JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY KAKINADA
KAKINADA–533003, Andhra Pradesh, India
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS

For

B.TECH – ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

(Applicableforbatchesadmittedfrom2020-2021)

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY KAKINADA

KAKINADA-533003, Andhra Pradesh, India

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II B.Tech – I Semester

Sl. No	Course Components	Subjects	L	T	P	Credits
1	BSC	Mathematics– IV	3	0	0	3
2	PCC	Electronic Devices and Circuits	3	0	0	3
3	PCC	Electrical Circuit Analysis –II	3	0	0	3
4	PCC	DC Machines and Transformers	3	0	0	3
5	PCC	Electro Magnetic Fields	3	0	0	3
6	PCC	Electrical Circuits Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	PCC	DC Machines and Transformers Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	PCC	Electronic Devices and Circuits lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	SC	Skill oriented course - Design of Electrical Circuits using Engineering Software Tools	0	0	4	2
10	MC	Professional Ethics & Human Values	2	0	0	0
		Total Credits	**21.5**			

II B.Tech – II Semester

Sl. No	Course Components	Subjects	L	T	P	Credits
1	ESC	Python Programming	3	0	0	3
2	PCC	Digital Electronics	3	0	0	3
3	PCC	Power System-I	3	0	0	3
4	PCC	Induction and Synchronous Machines	3	0	0	3
5	HSMC	Managerial Economics & Financial Analysis	3	0	0	3
6	ESC	Python Programming Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	PCC	Induction and Synchronous Machines Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	PCC	Digital Electronics Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	SC	Skill oriented course- IoT Applications of Electrical Engineering Lab	0	0	4	2
		Total Credits	**21.5**			
		Minors Course*	4	0	0	4
		Honors Course*	4	0	0	4

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Professional Elective Subjects offered to EEE Branch Students:

Professional Elective – I:

1. Linear IC Applications
2. Utilization of Electrical Energy
3. Computer Architecture and Organization
4. Optimization Techniques
5. Object Oriented Programming through Java

Professional Elective – II:

1. Signal and Systems
2. Electric Drives
3. Advanced Control Systems
4. Switchgear and Protection
5. Big Data Analytics

Professional Elective –III:

1. Digital Signal Processing
2. Renewable and Distributed Energy Technologies
3. Flexible Alternating Current Transmission Systems
4. Power Systems Deregulation
5. Data Base Management Systems

Professional Elective – IV:

1. Hybrid Electric Vehicles
2. High Voltage Engineering
3. Programmable Logic Controllers and Applications
4. Cloud Computing with AWS
5. Deep Learning Techniques

Professional Elective – V:

1. Power System Operation and Control
2. Switched Mode Power Conversion
3. AI Applications toElectrical Engineering
4. Data Science
5. MEAN Stack Technologies

Open Electives offered by EEE Department for Other Branches (Except EEE Branch)

Open Elective-I:

1. Renewable Energy Sources
2. Concepts of Optimization Techniques
3. Concepts of Control Systems

Open Elective-II:

1. Battery Management Systems and Charging Stations
2. Fundamentals of utilization of Electrical Energy
3. Indian Electricity Act

Open Elective-III:

1. Concepts of Microprocessors and Microcontrollers
2. Fundamentals of Electric Vehicles
3. Concepts of Internet of Things

Open Elective-IV:

1. Concepts of Power System Engineering
2. Concepts of Smart Grid Technologies

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***For Honor's/ Minor Course Fullfillments:**

- The 20 additional Credits need to be acquired, 16/15 credits can be earned by undergoing specified courses listed as pools, with 4/5 courses, each carrying 4/3 credits. The remaining 4/5 credits must be acquired through two online MOOCs (Swayam /NPTEL), which shall be domain specific, with 2/3 credits and with a minimum duration of 8/12weeks as recommended by the Board of Studies.
- Minor Engineering subjects are offered to other branches by EEE Department (except for EEE Students).
- Honors Engineering subjects are offered to EEE Students.
- The head of the department will float the list of allowed MOOC electives in each academic year, based on the list floated by MOOCs (Swayam/NPTEL).

*Honors Engineering Courses offered EEE Branch students

II B.Tech II Semester:
1. Communication Systems
2. Electrical Wiring, Estimation and Costing
3. Electrical Distribution Systems

III B.Tech I Semester:
1. Advanced Computer Networks
2. Power Quality
3. Special Electrical Machines

III B.Tech II Semester:
1. Digital Control Systems
2. Analysis of Power Electronic Converters
3. HVDC Transmission

IV B.Tech I Semester:
1. EHV AC Transmission
2. Smart Grid Technologies
3. Power Electronic Control of Electrical Drives

*Minor Engineering Courses offered by EEE Department for Other Branches (Except EEE Branch)

II B.Tech II Semester:
1. Fundamentals of Electrical Circuits
2. Concepts of Electrical Measurements

III B.Tech I Semester:
1. Analysis of Linear Systems
2. Energy Auditing, Conservation and Management

III B.Tech II Semester:
1. Evolutionary Algorithms
2. Fundamentals of Power Electronics

IV B.Tech I Semester:
1. Neural Networks and Fuzzy Logic
2. Concepts of Electric Drives and Its Applications

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II Year I Semester		L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
MATHEMATICS-IV (Complex Variables and Statistical Methods)					

Course Objectives:
- To familiarize the complex variables.
- To familiarize the students with the foundations of probability and statistical methods.
- To equip the students to solve application problems in their disciplines.

UNIT – I: Functions of a complex variable and Complex integration: (10 hrs)

Introduction – Continuity – Differentiability – Analyticity –Cauchy-Riemann equations in Cartesian and polar coordinates – Harmonic and conjugate harmonic functions – Milne – Thompson method.
Complex integration: Line integral – Cauchy's integral theorem – Cauchy's integral formula – Generalized integral formula (all without proofs) and problems on above theorems.

UNIT – II: Series expansions and Residue Theorem: (10 hrs)

Radius of convergence – Expansion in Taylor's series, Maclaurin's series and Laurent series. Types of Singularities: Isolated – Essential –Pole of order m– Residues – Residue theorem (without proof) – Evaluation of real integral of the types $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x)dx$ and

UNIT – III: Probability and Distributions: (10 hrs)
Review of probability and Baye's theorem – Random variables – Discrete and Continuous random variables – Distribution functions – Probability mass function, Probability density function and Cumulative distribution functions – Mathematical Expectation and Variance – Binomial, Poisson, Uniform and Normal distributions.

UNIT – IV: Sampling Theory: (8 hrs)
Introduction – Population and Samples – Sampling distribution of Means and Variance (definition only) – Central limit theorem (without proof) – Representation of the normal theory distributions – Introduction to t, χ^2 and F-distributions – Point and Interval estimations – Maximum error of estimate.

UNIT – V: Tests of Hypothesis: (10 hrs)
Introduction – Hypothesis – Null and Alternative Hypothesis – Type I and Type II errors – Level of significance – One tail and two-tail tests – Tests concerning one mean and two means (Large and Small samples) – Tests on proportions.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course students will be able to

- apply Cauchy-Riemann equations to complex functions in order to determine whether a given continuous function is analytic (L3)
- find the differentiation and integration of complex functions used in engineering problems (L5)
- make use of the Cauchy residue theorem to evaluate certain integrals (L3)
- apply discrete and continuous probability distributions (L3)
- design the components of a classical hypothesis test (L6)
- infer the statistical inferential methods based on small and large sampling tests (L4)

Text Books:

1. **B. S. Grewal,** Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 44th Edition, 2017.
2. **Miller and Freund's,** Probability and Statistics for Engineers,Pearson,7th edition, 2008.

Reference Books:

1. **J. W. Brown and R. V. Churchill**, Complex Variables and Applications, 9th edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2013.
2. **S.C. Gupta and V.K. Kapoor**, Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics, 11th edition, Sultan Chand & Sons Publications, 2012.
3. **Jay l. Devore,** Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Sciences, 8th Edition, Cengage.
4. **Shron L.Myers, Keying Ye, Ronald E Walpole,** Probability and Statistics Engineers and the Scientists,8th Edition, Pearson 2007.
5. **Sheldon, M. Ross**, Introduction to probability and statistics Engineers and the Scientists, 4thEdition, Academic Foundation,2011

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II Year I Semester		L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS					

Preamble:
This course introduces the concepts of semi-conductor physics and operation of various semi-conductor devices. Realization of rectifiers, amplifiers and oscillators using semi-conductor devices, transistors and their analysis is introduced in this course.

Course Objectives:
The main objectives of this course are:

- The basic concepts of semiconductor physics are to be reviewed.
- Study the physical phenomena such as conduction, transport mechanism and electrical characteristics of different diodes.
- The application of diodes as rectifiers with their operation and characteristics with and without filters are discussed.
- The principal of working and operation of Bipolar Junction Transistor and Field Effect Transistor and their characteristics are explained.
- The need of transistor biasing and its significance is explained. The quiescent point or operating point is explained.
- Small signal equivalent circuit analysis of BJT and FET transistor amplifiers in different configuration is explained.

UNIT - I
Semi-Conductor Physics: Insulators, Semiconductors, and Metals, classification using energy band diagrams, mobility and conductivity, electrons and holes in intrinsic semiconductors, extrinsic semiconductors, drift and diffusion, charge densities in semiconductors, Hall effect, continuity equation, law of junction, Fermi Dirac function, Fermi level in intrinsic and extrinsic Semiconductors
Junction Diode Characteristics: Open circuited p-n junction, Biased p-n junction, p-n junction diode, current components in PN junction Diode, diode equation, V-I Characteristics, temperature dependence on V-I characteristics, Diode resistance, Diode capacitance, energy band diagram of PN junction Diode.

UNIT - II
Special Semiconductor Devices: Zener Diode, Breakdown mechanisms, Zener diode applications, LED, Photodiode, Tunnel Diode, SCR, UJT. Construction, operation and characteristics of all the diodes are required to be considered.
Rectifiers and Filters: Basic Rectifier setup**,** half wave rectifier, full wave rectifier, bridge rectifier, derivations of characteristics of rectifiers, rectifier circuits-operation, input and output waveforms, Filters, Inductor filter, Capacitor filter, comparison of various filter circuits in terms of ripple factors.

UNIT - III
BJT: Junction transistor, transistor current components, transistor equation, transistor configurations, transistor as an amplifier, characteristics of transistor in Common Base, Common Emitter and Common Collector configurations, Ebers-Moll model of a transistor, punch through/ reach through, Photo transistor, typical transistor junction voltage values.
FET: FET types, construction, operation, characteristics, parameters, MOSFET-types, construction, operation, characteristics, comparison between JFET and MOSFET.

UNIT - IV
Transistor Biasing and Thermal Stabilization: Need for biasing, operating point, load line analysis, BJT biasing- methods, basic stability, fixed bias, collector to base bias, self-bias, Stabilization against variations in V_{BE}, I_c, and β, Stability factors, (S, S', S''), Bias compensation, Thermal runaway, Thermal stability. FET Biasing- methods and stabilization.

UNIT –V
Small Signal Low Frequency Transistor Amplifier Models:
BJT: Two port network, Transistor hybrid model, determination of h-parameters, conversion of h-parameters, generalized analysis of transistor amplifier model using h-parameters, Analysis of CB, CE and CC amplifiers using exact and approximate analysis, Comparison of transistor amplifiers.
FET: Generalized analysis of small signal model, Analysis of CG, CS and CD amplifiers, comparison of FET amplifiers.

Course Outcomes:
At the end of this course the student can able to:
- Understand the basic concepts of semiconductor physics.
- Understand the formation of p-n junction and how it can be used as a p-n junction as diode in different modes of operation.
- Know the construction, working principle of rectifiers with and without filters with relevant expressions and necessary comparisons.
- Understand the construction, principle of operation of transistors, BJT and FET with their V-I characteristics in different configurations.
- Know the need of transistor biasing, various biasing techniques for BJT and FET and stabilization concepts with necessary expressions.
- Perform the analysis of small signal low frequency transistor amplifier circuits using BJT and FET in different configurations.

Text Books:
1. Electronic Devices and Circuits- J. Millman, C.Halkias, Tata Mc-Graw Hill, 2nd Edition,2010.
2. Electronics devices & circuit theory- Robert L.Boylestad and LouiNashelsky, Pearson/Prentice hall, 10th edition, 1999.

References:
1. Electronic Devices and Circuits-K. Satya Prasad, VGS Book Links, 2nd Edition, 2006.
2. Electronic Devices and Circuits-Salivahanan, Kumar, Vallavaraj, Tata Mc-Graw Hill, 2nd Edition, 2018.
3. Electronic Devices and Circuits – David Bell, Oxford, 5th Edition, 2008.

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II Year I Semester		L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT ANALYSIS - II					

Preamble:
This course introduces the basic concepts of circuit analysis which is the foundation for all subjects of the Electrical Engineering discipline. The emphasis of this course is laid on the basic analysis of circuits which includes single phase circuits, magnetic circuits, network theorems, transient analysis and network topology.

Course Objectives:
- To study the concepts of passive elements, types of sources and various network reduction techniques.
- To understand the applications of network topology to electrical circuits.
- To study the concept of magnetic coupled circuit.
- To understand the behavior of RLC networks for sinusoidal excitations.
- To study the performance of R-L, R-C and R-L-C circuits with variation of one of the parameters and to understand the concept of resonance.
- To understand the applications of network theorems for analysis of electrical networks.

UNIT - I
Balanced and Unbalanced Three phase circuits
Analysis of three phase balanced circuits:
Phase sequence, star and delta connection of sources and loads, relation between line and phase voltages and currents, analysis of balanced three phase circuits, measurement of active and reactive power.
Analysis of three phase unbalanced circuits:
Loop method, Star-Delta transformation technique, two-wattmeter method for measurement of three phase power.

UNIT - II
Transient Analysis in DC Circuits
Transient response of First order (R-L, R-C) and second order (R-L-C) circuits using differential equations.
Transient response of First order (R-L, R-C) and second order (R-L-C) circuits using Laplace transforms.

UNIT - III
Transient Analysis in AC circuits
Transient response of First order (R-L, R-C) and second order (R-L-C) circuits using differential equations.

Transient response of First order (R-L, R-C) and second order (R-L-C) circuits using Laplace transforms.

UNIT - IV
Two Port Networks
Two port network parameters – Z, Y, ABCD and Hybrid parameters and their relations, cascaded networks.

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UNIT - V
Filters
Need of Filters – Classification -Characteristic impedance- Low Pass Filter, High Pass Filter, Band Pass Filter, Band Stop or Band Elimination Filter, m-Derived Filter, Composite filters– Design of Filters.

Course Outcomes:
At the end of the course, student will be able to

- Understand the concepts of balanced and unbalanced three-phase circuits.
- Know the transient behavior of electrical networks with DC excitations.
- Learn the transient behavior of electrical networks with AC excitations.
- Estimate various parameters of a two port network.
- Understand the significance of filters in electrical networks.

Text Books:

1. Engineering Circuit Analysis by William Hayt and Jack E.Kemmerley, McGraw Hill Company,9thedition, 2018.
2. Network analysis: Van Valkenburg: Prentice-Hall of India Private Ltd, 3rd edition, 2019.

Reference Books:

1. Fundamentals of Electrical Circuits by Charles K.Alexander and Mathew N.O.Sadiku, McGraw Hill Education (India), 6th edition, 2019.
2. Introduction to circuit analysis and design by Tildon H Glisson. Jr, Springer Publications, 1st edition, 2011.
3. Circuits by A.Bruce Carlson, Cengage Learning Publications, 1st edition, 2008.
4. Network Theory Analysis and Synthesis by SmarajitGhosh, PHI publications, ninth print, 2015.
5. Networks and Systems by D. Roy Choudhury, New Age International publishers, 2nd edition, 2013.
6. Electric circuit by Joseph Edminister, Schaum's outlines series, seventh edition, 2017.
7. Electric Circuits by David A. Bell, Oxford publications, 7th edition, 2009.
8. Circuit Theory (Analysis and Synthesis) by A.Chakrabarthi, DhanpatRai&Co, 7th-Revised edition, 2018)

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II Year I Semester		L		T	P	C
		3		0	0	3
DC MACHINES AND TRANSFORMERS						

Preamble:
This is a basic course on rotating electrical machines. This course covers the topics related to principles, performance, applications and design considerations of dc machines and transformers.

Course Objectives:

- To Understand the construction, principle of operation and performance of DC machines.
- To Learn the characteristics, performance, methods of speed control and testing methods of DC motors.
- To predetermine the performance of single phase transformers with equivalent circuit models.
- To Understand the methods of testing of single-phase transformer.
- To Analyze the three phase transformers and achieve three phase to two phase conversion.

UNIT - I
Electromechanical Energy Conversion and introduction to DC machines
Principles of electromechanical energy conversion - singly excited and multi excited systems- calculation of force and torque using the concept of co-energy**.**
Construction and principle of operation of DC machines – EMF equation for generator – Excitation techniques– characteristics of DC shunt generator –applications of DC Generators

UNIT - II
Operation of DC motors
Back-emf and torque equations of dc motors – Armature reaction and commutation – characteristics of separately-excited, shunt, series and compound motors – losses and efficiency – applications of dc motors.
Necessity of a starter – starting by 3 point and 4-point starters.

UNIT - III
Speed Control of motors and Testing of DC Machines
Speed control by armature voltage and field control – testing of DC machines – brake test, Swinburne’s method – principle of regenerative or Hopkinson’s method – retardation test – field’s test- separation of losses.

Single-phase Transformers
Types and constructional details – principle of operation –emf equation – operation on no load and on load – lagging, leading and unity power factors loads –phasor diagrams of transformers – equivalent circuit.

UNIT - IV
Performance and testing of transformers and auto transformers:
Regulation – losses and efficiency – effect of variation of frequency and supply voltage on losses – all day efficiency.
Tests on single phase transformers – open circuit and short circuit tests – Sumpner’s test – separation of losses – parallel operation with equal voltage ratios – auto transformer – equivalent circuit – comparison with two winding transformers.

UNIT - V

3-Phase Transformer:

Polyphase connections- Y/Y, Y/ Δ, Δ/Y, Δ/ Δ and open Δ- third harmonics in phase voltages – three winding transformers- transients in switching –off load and on load tap changers- Scott connection.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, student will be able to:

- Assimilate the concepts of electromechanical energy conversion.
- Mitigate the ill-effects of armature reaction and improve commutation in dc machines.
- Understand the torque production mechanism and control the speed of dc motors.
- Analyze the performance of single phase transformers.
- Predetermine regulation, losses and efficiency of single phase transformers.
- Parallel transformers, control voltages with tap changing methods and achieve three-phase to two-phase transformation.

Text Books:

1. Electrical Machines by P.S. Bhimbra, Khanna Publishers,7th edition, 2011.
2. Electric Machinery by A.E.Fitzgerald, Charleskingsley, Stephen D.Umans, TMH, 6th edition, 2003.

Reference Books:

1. Electrical Machines by D. P.Kothari, I. J. Nagarth, McGraw Hill Publications, 4th edition, 2010.
2. Electrical Machines by R.K.Rajput, Lakshmi publications, 5th edition.
3. Electrical Machinery by Abijith Chakrabarthi and Sudhipta Debnath, McGraw Hill, 1st edition.
4. Electrical Machinery Fundamentals by Stephen J Chapman McGraw Hill education, 4th edition, 2010.
5. Electric Machines by MulukutlaS.Sarma & Mukeshk Pathak, CENGAGE Learning, 1st edition, 2008.
6. Theory & Performance of Electrical Machines by J.B.Guptha. S.K.Kataria& Sons, 1st edition, 2009.

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II Year I Semester		L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
ELECTRO MAGNETIC FIELDS					

Preamble:
Electromagnetic field theory is the pre-requisite for most of the subjects in the gamut of electrical engineering. The study of this subject enables students to understand and interpret the phenomenon pertinent to electrical engineering using microscopic quantities such as electric and magnetic field intensities, scalar and vector potentials.

Course Objectives:
- To study the production of electric field and potentials due to different configurations of static charges.
- To study the properties of conductors and dielectrics, calculate the capacitance of different configurations. Understand the concept of conduction and convection current densities.
- To study the magnetic fields produced by currents in different configurations, application of Ampere’s law and the Maxwell’s second and third equations.
- To study the magnetic force and torque through Lorentz force equation in magnetic field environment like conductors and other current loops.
- To develop the concept of self and mutual inductances and the energy stored.
- To study time varying and Maxwell’s equations in different forms and Maxwell’s fourth equation for the induced EMF

UNIT - I
Electrostatics:
Coulomb’s Law – Electric Field Intensity (EFI) – EFI due to a line and a surface charge, work done in moving a point charge in an electrostatic field, electric potential – potential gradient, Gauss’s law – Maxwell’s first law (div(D)=ρ_v), Laplace’s and Poison’s equations and solution of Laplace’s equation in one variable.

UNIT - II
Conductors – Dielectrics and Capacitance:
Electric dipole – dipole moment – potential and EFI due to an electric dipole, Torque on an Electric dipole in an electric field, conductors and Insulators – their behavior in electric field. Polarization, boundary conditions between conductor to dielectric, dielectric to dielectric and conductor to free space. Capacitance of parallel plates, spherical dielectrics, energy stored and energy density in a static electric field, current density, conduction and convection current densities, Ohm’s law in point form – equation of continuity.

UNIT - III
Magneto statics, Ampere’s Law and Force in magnetic fields:
Biot-Savart’s law and its applications viz. Straight current carrying filament, circular, square, rectangle and solenoid current carrying wire – Maxwell’s second Equation (div(B)=0), Ampere’s circuital law and its applications viz. MFI due to an infinite sheet, long filament, solenoid, toroidal current carrying conductor, point form of Ampere’s circuital law, Maxwell’s third equation (Curl (H)=J)
Magnetic force, moving charges in a magnetic field – Lorentz force equation, force on a current element in a magnetic field, force on a straight and a long current carrying conductor in a magnetic field, force between two straight long and parallel current carrying conductors.

UNIT - IV

Self and mutual inductance:

Self and mutual inductance – determination of self-inductance of a solenoid and toroid and mutual inductance between a straight long wire and a square loop wire in the same plane – energy stored and density in a magnetic field.

UNIT - V

Time Varying Fields:

Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction – integral and point forms, Maxwell's fourth equation (Curl(E)=-∂B/∂t), statically and dynamically induced EMF – modification of Maxwell's equations for time varying fields, displacement current, Poynting theorem and Poynting vector.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, student will be able to,

- Compute electric fields and potentials using Gauss law or solve Laplace's or Poisson's equations for various electric charge distributions.
- Calculate the capacitance and energy stored in dielectrics.
- Calculate the magnetic field intensity due to current carrying conductor and understanding the application of Ampere's law, Maxwell's second and third law.
- Estimate self and mutual inductances and the energy stored in the magnetic field.
- Understand the concepts of displacement current and Poynting theorem and Poynting vector

Text Books:

1. "Engineering Electromagnetics" by William H. Hayt & John. A. Buck Mc. Graw-Hill, 7th Editon.2006.
2. "Principles of Electro Magnetics" by Sadiku, Oxford Publications, 6th edition, 2015.

Reference Books:

1. Introduction to Electro Dynamics by D J Griffiths, Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, 2nd edition
2. Electromagnetic Field Theory by Yaduvir Singh, Pearson India, 1st edition, 2011.
3. Fundamentals of Engineering Electro magnetics by Sunil Bhooshan, Oxford UniversityPress, 2012.
4. Electro magnetics by Joseph A. Edminister, Schaum's Outline,4th Edition,2014.

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II Year I Semester		L	T	P	C
		0	0	3	1.5
ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS LAB					

Preamble:
To verify and demonstrate various theorems, locus diagrams, resonance and two port networks. To determine self and mutual inductance of a magnetic circuit, parameters of a given coil and measurement of 3- phase power.

Course Objectives:

- To verify and demonstrate various theorems and resonance.
- To draw the locus diagram of series circuits
- To determine the various parameters of a two port networks
- To determine self and mutual inductance of a magnetic circuit, parameters of a given coil.
- To measure the power of three phase unbalanced circuit.

(Any 10 of the following experiments are to be conducted)

1. Verification of Kirchhoff's circuit laws.
2. Verification of Superposition theorem
3. Verification of Thevenin’s and Norton’s Theorems
4. Verification of Maximum power transfer theorem
5. Verification of Compensation theorem
6. Verification of Reciprocity and Millman’s Theorems
7. Locus diagrams of R-L(L Variable) and R-C (C Variable) series circuits
8. Series and parallel resonance
9. Determination of self, mutual inductances and coefficient of coupling
10. Determination of Impedance (Z) and Admittance (Y) Parameters for a two port network
11. Determination of Transmission and Hybrid parameters
12. Determination of Parameters of a choke coil.
13. Determination of cold and hot resistance of an electric lamp.
14. Measurement of 3-phase power by two wattmeter method for unbalanced loads

Course Outcomes:
At the end of the course, student will be able to

- Apply various theorems
- Determination of self and mutual inductances
- Two port parameters of a given electric circuits
- Draw locus diagrams
- Draw Waveforms and phasor diagrams for lagging and leading networks

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II Year I Semester		L	T	P	C
		0	0	3	1.5
DC MACHINES AND TRANSFORMERS LAB					

Preamble:
The aim of the lab is to demonstrate the operation of various types of DC machines and transformers under no load and loaded conditions by conducting various tests and performance will be analyzed.

Course Objectives:
- To plot the magnetizing characteristics of DC shunt generator and understand the mechanism of self-excitation.
- To control the speed of DC motors.
- To determine and predetermine the performance of DC machines.
- To predetermine the efficiency and regulation of transformers and assess their performance.

(Any 10 of the following experiments are to be conducted)

1. Determination of critical field resistance and critical speed of DC shunt generator by using Magnetization characteristics
2. Predetermination of efficiency of DC Machine by conducting Swinburne's test
3. Performance characteristics of a DC shunt motor by conducting Brake test.
4. Predetermination of efficiency of two DC shunt machines by conducting Hopkinson's test
5. Speed control of DC shunt motor by Field and armature Control methods
6. Determination of constant losses of DC shunt motor by conducting Retardation test
7. Separation of losses (Eddy current and Hysteresis) in a DC shunt motor.
8. Predetermination of efficiency, regulation and to obtain the parameters of the equivalent circuit of a single phase transformer by conducting OC & SC tests.
9. Predetermination of efficiency, regulation and to obtain the parameters of the equivalent circuit of a single phase transformer by conducting Sumpner's test.
10. Conversion of three phase to two phase supply by using Scott connection of transformers
11. Parallel operation of two Single phase Transformers under no-load and load conditions
12. Separation of core losses of a single phase transformer
13. Heat run test on a bank of three single phase Delta connected transformers

Course Outcomes:
At the end of the course, student will be able to
- Determine and predetermine the performance of DC machines and Transformers.
- Control the speed of DC motor.
- Obtain three phase to two phase transformation.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY KAKINADA
KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

II Year I Semester		L	T	P	C
		0	0	3	1.5
ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS LAB					

Preamble:
The aim of the lab imparts the knowledge to understand the concepts, working and characteristics of Different Diodes, BJT and FET Transistors, amplifiers and compensation techniques of transistors

Course Objectives: The student is able

- To study the characteristics of electronic components and measuring instruments.
- To understand the characteristics of PN, Zener diode, design rectifiers with and without filters
- To understand the characteristics of BJT, FET, MOSFET, SCR, UJT
- To understand the biasing of transistors
- To understand the frequency response of amplifiers, measure frequency, phase of signals.

Electronic Workshop Practice:

1. Identification, Specifications, Color Codes for resistor, R, L, C Components, Potentiometers, Coils, Gang condensers, Relays, Bread Boards.
2. Identification, Specifications and Testing of active devices, Diodes, BJTs, JFETs, LEDs, LCDs, SCR, UJT.
3. Soldering Practice- Simple circuits using active and passive components.
4. Study and operation of Ammeters, Voltmeters, Transformers, Analog and Digital
5. Multimeter, Function Generator, Regulated Power Supply and CRO.

List of Experiments

(Any 10 of the following experiments are to be conducted)

1. P.N Junction Diode Characteristics
   - Part A: Germanium Diode (Forward bias& Reverse bias)
   - Part B: Silicon Diode (Forward Bias only)
2. Zener Diode Characteristics
   - Part A: V-I Characteristic
   - Part B: Zener Diode as Voltage Regulator
3. Rectifiers (without and with c-filter)
   - Part A: Half-wave Rectifier
   - Part B: Full-wave Rectifier
4. BJT Characteristics (CE Configuration)
   - Part A: Input Characteristics
   - Part B: output Characteristics
5. FET Characteristics
   - Part A: Drain Characteristics
   - Part B: Transfer Characteristics
6. SCR Characteristics

7. UJT Characteristics
8. MOSFET Characteristics
9. Transistor Biasing
10. Measurement of electrical quantities using CRO
11. BJT-CE Amplifier
12. Emitter Follower –CC Amplifier
13. FET-CS Amplifier

Note: The students are required to perform the experiment to obtain the V-I characteristics and to determine the relevant parameters from the obtained graphs.

Equipment required:

1. Regulated Power supplies
2. Analog/Digital Storage Oscilloscopes
3. Analog/Digital Function Generators
4. Digital Multi-meters
5. Decade Résistance Boxes/Rheostats
6. Decade Capacitance Boxes
7. Ammeters (Analog or Digital)
8. Voltmeters (Analog or Digital)
9. Active & Passive Electronic Components

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student will be able to

- Analyze the characteristics of diodes, transistors and other devices
- Design and implement the rectifier circuits, SCR and UJT in the hardware circuits.
- Design the biasing and amplifiers of BJT and FET amplifiers
- Measure electrical quantities using CRO in the experimentation.

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II Year I Semester		L	T	P	C
		0	0	4	2
SKILL ORIENTED COURSE DESIGN OF ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS USING ENGINEERING SOFTWARE TOOLS					

Preamble:
The aim of the course is to simulate various theorems and resonance. Also to determine self and mutual inductance of a magnetic circuit, parameters of a given coil through simulation.

Course Objectives:

- To Learn the fundamentals of MATLAB Tools
- To generate various waveform signals and sequences
- To verify and simulate various electrical circuits using Mesh and NodalAnalysis
- To verify and simulate various theorems
- To verify and simulate RLC series and parallel resonance.
- To determine self and mutual inductance of a magnetic circuit, parameters of agiven coil.

List of Experiments

(Any 10 of the following experiments are to be conducted)

Note: MATLAB/SMULINK fundamentals shall be explained during the first week before starting of the Lab course

1. Generation of various signals and sequences (Periodic and Aperiodic), such as unit Impulse, Step, Square, Saw tooth, Triangular, Sinusoidal, Ramp.
2. Operations on signals and sequences such as Addition, Multiplication, Scaling, Shifting, Folding, Computation of Energy, and Average Power
3. Verification of Kirchhoff's current law and voltage law using simulation tools.
4. Verification of mesh analysis using simulation tools.
5. Verification of nodal analysis using simulation tools.
6. Determination of average value, rms value, form factor, peak factor of sinusoidal wave, square wave using simulation tools.
7. Verification of super position theorem using simulation tools.
8. Verification of reciprocity theorem using simulation tools.
9. Verification of maximum power transfer theorem using simulation tools.
10. Verification of Thevenin's theorem using simulation tools.
11. Verification of Norton's theorem using simulation tools.
12. Verification of compensation theorem using simulation tools.
13. Verification of Milliman's theorem using simulation tools.
14. Verification of series resonance using simulation tools.
15. Verification of parallel resonance using simulation tools.
16. Verification of self inductance and mutual inductance by using simulation tools.

Course Outcomes:
At the end of the course, student will be able to

- write the MATLAB programs to simulate the electrical circuit problems
- simulate various circuits for electrical parameters
- simulate various wave form for determination of wave form parameters
- simulate RLC series and parallel resonance circuits for resonant parameters
- simulate magnetic circuits for determination of self and mutual inductances

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DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

II Year I Semester		L	T	P	C
		2	0	0	0
PROFESSIONAL ETHICS & HUMAN VALUES					

Preamble:
This course is a mandatory course introduced to impart the Ethics and Human Values to the students in engineering education.

Course Objectives:
- To create an awareness on Engineering Ethics and Human Values.
- To instill Moral and Social Values and Loyalty
- To appreciate the rights of others
- To create awareness on assessment of safety and risk

UNIT -I
Human Values:
Morals, Values and Ethics-Integrity-Work Ethic-Service learning – Civic Virtue – Respect for others –Living Peacefully –Caring –Sharing –Honesty -Courage-Cooperation–Commitment – Empathy –Self Confidence Character –Spirituality.
Learning outcomes:
1. Learn about morals, values & work ethics.
2. Learn to respect others and develop civic virtue.
3. Develop commitment
4. Learn how to live peacefully

UNIT -II
Engineering Ethics:
Senses of 'Engineering Ethics-Variety of moral issued –Types of inquiry –Moral dilemmas –Moral autonomy –Kohlberg's theory-Gilligan's Theory-Consensus and controversy –Models of professional roles-Theories about right action-Self-interest -Customs and religion –Uses of Ethical theories –Valuing time –Cooperation –Commitment.
Learning outcomes:
1. Learn about the ethical responsibilities of the engineers.
2. Create awareness about the customs and religions.
3. Learn time management
4. Learn about the different professional roles.

UNIT -III
Engineering as Social Experimentation:
Engineering As Social Experimentation –Framing the problem –Determining the facts –Codes of Ethics –Clarifying Concepts –Application issues –Common Ground -General Principles –Utilitarian thinking respect for persons.
Learning outcomes:
1. Demonstrate knowledge to become a social experimenter.
2. Provide depth knowledge on framing of the problem and determining the facts.
3. Provide depth knowledge on codes of ethics.
4. Develop utilitarian thinking

UNIT -IV
Engineers Responsibility for Safety and Risk:
Safety and risk –Assessment of safety and risk –Risk benefit analysis and reducing risk-Safety and the Engineer-Designing for the safety-Intellectual Property rights (IPR).
Learning outcomes:
1. Create awareness about safety, risk & risk benefit analysis.
2. Engineer's design practices for providing safety.
3. Provide knowledge on intellectual property rights.

UINIT- V
Global Issues:
Globalization –Cross-culture issues-Environmental Ethics –Computer Ethics –Computers as the instrument of Unethical behavior –Computers as the object of Unethical acts –Autonomous Computers-Computer codes of Ethics –Weapons Development -Ethics and Research –Analyzing Ethical Problems in research.
Learning outcomes:
1. Develop knowledge about global issues.
2. Create awareness on computer and environmental ethics
3. Analyze ethical problems in research.
4. Give a picture on weapons development.

Course outcomes:
Students will be able to:
- Identify and analyze an ethical issue in the subject matter under investigation or in a relevant field
- Identify the multiple ethical interests at stake in a real-world situation or practice
- Articulate what makes a particular course of action ethically defensible
- Assess their own ethical values and the social context of problems
- Identify ethical concerns in research and intellectual contexts, including academic integrity, use and citation of sources, the objective presentation of data, and the treatment of human subjects
- Demonstrate knowledge of ethical values in non-classroom activities, such as service learning, internships, and field work
- Integrate, synthesize, and apply knowledge of ethical dilemmas and resolutions in academic settings, including focused and interdisciplinary research.

Text Books:
1) "Engineering Ethics includes Human Values" by M.Govindarajan, S.Natarajan and, V.S.Senthil Kumar-PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd-2009
2) "Engineering Ethics" by Harris, Pritchard and Rabins, CENGAGE Learning, India Edition, 2009.
3) "Ethics in Engineering" by Mike W. Martin and Roland Schinzinger –Tata McGraw-Hill–2003.
4) "Professional Ethics and Morals" by Prof.A.R.Aryasri, DharanikotaSuyodhana-Maruthi Publications.
5) "Professional Ethics and Human Values" by A.Alavudeen, R.KalilRahman and M. Jayakumaran, Laxmi Publications.
6) "Professional Ethics and Human Values" by Prof.D.R.Kiran-"Indian Culture, Values and Professional Ethics" by PSR Murthy-BS Publication