Machine

Synchronous machine inductances –derivation of voltage equations in the rotor's dq0 reference frame electromagnetic torque-current in terms of flux linkages-three phase synchronous motor. State space models with flux linkages as variables.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student will be able to



- Analyze the characteristics of different types of DC motors to design suitable controllers for different applications.
- Apply the knowledge of reference frame theory for AC machines to model the induction and Synchronous machines.
- Evaluate the steady state and transient behavior of induction and synchronous machines to Propose the suitability of drives for different industrial applications
- Analyze the behavior of induction machines using voltage and torque equations.

Text Books

- 1. Analysis of Electric Machinery and Drive Systems, 3rd Edition-Wiley-IEEE Press- Paul Krause, Oleg Wasynczuk, Scott D. Sudhoff, Steven Pekarek, Junr 2013.
- 2. Electric Motor Drives Modeling, Analysis & control -R.Krishnan- Pearson Publications.

- 1. Generalized theory of Electrical Machines -Fifth edition, Khanna Publishers P. S. Bimbhra, 1985.
- Dynamic simulation of Electric machinery using MATLAB / Simulink –CheeMunOng- Prentice Hall, 2003.
- 3. Magneto electric devices transducers, transformers and machines-G. R. Slemon- Wiley in New York, London, 1966.



II-Semester	Digital Signal Processor Controlled Drives	Category	L-T-P	Credits
	(Elective-III)		3 -0-0	3

Pre-requisite: Applications of Digital Signal Processors, Power Electronic control of Electrical Drives.

Course Educational Objectives:

- To study DSP controllers.
- To learn coding in DSP's to control the electric drive speed.
- To learn speed control methods for induction motor, PMSM, BLDC motors.

UNIT-1

Overview of TMS320LF2407 DSP controller: Review of Instruction Set, Interrupts, normalization and number formatting.

UNIT-2

Clarke's and Park's transformations: Review of Clarke's and Park's transformations, Implementation of Clarke's and Park's transformation using TMS320LF2407 DSP

UNIT-3

Implementation of PWM Techniques for 3-Ph VSI: Implementation of Sine-triangle and SVPWM withTMS320LF2407 DSP using the concept of imaginary switching time

UNIT-4

Control of BLDC Motor: Principle of operation with Drive control system, implementation of control system using TMS320LF2407 DSP

ÚNIT-5

Control of PMSM: Principle of operation with drive control system, implementation of vector control using TMS320 LF2407DSP

UNIT-6

Control of Induction Motor: Implementation of field oriented control for the speed control of Induction Motor using TMS320LF2407 DSP.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student will be able to

- Interface the DSP platform with sensors such as hall-effect voltage sensors,
- Use hall-effect current sensors, shaft encoder for data acquisition for motor drive applications
- Scale and normalize the data to suit the requirements of the drive system
- Exploit the architectural features of the DSP platform to design and implement
- Use algorithms for the realization of controllers, Pulse Width Modulators and observers

Text Books:

1. Hamid A. Toliyat: DSP Based Electromechanical Motion Control, 1st Edition, CRC Press, 2004

2. Ned Mohan, T.M. Undeland and William P. Robbins: Power Electronics: Converters, Applications, 3rd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2009

Reference:

1. Application Notes from the website of Texas Instruments.



II-Semester	Applications of Power Converters	Category	L-T-P	Credits
	(Elective-III)		3 -0-0	3

Pre-requisites: Analysis of Power Electronic Converters

Course Educational Objectives:

- To understand the inverters for induction heating applications
- To understand the power converters for different industrial applications
- To understand modeling of high voltage power supplies using the power converters for radar and space applications
- To understand modeling of low voltage and high current power supplies using the power converters for microprocessors and computer loads
- To understand the applications of DC-DC converters

UNIT-1

Inverters for Induction Heating: For induction cooking, induction hardening, melting, and welding applications.

UNIT-2

Power Converters for Lighting, pumping and refrigeration Systems: Electronic ballast, LED power drivers for indoor and outdoor applications. PFC based grid fed LED drivers, PV / battery fed LED drivers. PV fed power supplies for pumping/refrigeration applications.

UNIT-3

High Voltage Power Supplies - Power supplies for X-ray applications - power supplies for radar applications - power supplies for space applications.

UNIT-4

Low voltage high current power supplies: Power converters for modern microprocessor and computer loads

UNIT-5

Bi-directional DC-DC (BDC) converters: Electric traction, automotive Electronics and charge/discharge applications, Line Conditioners and Solar Charge Controllers

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student will be able to

- Analyze power electronic application requirements.
- Identify suitable power converter from the available configurations.
- Develop improved power converters for any stringent application requirements.
- Improvise the existing control techniques to suit the application. Design of Bi-directional converters for charge/discharge applications

Text books:

1. Ali Emadi, A. Nasiri, and S. B. Bekiarov: Uninterruptible Power Supplies and Active Filters, CRC Press, 2005.

2. M. Ehsani, Y. Gao, E. G. Sebastien and A. Emadi: Modern Electric, Hybrid Electric and Fuel Cell Vehicles, 1st Edition,CRC Press, 2004.

References:

- 1. William Ribbens: Understanding Automotive Electronics, Newnes, 2003.
- 2. Current literature



II-Semester	EHVAC Transmission	Category	L-T-P	Credits
	(Elective–IV)		3 -0-0	3

Pre-requisite: Transmission line parameters and properties, Corona etc.

Course Educational Objectives:

- To calculate the transmission line parameters.
- To calculate the field effects on EHV and UHV AC lines.
- To have knowledge of corona, RI and audible noise in EHV and UHV lines.
- To have knowledge of voltage control and compensation problems in EHV and UHV transmission systems.

UNIT – 1

E.H.V. A.C. Transmission, line trends and preliminary aspects, standard transmission voltages – power handling capacities and line losses – mechanical aspects. Calculation of line resistance and inductance: resistance of conductors, temperature rise of conductor and current carrying capacity. Properties of bundled conductors and geometric mean radius of bundle, inductance of two conductor lines and multi conductor lines, Maxwell's coefficient matrix. Line capacitance calculation. Capacitance of two conductor line, and capacitance of multi conductor lines, potential coefficients for bundled conductor lines, sequence inductances and capacitances and diagonalization.

UNIT – 2

Calculation of electro static field of AC lines - Effect of high electrostatic field on biological organisms and human beings. Surface voltage Gradient on conductors, surface gradient on two conductor bundle and cosine law, maximum surface voltage gradient of bundle with more than 3 sub conductors, Mangolt formula.

UNIT – 3

Corona : Corona in EHV lines – corona loss formulae – attenuation of traveling waves due to corona – Audio noise due to corona, its generation, characteristics and limits, measurement of audio noise.

UNIT – 4

Power Frequency voltage control : Problems at power frequency, generalized constants, No load voltage conditions and charging currents, voltage control using synchronous condenser, cascade connection of components : Shunt and series compensation, sub synchronous resonance in series – capacitor compensated lines

UNIT – 5

Reactive power compensating systems: Introduction, SVC schemes, Harmonics injected into network by TCR, design of filters for suppressing harmonics injected into the system.



Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student will be able to

- Calculate the transmission line parameters.
- Calculate the field effects on EHV and UHV AC lines.
- Determine the corona, RI and audible noise in EHV and UHV lines.
- Analyze voltage control and compensation problems in EHV and UHV transmission systems.
- Understand reactive power compensation using SVC and TCR

Text Books :

- 1. Extra High Voltage AC Transmission Engineering Rakesh Das Begamudre, Wiley Eastern ltd., New Delhi 1987.
- 2. EHV Transmission line reference book Edison Electric Institute (GEC) 1986.



II-Semester	Flexible AC Transmission Systems (Elective–IV)	Category	L-T-P 3 -0-0	Credits 3

Pre-requisite: Concepts on Power Electronics and Power Systems

Course Educational Objectives:

- To study the performance improvements of transmission system with FACTS.
- To study the effect of static shunt compensation.
- To study the effect of static series compensation.
- To study the effect of UPFC.

UNIT – 1

FACTS concepts, Transmission interconnections, power flow in an AC System, loading capability limits, Dynamic stability considerations, importance of controllable parameters, basic types of FACTS controllers, benefits from FACTS controllers.

UNIT – 2

Basic concept of voltage and current source converters, comparison of current source converters with voltage source converters.

Static shunt compensation : Objectives of shunt compensation, midpoint voltage regulation, voltage instability prevention, improvement of transient stability, Power oscillation damping, methods of controllable VAr generation, variable impedance type static VAr generation, switching converter type VAr generation, hybrid VAr generation.

UNIT – 3

SVC and STATCOM: The regulation slope, transfer function and dynamic performance, transient stability enhancement and power oscillation damping, operating point control and summary of compensation control.

UNIT – 4

Static series compensators: Concept of series capacitive compensation, improvement of transient stability, power oscillation damping, functional requirements. GTO Thyristor controlled series capacitor (GSC), Thyristor switched series capacitor (TSSC), and Thyristor controlled series capacitor (TCSC), control schemes for GSC, TSSC and TCSC.

UNIT – 5

Unified Power Flow Controller: Basic operating principle, conventional transmission control capabilities, independent real and reactive power flow control, comparison of the UPFC to series compensators and phase angle regulators. Introduction to Inter line Power Flow Controller (IPFC)

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student will be able to

- Know the performance improvement of transmission system with FACTS.
- Get the knowledge of effect of static shunt and series compensation.
- Know the principle of operation and various controls of UPFC
- Determine an appropriate FACTS device for different types of applications.



Text Books:

1. "Understanding FACTS Devices" N.G.Hingorani and L.Guygi, IEEE Press. Indian Edition is available:--Standard Publications

- 1. Sang.Y.HandJohn.A.T, "Flexible AC Transmission systems" IEEE Press (2006).
- 2. HVDC & FACTS Controllers: applications of static converters in power systems-Vijay K.Sood- Springer publishers

II-Semester	Power System Dynamics and Stability	Category	L-T-P	Credits
	(Elective IV)		3 -0-0	3

Pre-requisite: Knowledge of synchronous machine, Power System Analysis **Course Educational Objectives:**

- To study the model of synchronous machines.
- To study the stability studies of synchronous machines.
- To study the solution method of transient stability.
- To study the effect of different excitation systems.

UNIT – 1

System Dynamics: Synchronous machine model in state space from computer representation for excitation and governor system –modeling of loads and induction machines.

UNIT – 2

Steady state stability – steady state stability limit – Dynamics Stability limit – Dynamic stability analysis – State space representation of synchronous machine connected to infinite bus-time response – Stability by eigen value approach.

UNIT - 3

Digital Simulation of Transient Stability: Swing equation machine equations – Representation of loads – Alternate cycle solution method – Direct method of solution – Solution Techniques : Modified Euler method – Runge Kutta method – Concept of multi machine stability.

UNIT – 4

Effect of governor action and excite on power system stability effect of saturation, saliency & automatic voltage regulators on stability.

UNIT – 5

Excitation Systems : Rotating Self-excited Exciter with direct acting Rheostatic type voltage regulator – Rotating main and Pilot Exciters with Indirect Acting Rheostatic Type Voltage Regulator – Rotating Main Exciter, Rotating Amplifier and Static Voltage Regulator – Static excitation scheme – Brushless excitation system.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student will be able to

- Determine the model of synchronous machines.
- Know the stability studies of synchronous machines.
- Get the knowledge of solution methods of transient stability.
- Know the effect of different excitation systems in power systems.

Text Books:

- 1. Power System Stability by Kimbark Vol. I&II, III, Willey.
- 2. Power System control and stability by Anderson and Fund, IEEE Press.

- 1. Power systems stability and control by PRABHA KUNDUR, TMH.
- 2. Computer Applications to Power Systems–Glenn.W.Stagg& Ahmed. H.El.Abiad, TMH.
- 3. Computer Applications to Power Systems M.A.Pai, TMH.
- 4. Power Systems Analysis & Stability S.S.Vadhera, Khanna Publishers



II-Semester	Power Converters Laboratory	Category	L-T-P	Credits
			0-0-4	2

Course Educational Objectives:

To study and understand the different converters and inverters for single and three phase loads.

Any 10 of the following experiments are to be conducted.

List of experiments

- 1. Study of DC-DC non-isolated converters such as Buck & Boost converter.
- 2. Study of DC-DC Buck Boost and Cuk converters.
- 3. Study of $1-\phi$ dual converter.
- Determination of input p.f. and harmonic factor for 1-φ semi- converter and 1- φ fullconverter (Inductive load)
- 5. Study of p.f. improvement in 1-φ full-converter with symmetric and extinction angle control.
- 6. Study of $1-\phi$ square wave and sinusoidal PWM inverter.
- 7. Study of 3- ϕ inverter with 120° and 180° mode of operation.
- 8. Study of $3-\phi$ sinusoidal PWM inverter.
- 9. Study of 3-level NPC inverter.
- 10. Study of 5-level cascaded H-bridge inverter.
- 11. Determination of input p.f. and harmonic factor for $3-\phi$ full converter (Inductive load).
- 12. Determination of input p.f. and harmonic factor for 3- ϕ semi converter (Inductive load).
- 13. Study the characteristics of IGBT, MOSFET & GTO's.
- 14. Design of gate drive circuits for IGBT & MOSFET's.

Course Outcomes: Students are able to implement the converter and inverters in real time applications.



II-Semester	Power Systems Simulation Laboratory	Category	L-T-P	CREDITS
			0 -0-4	2

Pre-requisite: Electrical Power Systems

Course Educational Objectives:

- To understand the modelling of different transmission lines
- To understand the mathematical formulation of distribution system load flow
- To understand the formation of Z- and Y-bus matrices
- To understand load low analysis using GS and NR methods
- To understand the symmetrical & unsymmetrical fault analysis using Z-bus
- To understand the transient stability analysis and load frequency control problem

Any 10 of the following experiments are to be conducted.

List of Experiments:

- 1. Performance analysis of short, medium and long transmission lines
- 2. Distribution load flow analysis
- 3. Economic Load Dispatch with & without transmission losses
- 4. Formation of Y-bus by direct inspection method
- 5. Formations of Z-bus by building algorithm
- 6. Load Flow Solution Using Gauss Siedel Method
- 7. Load Flow Solution Using Newton Raphson Method
- 8. Symmetrical and Unsymmetrical Fault analysis using Z-bus
- 9. Transient Stability Analysis using modified Euler's method.
- 10. Transient Stability Analysis using modified R-K method
- 11. Transient Stability Analysis Using Point By Point Method
- 12. Load Frequency Control of Single Area Control & Two Area Control system with and without controllers.

Course Outcomes: The student shall be able to

- 1. Analyze the performance of the various transmission lines at different loading conditions
- 2. Perform the load flow study on distribution systems
- 3. Form the Z- and Y-bus matrices for the given power transmission system
- 4. Analyze the load flow solution obtained using GS and NR methods
- 5. Analyze the transient stability and load frequency control problem of a power system



II Comeston	Mini Duciest with Seminer	Catagory	L-T-P	Credits
11-Semester	wim Project with Seminar	Category	0-0-4	2

Note:

It is recommended that a Supervisor/advisor should be allotted to each student at the end of the semester-I or allot at the start of the semester-II

Syllabus content:

A Student has to select one paper published in any of the IEEE Transactions and simulate the same. The student has to present the progress of the work at the middle of the semester. At the end of the semester, the student has to present the results by explaining the idea of the topic, methodology, finding of the simulations. A Student should also submit a report of the entire work carried out under this course. The end semester presentation must be video recorded and preserved.



III-Semester	Hybrid Electric Vehicles	Category	L-T-P	Credits
	(Elective–V)		3 -0-0	3

Pre-requisite: Knowledge of Power Electronics and Electric Drives

Course Educational Objectives:

• To understand the concept of hybrid vehicles, types of electric drives used in hybrid vehicles and their control

UNIT-1

Introduction:

History of hybrid vehicles, architectures of HEVs, series and parallel HEVs, complex HEVs. UNIT-2

Hybridization of Automobile:

Fundamentals of vehicle, components of conventional vehicle and propulsion load; Drive cycles and drive terrain; Concept of electric vehicle and hybrid electric vehicle; Plug-in hybrid vehicle, constituents of PHEV, comparison of HEV and PHEV; Fuel Cell vehicles and its constituents.

UNIT-3

Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle:

PHEVs and EREVs blended PHEVs, PHEV Architectures, equivalent electric range of blended PHEVs; Fuel economy of PHEVs, power management of PHEVs, end-of-life battery for electric power grid support, vehicle to grid technology, PHEV battery charging.

UNIT-4

Power Electronics in HEVs:

Rectifiers used in HEVs, voltage ripples; Buck converter used in HEVs, non-isolated bidirectional DC-DC converter, regenerative braking, voltage source inverter, current source inverter, isolated bidirectional DC-DC converter, PWM rectifier in HEVs, EV and PHEV battery chargers.

UNIT-5

Battery and Storage Systems

Energy Storage Parameters; Lead–Acid Batteries; Ultra capacitors; Flywheels - Superconducting Magnetic Storage System; Pumped Hydroelectric Energy Storage; Compressed Air Energy Storage - Storage Heat; Energy Storage as an Economic Resource

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student will be able to

- Know the concept of electric vehicles and hybrid electric vehicles.
- Familiar with different motors used for hybrid electric vehicles.
- Understand the power converters used in hybrid electric vehicles
- Know different batteries and other energy storage systems.

Text Books

- 1. Ali Emadi, Advanced Electric Drive Vehicles, CRC Press, 2014.
- 2. Iqbal Hussein, Electric and Hybrid Vehicles: Design Fundamentals, CRC Press, 2003.



- 1. MehrdadEhsani, YimiGao, Sebastian E. Gay, Ali Emadi, Modern Electric, Hybrid Electric and Fuel Cell Vehicles: Fundamentals, Theory and Design, CRC Press, 2004.
- 2. James Larminie, John Lowry, Electric Vehicle Technology Explained, Wiley, 2003.
- 3. H. Partab: Modern Electric Traction DhanpatRai& Co, 2007.
- 4. Pistooa G., "Power Sources, Models, Sustanability, Infrstructure and the market", Elsevier 2008
- 5. Mi Chris, Masrur A., and Gao D.W., "Hybrid Electric Vehicle: Principles and Applications with Practical Perspectives" 1995.



III	Optimization Techniques	Category	L-T-P	Credits
Semester	(Elective-II)		3-0-0	3

Prerequisites: Concepts of engineering mathematics and mathematical methods.

Course Educational Objectives:

- To define an objective function and constraint functions in terms of design variables, and then state the optimization problem.
- To state single variable and multi variable optimization problems, without and with constraints.
- To explain linear programming technique to an optimization problem, define slack and surplus variables, by using Simplex method.
- To study and explain nonlinear programming techniques, unconstrained or constrained, and define exterior and interior penalty functions for optimization problems.
- To introduce evolutionary programming techniques.
- To introduce basic principles of Genetic Algorithms and Partial Swarm Optimization methods.

UNIT – I:

Introduction and Classical Optimization Techniques:

Statement of an Optimization problem – design vector – design constraints – constraint surface – objective function – objective function surfaces – classification of Optimization problems.

Single variable Optimization – multi variable Optimization without constraints – necessary and sufficient conditions for minimum/maximum – multivariable Optimization with equality constraints.Solution by method of Lagrange multipliers – multivariable Optimization with inequality constraints – Kuhn – Tucker conditions.

UNIT – II:

Linear Programming

Standard form of a linear programming problem – geometry of linear programming problems – definitions and theorems – solution of a system of linear simultaneous equations – pivotal reduction of a general system of equations – motivation to the simplex method – simplex algorithm - Duality in Linear Programming – Dual Simplex method.

UNIT – III:

Nonlinear Programming:

Unconstrained cases - One – dimensional minimization methods: Classification, Fibonacci method and Quadratic interpolation method - Univariate method, Powell's method and steepest descent method.



Constrained cases - Characteristics of a constrained problem, Classification, Basic approach of Penalty Function method; Basic approaches of Interior and Exterior penalty function methods. Introduction to convex Programming Problem.

UNIT – IV:

Introduction to Evolutionary Methods:

Evolutionary programming methods - Introduction to Genetic Algorithms (GA)– Control parameters –Number of generation, population size, selection, reproduction, crossover and mutation – Operator selection criteria – Simple mapping of objective function to fitness function – constraints – Genetic algorithm steps – Stopping criteria –Simple examples.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$:

Introduction to Swarm Intelligence Systems:

Swarm intelligence programming methods - Basic Partial Swarm Optimization – Method – Characteristic features of PSO procedure of the global version – Parameters of PSO (Simple PSO algorithm – Operators selection criteria – Fitness function constraints) – Comparison with other evolutionary techniques – Engineering applications of PSO.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, the students will be able to

- State and formulate the optimization problem, without and with constraints, by using design variables from an engineering design problem.
- Apply classical optimization techniques to minimize or maximize a multi-variable objective function, without or with constraints, and arrive at an optimal solution.
- Formulate a mathematical model and apply linear programming technique by using Simplex method. Also extend the concept of dual Simplex method for optimal solutions.
- Apply gradient and non-gradient methods to nonlinear optimization problems and use interior or exterior penalty functions for the constraints to derive the optimal solutions.
- Able to apply Genetic algorithms for simple electrical problems.
- Able to solve practical problems using PSO.

Text Books

- 1. "Engineering optimization: Theory and practice"-by S. S.Rao, New Age International (P) Limited, 3rd edition, 1998.
- 2. Soft Computing with Matlab Programming by N.P.Padhy&S.P.Simson, Oxford University Press 2015

- 1. "Optimization methods in operations Research and Systems Analysis" by K.V.Mital and C.Mohan, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers, 3rd edition, 1996.
- 2. Genetic Algorithms in search, optimization, and Machine Learning by David E.Goldberg, ISBN:978-81-7758-829-3, Pearsonby Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. "Operations Research: An Introduction" by H.A. Taha, PHI pvt. Ltd., 6th edition.
- 4. Linear Programming by G.Hadley., Narosa Publishers.



III-Semester	Artificial Intelligence Techniques	Category	L-T-P	Credits
	(Elective-V)		3 -0-0	3

Pre-requisite: Fundamentals of Neural networks and Fuzzy Logic.

Course Educational Objectives:

- To have knowledge on concept of neural network.
- To know different types of neural networks and training algorithms.
- To understand the concept of genetic algorithm and its application in optimization.
- To have the knowledge on fuzzy logic and design of fuzzy logic controllers.
- To know the applications of AI Techniques in electrical engineering.

UNIT-1

Introduction

Artificial Neural Networks (ANN) – definition and fundamental concepts – Biological neural networks – Artificial neuron – activation functions – setting of weights – typical architectures – biases and thresholds – learning/training laws and algorithms. Perceptron – architectures, ADALINE and MADLINE – linear separability- XOR function.

ÚNIT-2

ANN Paradigms

ADALINE – feed forward networks – Back Propagation algorithm- number of hidden layers – gradient decent algorithm – Radial Basis Function (RBF) network. Kohonen's self organizing map (SOM), Learning Vector Quantization (LVQ) and its types – Functional Link Networks (FLN) – Bidirectional Associative Memory (BAM) – Hopfield Neural Network.

UNIT-3

Classical and Fuzzy Sets

Introduction to classical sets- properties, Operations and relations; Fuzzy sets, Membership, Operations, Properties, Fuzzy relations, Cardinalities, Membership functions.

UNIT-4

FUZZY LOGIC CONTROLLER (FLC)

Fuzzy logic system components: Fuzzification, Inference engine (development of rule base and decision making system), Defuzzification to crisp sets- Defuzzification methods.

UNIT-5

Application of AI Techniques

Speed control of DC motors using fuzzy logic –load flow studies using back propagation algorithm, single area and two area load frequency control using fuzzy logic.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student will be able to

- Differentiate between Algorithmic based methods and knowledge based methods.
- Use appropriate AI framework for solving power system problems.
- To design fuzzy logic controllers for power engineering applications.

Text Books:

- 1. Introduction to Artificial Neural Systems Jacek M. Zurada, Jaico Publishing House, 1997.
- 2. Fuzzy logic with Fuzzy Applications T.J Ross McGraw Hill Inc, 1997.



- 1. Neural Networks, Fuzzy logic, Genetic algorithms: synthesis and applications by S.Rajasekaran andG.A.VijayalakshmiPai PHI Publication.
- 2. Modern power Electronics and AC Drives B.K.Bose -Prentice Hall, 2002
- 3. Genetic Algorithms- David E Goldberg. Pearson publications.
- 5. Introduction to Neural Networks using MATLAB 6.0 by S N Sivanandam, SSumathi, S N Deepa TMGH
- 6. Introduction to Fuzzy Logic using MATLAB by S N Sivanandam,SSumathi,S N Deepa Springer, 2007.



III-Semester	Energy Audit Conservation & Management	Category	L-T-P	Credits
	(Open Elective)		3 -0-0	3

Pre-requisite: Electrical power systems and measurements.

Course Educational Objectives:

- To learn the basics of energy audit and energy conservation schemes.
- To comprehend the principles of energy management and understand the need of energy efficient motors and lighting design practices.
- To learn about power factor improvement techniques and energy instruments.
- To learn about the economic aspects o\f energy equipment.

UNIT-1

Basic Principles of Energy Audit

Energy audit- definitions, concept, types of audit, energy index, cost index, pie charts, Sankey diagrams and load profiles, Energy conservation schemes- Energy audit of industries- energy saving potential, energy audit of process industry, thermal power station, building energy audit.

UNIT-2

Energy Management

Principles of energy management, organizing energy management program, initiating, planning, controlling, promoting, monitoring, reporting. Energy manager, qualities and functions, language, Questionnaire – check list for top management

UNIT-3

Energy Efficient Motors and Lighting

Energy efficient motors, factors affecting efficiency, loss distribution, constructional details, characteristics – variable speed, variable duty cycle systems, RMS - voltage variation-voltage unbalanceover motoring-motor energy audit. lighting system design and practice, lighting control, lighting energy audit

UNIT-4

Power Factor Improvement and energy instruments

Power factor – methods of improvement, location of capacitors, Power factor with non-linear loads, effect of harmonics on p.f, p.f motor controllers – Energy Instruments- watt meter, data loggers, thermocouples, pyrometers, lux meters, tongue testers, application of PLC's

UNIT-5

Economic Aspects and their computation

Economics Analysis depreciation Methods, time value of money, rate of return, present worth method, replacement analysis, lifecycle costing analysis – Energy efficient motors. Calculation of simple payback method, net present value method- Power factor correction, lighting – Applications of life cycle costing analysis, return on investment.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student will be able to

- Understand the principle of energy audit and their economic aspects.
- Recommend energy efficient motors and design good lighting system.
- Understand advantages to improve the power factor.
- Evaluate the depreciation of equipment.



Text Books:

- 1. Energy management by W.R.Murphy&G.Mckay Butter worth, Heinemann publications, 1982.
- 2. Energy management hand book by W.CTurner, John wiley and sons, 1982.

- 1. Energy efficient electric motors by John.C.Andreas, Marcel Dekker Inc Ltd-2nd edition, 1995
- 2. Energy management by Paul o' Callaghan, Mc-graw Hill Book company-1st edition, 1998
- 3. Energy management and good lighting practice : fuel efficiency- booklet12-EEO



III Semester	Operations Research	Category	L-T-P	Credits
	(Open Elective)		3 -0-0	3

Pre – requisite: Engineering Mathematics

Course Educational Objectives:

- To learn mathematical modeling of physical systems and its solving techniques with and without constraints.
- To understand the solving of LPP problem using graphical and simplex method.
- To understand the solving of non-linear programming problem.
- To understand the scheduling and sequencing problem of different models with geometric programming.
- To understand the solving of LPP using dynamic programming and graph theory.

Unit 1:

Optimization Techniques, Model Formulation, models, General L.R Formulation, Simplex Techniques, Sensitivity Analysis, Inventory Control Models

Unit 2

Formulation of a LPP - Graphical solution revised simplex method - duality theory - dual simplexmethod - sensitivity analysis - parametric programming

Unit 3:

Nonlinear programming problem - Kuhn-Tucker conditions min cost flow problem - max flowproblem - CPM/PERT

Unit 4:

Scheduling and sequencing - single server and multiple server models - deterministic inventorymodels - Probabilistic inventory control models - Geometric Programming.

Unit 5:

Competitive Models, Single and Multi-channel Problems, Sequencing Models, Dynamic Programming, Flow in Networks, Elementary Graph Theory, Game Theory Simulation

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student should be able to

- Students should able to apply the dynamic programming to solve problems of discreet and continuous variables.
- Students should able to apply the concept of non-linear programming
- Students should able to carry out sensitivity analysis
- Student should able to model the real world problem and simulate it.

Reference Books:

1. H.A. Taha, Operations Research, An Introduction, PHI, 2008

- 2. H.M. Wagner, Principles of Operations Research, PHI, Delhi, 1982.
- 3. J.C. Pant, Introduction to Optimization: Operations Research, Jain Brothers, Delhi, 2008
- 4. Hitler Libermann Operations Research: McGraw Hill Pub. 2009
- 5. Pannerselvam, Operations Research: Prentice Hall of India 2010
- 6. Harvey M Wagner, Principles of Operations Research: Prentice Hall of India 2010



III Semester Cost Management of Engineering Projects (Open Elective)	Category	L-T-P 3-0-0	Credit 3
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Pre-requisite: MEFA & Management Science

Course Educational Objectives:

- To learn cost concepts in decision making
- To learn different stages and aspects of a project and execution
- To learn resources planning, quality management.
- To learn application of techniques such as linear programming, PERT/CPM
- To learn profit planning and budgeting

Unit 1: Introduction and Overview of the Strategic Cost Management Process

Unit 2: Cost concepts in decision-making; Relevant cost, Differential cost, Incremental cost and Opportunity cost. Objectives of a Costing System; Inventory valuation; Creation of a Database for operational control; Provision of data for Decision-Making.

Unit 3: Project: meaning, Different types, why to manage, cost overruns centers, various stages of project execution: conception to commissioning. Project execution as conglomeration of technical and nontechnical activities.Detailed Engineering activities. Pre project execution main clearances and documents Project team: Role of each member. Importance Project site: Data required with significance. Project contracts.Types and contents. Project execution Project cost control. Bar charts and Network diagram. Project commissioning: mechanical and process

Unit 4: Cost Behavior and Profit Planning Marginal Costing; Distinction between Marginal Costing and Absorption Costing; Break-even Analysis, Cost-Volume-Profit Analysis. Various decision-making problems.Standard Costing and Variance Analysis. Pricing strategies: Pareto Analysis. Target costing, Life Cycle Costing. Costing of service sector.Just-in-time approach, Material Requirement Planning, Enterprise Resource Planning, Total Quality Management and Theory of constraints.Activity-Based Cost Management, Bench Marking; Balanced Score Card and Value-Chain Analysis.Budgetary Control; Flexible Budgets; Performance budgets; Zero-based budgets.Measurement of Divisional profitability pricing decisions including transfer pricing.

Unit 5: Quantitative techniques for cost management, Linear Programming, PERT/CPM, Transportation problems, Assignment problems, Simulation, Learning Curve Theory.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students should be able to

- Understand the cost management process and various costs involved in a project
- Analyze various aspects of a project like project site, project team, contracts, execution and commissioning
- Perform various costing and cost management and cost management, profit planning
- Apply linear programming PERT/CPM to cost management



- 1. Cost Accounting A Managerial Emphasis, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
- 2. Charles T. Horngren and George Foster, Advanced Management Accounting
- 3. Robert S Kaplan Anthony A. Alkinson, Management & Cost Accounting
- 4. Ashish K. Bhattacharya, Principles & Practices of Cost Accounting A. H. Wheeler publisher
- 5. N.D. Vohra, Quantitative Techniques in Management, Tata McGraw Hill Book Co. Ltd.



III SEMESTER	DISSERTATION PHASE-I	CATEGORY	L-T-P 0-0-20	CREDIT 10
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IV SEMESTER	DISSERTATION PHASE-II	CATEGORY	L-T-P 0-0-32	CREDIT 16
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AUDIT 1 and 2: ENGLISH FOR RESEARCH PAPER WRITING

Course o	bjectives:	
Students	will be able to:	
Understar	nd that how to improve your writing skills and level of readability	
Learn abo	but what to write in each section	
Understar	nd the skills needed when writing a Title Ensure the good quality of	paper at very first-
time subn	nission	1 1 2
Svllabus		
Units	CONTENTS	Hours
1	Planning and Preparation, Word Order, Breaking up long sentences,	4
	Structuring Paragraphs and Sentences, Being Concise	
	and Removing Redundancy, Avoiding Ambiguity and Vagueness	
2	Clarifying Who Did What, Highlighting Your Findings, Hedging	4
	and Criticising, Paraphrasing and Plagiarism, Sections of a Paper,	
	Abstracts. Introduction	
3	Review of the Literature, Methods, Results, Discussion,	4
	Conclusions, The Final Check.	
4	key skills are needed when writing a Title, key skills are needed	4
	when writing an Abstract, key skills are needed when writing an	
	Introduction, skills needed when writing a Review of the Literature,	
5	skills are needed when writing the Methods, skills needed when	4
-	writing the Results, skills are needed when writing the Discussion.	
	skills are needed when writing the Conclusions	
6	useful phrases, how to ensure paper is as good as it could possibly	4
Ŭ	be the first- time submission	

Suggested Studies:

- 1. Goldbort R (2006) Writing for Science, Yale University Press (available on Google Books)
- 2. Day R (2006) How to Write and Publish a Scientific Paper, Cambridge University Press
- 3. Highman N (1998), Handbook of Writing for the Mathematical Sciences, SIAM. Highman'sbook .
- 4. Adrian Wallwork , English for Writing Research Papers, Springer New York Dordrecht Heidelberg London, 2011



AUDIT 1 and 2: DISASTER MANAGEMENT

Course Objectives: -Students will be able to:

learn to demonstrate a critical understanding of key concepts in disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response.

critically evaluate disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response policy and practice from multiple perspectives.

develop an understanding of standards of humanitarian response and practical relevance in specific types of disasters and conflict situations.

critically understand the strengths and weaknesses of disaster management approaches, planning and programming in different countries, particularly their home country or the countries they work in

Syllabu	S	
Units	CONTENTS	Hours
1	Introduction	4
	Disaster: Definition, Factors And Significance; Difference Between Hazard And	
	Disaster; Natural And Manmade Disasters: Difference,	
	Nature, Types And Magnitude.	
2	Repercussions Of Disasters And Hazards: Economic Damage, Loss Of Human And	4
	Animal Life, Destruction Of Ecosystem.	
	Natural Disasters: Earthquakes, Volcanisms, Cyclones, Tsunamis, Floods, Droughts And	
	Famines, Landslides And Avalanches, Man- made disaster: Nuclear Reactor Meltdown,	
	Industrial Accidents, Oil Slicks And Spills, Outbreaks Of Disease And Epidemics, War	
	And	
	Conflicts.	
3	Disaster Prone Areas In India	4
	Study Of Seismic Zones; Areas Prone To Floods And Droughts, Landslides And	
	Avalanches; Areas Prone To Cyclonic And Coastal Hazards With Special Reference To	
	Tsunami; Post-Disaster Diseases	
	And Epidemics	
4	Disaster Preparedness And Management	4
	Preparedness: Monitoring Of Phenomena Triggering A Disaster Or Hazard; Evaluation	
	Of Risk: Application Of Remote Sensing, Data From Meteorological And Other	
	Agencies, Media Reports:	
	Governmental And Community Preparedness.	
5	Risk Assessment	4
	Disaster Risk: Concept And Elements, Disaster Risk Reduction, Global And National	
	Disaster Risk Situation. Techniques Of Risk Assessment, Global Co-Operation In Risk	
	Assessment And Warning, People's	
-	Participation In Risk Assessment. Strategies for Survival.	
6	Disaster Mitigation	4
	Meaning, Concept And Strategies Of Disaster Mitigation, Emerging	
	Trends In Mitigation. Structural Mitigation And Non-Structural Mitigation, Programs Of	
	Disaster Mitigation In India.	



Suggested Readings:

- 1. R. Nishith, Singh AK, "Disaster Management in India: Perspectives, issues and strategies "New Royal book Company.
- 2. Sahni, PardeepEt.Al. (Eds.)," Disaster Mitigation Experiences And Reflections", Prentice Hall Of India, New Delhi.
- 3. Goel S. L., Disaster Administration And Management Text And Case Studies", Deep &Deep Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.



AUDIT 1 and 2: SANSKRIT FOR TECHNICAL KNOWLEDGE

Course Objectives

- 1. To get a working knowledge in illustrious Sanskrit, the scientific language in the world
- 2. Learning of Sanskrit to improve brain functioning
- 3. Learning of Sanskrit to develop the logic in mathematics, science & other subjects enhancing the memory power
- 4. The engineering scholars equipped with Sanskrit will be able to explore the huge knowledge from ancient literature

Syllabus

Unit	Content	
1	• Alphabets in Sanskrit,	8
	• Past/Present/Future Tense,	
	Simple Sentences	
2	• Order	8
	• Introduction of roots	
	Technical information about Sanskrit Literature	
3	• Technical concepts of Engineering-Electrical, Mechanical, Architecture,	8
	Mathematics	

Suggested reading

- 1. "Abhyaspustakam" Dr. Vishwas, Samskrita-Bharti Publication, New Delhi
- 2. "Teach Yourself Sanskrit" Prathama Deeksha-Vempati Kutumbshastri, Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthanam, New Delhi Publication
- 3. "India's Glorious Scientific Tradition" Suresh Soni, Ocean books (P) Ltd., New Delhi.

Course Output

Students will be able to

- 1. Understanding basic Sanskrit language
- 2. Ancient Sanskrit literature about science & technology can be understood

Being a logical language will help to develop logic in



AUDIT 1 and 2: SANSKRIT FOR TECHNICAL KNOWLEDGE

Course Objectives

- 5. To get a working knowledge in illustrious Sanskrit, the scientific language in the world
- 6. Learning of Sanskrit to improve brain functioning
- 7. Learning of Sanskrit to develop the logic in mathematics, science & other subjects enhancing the memory power
- 8. The engineering scholars equipped with Sanskrit will be able to explore the huge knowledge from ancient literature

Syllabus

Unit	Content	
1	• Alphabets in Sanskrit,	8
	• Past/Present/Future Tense,	
	Simple Sentences	
2	• Order	8
	• Introduction of roots	
	Technical information about Sanskrit Literature	
3	• Technical concepts of Engineering-Electrical, Mechanical, Architecture,	8
	Mathematics	

Suggested reading

- 4. "Abhyaspustakam" Dr. Vishwas, Samskrita-Bharti Publication, New Delhi
- 5. "Teach Yourself Sanskrit" Prathama Deeksha-Vempati Kutumbshastri, Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthanam, New Delhi Publication
- 6. "India's Glorious Scientific Tradition" Suresh Soni, Ocean books (P) Ltd., New Delhi.

Course Output

Students will be able to

- 1. Understanding basic Sanskrit language
- 2. Ancient Sanskrit literature about science & technology can be understood
- 3. Being a logical language will help to develop logic in students





AUDIT 1 and 2: VALUE EDUCATION

Course Objectives

Students will be able to

- 1. Understand value of education and self- development
- 2. Imbibe good values in students
- 3. Let the should know about the importance of character

Syllabus

Unit	Content		Hours
1	•	Values and self-development –Social values and individual attitudes. Work ethics, Indian vision of humanism. Moral and non- moral valuation. Standards and principles. Value judgements	4
2	•	Importance of cultivation of values. Sense of duty. Devotion, Self-reliance. Confidence, Concentration. Truthfulness, Cleanliness. Honesty, Humanity. Power of faith, National Unity. Patriotism.Love for nature ,Discipline	6
3	•	Personality and Behavior Development - Soul and Scientific attitude. Positive Thinking. Integrity and discipline. Punctuality, Love and Kindness. Avoid fault Thinking. Free from anger, Dignity of labour. Universal brotherhood and religious tolerance. True friendship. Happiness Vs suffering, love for truth. Aware of self-destructive habits. Association and Cooperation. Doing best for saving nature	6
4	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Character and Competence –Holy books vs Blind faith. Self-management and Good health. Science of reincarnation. Equality, Nonviolence ,Humility, Role of Women. All religions and same message. Mind your Mind, Self-control. Honesty, Studying effectively	6

Suggested reading

1 Chakroborty, S.K. "Values and Ethics for organizations Theory and practice", Oxford University Press, New Delhi

Course outcomes

Students will be able to 1.Knowledge of self-development



2.Learn the importance of Human values 3.Developing the overall personality

AUDIT 1 and 2: CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

Course Objectives:

Students will be able to:

- 1. Understand the premises informing the twin themes of liberty and freedom from a civil rights perspective.
- 2. To address the growth of Indian opinion regarding modern Indian intellectuals' constitutional role and entitlement to civil and economic rights as well as the emergence of nationhood in the early years of Indian nationalism.
- 3. To address the role of socialism in India after the commencement of the Bolshevik Revolution in 1917 and its impact on the initial drafting of the Indian Constitution.

Syllabus			
Units	Content	Hour	
		s	
1	• History of Making of the Indian Constitution: History Drafting Committee, (Composition & Working)	4	
2	• Philosophy of the Indian Constitution: Preamble Salient Features	4	
3	 Contours of Constitutional Rights & Duties: Fundamental Rights Right to Equality Right to Freedom Right against Exploitation Right to Freedom of Religion Cultural and Educational Rights Right to Constitutional Remedies Directive Principles of State Policy Fundamental Duties. 	4	



NADRA		
ent	Organs of Governance:	
	□ Composition	
	Qualifications and Disqualifications	
	Powers and Functions	
4	• Executive	4
	□ President	
	Governor	
	□ Council of Ministers	
	□ Judiciary, Appointment and Transfer of Judges, Qualifications	
	\square Powers and Functions	
	Local Administration:	
L_	District's Administration head: Role and Importance,	
5	□ Municipalities: Introduction, Mayor and role of Elected Representative, CE	O
	of Municipal Corporation.	
	Pachayati raj: Introduction, PRI: ZilaPachayat.	4
	□ Elected officials and their roles, CEO ZilaPachayat: Position and role.	
	□ Block level: Organizational Hierarchy (Different departments),	
	□ Village level: Role of Elected and Appointed officials,	
	□ Importance of grass root democracy	
	Election Commission:	
	□ Election Commission: Role and Functioning.	
6	□ Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissioners.	4
-	□ State Election Commission: Role and Functioning.	
	\square Institute and Bodies for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women.	
L		

Suggested reading

- 1. The Constitution of India, 1950 (Bare Act), Government Publication.
- 2. Dr. S. N. Busi, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar framing of Indian Constitution, 1st Edition, 2015.
- 3. M. P. Jain, Indian Constitution Law, 7th Edn., Lexis Nexis, 2014.
- 4. D.D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, 2015.

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to:

- 1. Discuss the growth of the demand for civil rights in India for the bulk of Indians before the arrival of Gandhi in Indian politics.
- 2. Discuss the intellectual origins of the framework of argument that informed the conceptualization of social reforms leading to revolution in India.
- 3. Discuss the circumstances surrounding the foundation of the Congress Socialist Party [CSP] under the leadership of Jawaharlal Nehru and the eventual failure of the proposal of



direct elections through adult suffrage in the Indian Constitution.4. Discuss the passage of the Hindu Code Bill of 1956.



AUDIT 1 and 2: PEDAGOGY STUDIES

Course Objectives:

Students will be able to:

- 4. Review existing evidence on the review topic to inform programme design and policy making undertaken by the DfID, other agencies and researchers.
- 5. Identify critical evidence gaps to guide the development.

Synabu	Synapus			
Units	Content	Hours		
1	 Introduction and Methodology: Aims and rationale, Policy background, Conceptual framework and terminology Theories of learning, Curriculum, Teacher education. Conceptual framework, Research questions. Overview of methodology and Searching. 	4		
2	 Thematic overview: Pedagogical practices are being used by teachers in formal and informal classrooms in developing countries. Curriculum, Teacher education. 	2		
3	 Evidence on the effectiveness of pedagogical practices Methodology for the in depth stage: quality assessment of included studies. How can teacher education (curriculum and practicum) and the school curriculum and guidance materials best support effective pedagogy? Theory of change. Strength and nature of the body of evidence for effective pedagogical practices. Pedagogic theory and pedagogical approaches. Teachers' attitudes and beliefs and Pedagogic strategies. 	4		
4	 Professional development: alignment with classroom practices and follow-up support Peer support Support from the head teacher and the community. Curriculum and assessment Barriers to learning: limited resources and large class sizes 	4		
5	 Research gaps and future directions Research design Contexts Pedagogy Teacher education Curriculum and assessment Dissemination and research impact. 	2		





Suggested reading

- 1. Ackers J, Hardman F (2001) Classroom interaction in Kenyan primary schools, Compare, 31 (2): 245-261.
- 2. Agrawal M (2004) Curricular reform in schools: The importance of evaluation, Journal of Curriculum Studies, 36 (3): 361-379.
- 3. Akyeampong K (2003) Teacher training in Ghana does it count? Multi-site teacher education research project (MUSTER) country report 1. London: DFID.
- 4. Akyeampong K, Lussier K, Pryor J, Westbrook J (2013) Improving teaching and learning of basic maths and reading in Africa: Does teacher preparation count? International Journal Educational Development, 33 (3): 272–282.
- 5. Alexander RJ (2001) Culture and pedagogy: International comparisons in primary education. Oxford and Boston: Blackwell.
- 6. Chavan M (2003) Read India: A mass scale, rapid, 'learning to read' campaign.
- 7. www.pratham.org/images/resource%20working%20paper%202.pdf.

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to understand:

- 1. What pedagogical practices are being used by teachers in formal and informal classrooms in developing countries?
- 2. What is the evidence on the effectiveness of these pedagogical practices, in what conditions, and with what population of learners?
- 3. How can teacher education (curriculum and practicum) and the school curriculum and guidance materials best support effective pedagogy?



AUDIT 1 and 2: STRESS MANAGEMENT BY YOGA

Course Objectives

- 1. To achieve overall health of body and mind
- 2. To overcome stress

Syllabus

Unit	Content	Hours
1	• Definitions of Eight parts of yog. (Ashtanga)	8
2	Yam and Niyam. Do`s and Don't's in life. i) Ahinsa, satya, astheya, bramhacharya and aparigraha ii) Shaucha, santosh, tapa, swadhyay, ishwarpranidhan	8
3	 Asan and Pranayam Various yog poses and their benefits for mind & body Regularization of breathing techniques and its effects-Types of pranayam 	8

Suggested reading

1. 'Yogic Asanas for Group Tarining-Part-I" : Janardan Swami YogabhyasiMandal, Nagpur

2. "Rajayoga or conquering the Internal Nature" by Swami Vivekananda, Advaita Ashrama (Publication Department), Kolkata

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to:

1. Develop healthy mind in a healthy body thus improving social health also

2. Improve efficiency



AUDIT 1 and 2: PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT THROUGH LIFE ENLIGHTENMENT SKILLS

Course Objectives

- 1. To learn to achieve the highest goal happily
- 2. To become a person with stable mind, pleasing personality and determination
- 3. To awaken wisdom in students

Syllabus

Unit	Content	Hours
1	 Neetisatakam-Holistic development of personality Verses- 19,20,21,22 (wisdom) Verses- 29,31,32 (pride & heroism) Verses- 26,28,63,65 (virtue) Verses- 52,53,59 (dont's) Verses- 71,73,75,78 (do's) 	8
2	 Approach to day to day work and duties. Shrimad Bhagwad Geeta : Chapter 2-Verses 41, 47,48, Chapter 3-Verses 13, 21, 27, 35, Chapter 6-Verses 5,13,17, 23, 35, Chapter 18-Verses 45, 46, 48. 	8
3	 Statements of basic knowledge. Shrimad Bhagwad Geeta: Chapter2-Verses 56, 62, 68 Chapter 12 -Verses 13, 14, 15, 16,17, 18 Personality of Role model. Shrimad Bhagwad Geeta: Chapter2-Verses 17, Chapter 3-Verses 36,37,42, Chapter 4-Verses 18, 38,39 Chapter18 – Verses 37,38,63 	8

Suggested reading

- 1. "Srimad Bhagavad Gita" by Swami Swarupananda Advaita Ashram (Publication Department), Kolkata
- 2. Bhartrihari's Three Satakam (Niti-sringar-vairagya) by P.Gopinath, Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthanam, New Delhi.

Course Outcomes

Students will be able to

- 1. Study of Shrimad-Bhagwad-Geeta will help the student in developing his personality and achieve the highest goal in life
- 2. The person who has studied Geeta will lead the nation and mankind to peace and prosperity Study of Neetishatakam will help in developing versatile personality of students